CITY OF WASILLA · ALASKA ·

Date of Action:	12/9/19
Approved 🖳	Denied
By:	more

CITY COUNCIL ACTION MEMORANDUM

AM No. 19-55: Acceptance of the City of Wasilla's Fiscal Year 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For Public Record.

Originator:

Troy Tankersley, Finance Director

Date:

11/26/2019

Agenda of:

12/9/2019

Route to:	Department Head	Signature	Date
Χ	Finance Director	Odang matin	11-24.19
X	Deputy Administrator	The	11/27/19
X	City Clerk	Samulle	11/27/19

Reviewed by Bert L. Cottle: __

Fiscal Impact: \square yes or \boxtimes no

Funds Available: \square yes or \square no

Account name/number/amount:

Attachments:

- 1) Audit Wrap-Up, Year Ended June 30, 2019
- 2) Fiscal Year 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
- 3) Fiscal Year 2019 Federal and State of Alaska Single Audit

Reports and Supplementary Information

Summary Statement: Pursuant to WMC 5.04.060, a certified public accounting firm, licensed to perform financial audits in the State of Alaska, shall examine the City's financial records and its financial statements. The accountant shall present the results of this examination to the Council and the Council shall then if in agreement, accept the City's financial statements for public record.

BDO USA, LLP, has examined the City's Fiscal Year 2019 (FY2019) Financial Records and its Financial Statements. The Clerk will distribute the results of this examination and the Accountant's opinion on the Financial Statements (Comprehensive Annual Financial Report) to the Council Members.

Mr. Sam Thompson, CPA (Audit Director) will present the results of the examination at the December 9, 2019, Wasilla City Council Meeting. If the Council is in agreement with the results of the examination, the City Council shall accept the City's Financial Statements for public record per City of Wasilla Municipal Code 5.04.060.

Staff Recommendation: Accept the City of Wasilla's Fiscal Year 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Federal and State of Alaska Single Audit Reports and Supplementary Information for Public Record.



The following communication was prepared as part of our audit, has consequential limitations, and is intended solely for the information and use of those charged with governance (City Council) and, if appropriate, management of the City and is not intended and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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December 2, 2019

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wasilla, Alaska

Professional standards require us to communicate with you regarding matters related to the audit, that are, in our professional judgment, significant and relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. On July 29, 2019, we presented an overview of our plan for the audit of the financial statements of City of Wasilla, Alaska (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, including a summary of our overall objectives for the audit, and the nature, scope, and timing of the planned audit work.

This communication is intended to elaborate on the significant findings from our audit, including our views on the qualitative aspects of the City's accounting practices and policies, management's judgments and estimates, financial statement disclosures, and other required matters.

We are pleased to be of service to the City and look forward to meeting with you to discuss our audit findings, as well as other matters that may be of interest to you, and to answer any questions you might have.

Respectfully,

BDO USA, LLP

Discussion Outline

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Status of Our Audit

We have completed our audit of the financial statements, federal awards, and state awards, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019. Our audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. This audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities.

- The objective of our audit was to obtain reasonable not absolute assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatements whether due to error or fraud.
- The scope of the work performed was substantially the same as that described to you in our earlier Audit Planning communications.
- We have issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements and released our report on December 2, 2019.
- We have issued an unmodified opinion on compliance requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal and state program).
- Our responsibility for other information in documents containing the City's audited financial statements (e.g. management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparisons, schedules of pension and OPEB amounts) does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform procedures to corroborate such other information. However, in accordance with professional standards, we have read the information included by the City and considered whether such information, or the manner of its presentation, was materially inconsistent with its presentation in the financial statements. Our responsibility also includes calling to management's attention any information that we believe is a material misstatement of fact. We have not identified any material inconsistencies or concluded there are any material misstatements of facts in the other information that management has chosen not to correct.
- All records and information requested by BDO were freely available for our inspection.
- Management's cooperation was excellent. We received full access to all information that we requested while performing our audit, and we acknowledge the full cooperation extended to us by all levels of City personnel throughout the course of our work.

Results of Our Audit

ACCOUNTING PRACTICES, POLICIES, ESTIMATES

The following summarizes the more significant required communications related to our audit concerning the City's accounting practices, policies, and estimates:

The City's significant accounting practices and policies are those included in Note 1 to the financial statements. These accounting practices and policies are appropriate, comply with generally accepted accounting principles and industry practice, were consistently applied, and are adequately described within Note 1 to the financial statements.

- A summary of recently issued accounting pronouncements is included in Note 10 to the City's financial statements.
- ▶ There were no other changes in significant accounting policies and practices during 2019.

Significant estimates are those that require management's most difficult, subjective, or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. The City's significant accounting estimates, including a description of management's processes and significant assumptions used in development of the estimates, are disclosed in Note 1 of the financial statements.

Significant accounting estimates include:

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Net Pension/OPEB Liabilities

Land Held for Resale

Management did not make any significant changes to the processes or significant assumptions used to develop the significant accounting estimates in 2019.

CORRECTED AND UNCORRECTED MISSTATEMENTS

The schedule of corrected misstatements is included with the audit representation letter. There were two corrected misstatements, other than those that were clearly trivial, related to accounts and/or disclosures that we discussed with management. All were to assist with the calculation and recording of pension and OPEB liabilities in accordance with GASB 68 and 75. One additional entry, which was provided by management and not on the schedule of corrected misstatements, was to record an impairment of the land held for sale to actual realizable proceeds.

There were no uncorrected misstatements, other than those that were clearly trivial, related to accounts and/or disclosures that we presented to management.

Results of Our Audit

QUALITY OF THE CITY'S FINANCIAL REPORTING

A discussion will be held regarding the quality of the City's financial reporting, which included the following:

- Qualitative aspects of significant accounting policies and practices
- Our conclusions regarding significant accounting estimates
- Significant unusual transactions
- Financial statement presentation
- New accounting pronouncements
- Alternative accounting treatments

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We are required to communicate, in writing and in a timely manner, to those charged with governance all material weaknesses and significant deficiencies that have been identified in the City's internal controls over financial reporting. The definitions of control deficiency, significant deficiency and material weakness follow:

Category	Definition	
Deficiency in Internal Control	A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.	
Significant Deficiency	A deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.	
Material Weakness	A deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.	

In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements, we noted no material weaknesses.

Other Required Communications

Following is a summary of those required items, along with specific discussion points as they pertain to the City:

Requirement	Discussion Points
Significant changes to planned audit strategy or significant risks initially identified	There were no significant changes to the planned audit strategy or significant risks initially identified and previously communicated to those charged with governance as part of our Audit Planning communications.
Obtain information from those charged with governance relevant to the audit	There were no matters noted relevant to the audit, including, but not limited to: violations or possible violations of laws or regulations; risk of material misstatements, including fraud risks; or tips or complaints regarding the City's financial reporting that we were made aware of as a result of our inquiry of those charged with governance.
If applicable, nature and extent of specialized skills or knowledge needed related to significant risks	There were no specialized skills or knowledge needed, outside of the core engagement team, to perform the planned audit procedures or evaluate audit results related to significant risks.
Consultations with other accountants	We are not aware of any consultations about significant accounting or auditing matters between management and other accountants where we have identified a concern regarding such matters.
Our evaluation of the City's relationships and transactions with related parties and their impact on the financial statements	We have evaluated the City's process to identify, authorize and approve, account for, and disclose its relationships and transactions with related parties and noted no significant issues.
Disagreements with management	There were no disagreements with management about matters, whether or not satisfactorily resolved, that individually or in aggregate could be significant to the City's financial statements or to our auditor's report.
Significant difficulties encountered during the audit	There were no significant difficulties encountered during the audit.
Representations requested from management	Please refer to the management representation letter.

Independence Communication

Our engagement letter to you dated July 29, 2019 describes our responsibilities in accordance with professional standards and certain regulatory authorities and *Government Auditing Standards* with regard to independence and the performance of our services. This letter also stipulates the responsibilities of the City with respect to independence as agreed to by the City. Please refer to that letter for further information.

GASB Standards Effective in 2020

GASB STATEMENT NO. 84, FIDUCIARY ACTIVITIES

- Establishes criteria for reporting fiduciary activities that focuses on whether the government controls the assets and the fiduciary relationship with the beneficiaries.
- The statement describes four fiduciary funds:
 - 1. Pension and OPEB funds
 - 2. Investment trust funds
 - 3. Private-purpose trust funds
 - 4. Custodial funds
- Custodial funds replace agency funds for activities that are not held in trust.
- For activities for which a trust agreement exists, an investment trust fund or private purpose trust fund will be used.
- Pension funds not held in trust would be classified as custodial funds.
- GASB issued Implementation Guide No. 2019-2 to clarify, explain and elaborate on the requirements of the pronouncement.

GASB STATEMENT 90, MAJORITY EQUITY INTERESTS - AN AMENDMENT OF GASB STATEMENTS NO. 14 AND 61

- Will report majority equity interest as an investment if it meets the definition.
- Measured using the equity method, unless held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, fiduciary fund or endowment/permanent fund. These funds would utilize fair value.
- For all other majority equity interests, report as component unit and fund that holds the equity interest reports an asset using the equity method.
- Acquisition of a component unit in which government holds 100% interest would be measured using acquisition value.

GASB Standards Effective in 2021

GASB STATEMENT NO. 87, LEASES

- This standard will require recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that are currently classified as operating leases.
- Eliminates the distinction between operating and capital leases all leases will be recorded on the statement of net position/balance sheet.
- New definition of a lease a contract that conveys the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.
- Excludes leases that transfer ownership under a bargain purchase option or service concession arrangements that are covered by GASB Statement No. 60.
- Lessees would recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset which would be amortized in a systematic and reasonable manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. Short-term leases are excluded.
- Lessors would recognize lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources which would be recognized as revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

GASB STATEMENT 89, ACCOUNTING FOR COST INCURRED BEFORE THE END OF A CONSTRUCTION PERIOD

- In financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus, interest incurred during construction should be recognized as an expense of the period.
- In financial statements using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest incurred during construction should be recognized as an expenditure.
- Interest cost should not be capitalized.
- Interest does not meet the definition of an asset or a deferred outflow.

GASB Standards Effective in 2022

GASB STATEMENT NO. 91, CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

- This statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit obligations, and related note disclosures.
- ► This statement clarifies the definition of a conduit debt obligation and establishes standards for related accounting and financial reporting.

Attachment

Representation Letter



CITY OF WASILLA

Finance Department

290 East Herning Avenue Wasilla, Alaska 99654-7091 Phone (907) 373-9080 Fax (907) 373-9085

December 2, 2019

BDO USA, LLP 3601 C Street, Suite 600 Anchorage, Alaska 99503

Ladies and gentlemen:

We are providing this letter in connection with your audit of the financial statements of City of Wasilla, Alaska (the City), which comprise the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We confirm that we are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation in the financial statements of financial position, changes in net position, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in the light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of the date of this representation letter, as entered on the first page, the following representations made to you during your audit:

- (1) We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated July 29, 2019, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- (2) We have fulfilled our responsibility, as set out in the terms of the aforementioned audit engagement letter, for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- (3) The financial statements include all properly classified funds and other financial information of the primary government and all component units required to be included in the financial reporting entity by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All funds required to be presented as major funds are identified and presented as such.

(4) We have made available to you:

- (a) All financial records, and related data, federal awards, and state awards (including amendments, if any, and any other correspondence with federal or state agencies or pass-through entities relevant to federal and state programs and related activities), as agreed upon in the terms of the aforementioned audit engagement letter.
- (b) All additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
- (c) Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- (d) Minutes of the meetings of the City Council that were held from July 1, 2018 to the date of this letter, or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.
- (5) There have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with or deficiencies in financial reporting practices.
- (6) There are no material transactions that have not been properly recorded in the accounting records underlying the financial statements or schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) or schedule of state financial assistance (SSFA). All financial statement misstatements relating to accounts and disclosures identified and discussed with us in the course of the audit (as listed in the attached "schedule of corrected misstatements") have been corrected. We have evaluated the propriety of the corrected misstatements based on a review of both the applicable authoritative literature and the underlying supporting evidence from our files and confirm our responsibility for the decision to correct them.
- (7) We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud or noncompliance. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud or noncompliance. We have no knowledge of any:
 - (a) Fraud or suspected fraud involving management or involving employees who have significant roles in internal control, whether or not perceived to have a material effect on the financial statements.
 - (b) Fraud or suspected fraud involving others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
 - (c) Allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the City received in communications from employees, former employees, regulatory agencies, law firms, predecessor accounting firms, or others.
 - (d) Instances of noncompliance or suspected noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.

- (8) We have no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, liabilities, or equity.
- (9) The following, where applicable and material, have been properly recorded or disclosed in the financial statements:
 - (a) The identity of related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including revenues, expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties.
 - (b) Arrangements with financial institutions involving compensating balances or other arrangements involving restrictions on cash balances and line-of-credit or similar arrangements.
 - (c) Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the City is contingently liable.
 - (d) Significant estimates and material concentrations known to management that are required to be disclosed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In that regard, all accounting estimates that could be material to the financial statements, including key factors and significant assumptions underlying those estimates, have been identified, and we believe the estimates are reasonable in the circumstances.
 - (e) The effects of all known actual or possible litigation, claims, and other liabilities or gain or loss contingencies that are required to be accrued or disclosed by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, including:
 - Pending or anticipated tax refunds, other potential or pending claims, lawsuits by or against any branch of government or others;
 - Written or oral guarantees, endorsements, or unused letters of credit;
 - · Unusual guarantees; or
 - · Labor claims or negotiations.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require loss contingencies to be accrued if it is probable an asset has been impaired or a liability incurred at the statement of financial position date and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Such contingencies must be disclosed, but may not be accrued, if the loss is reasonably possible (but not probable) or the loss is probable but the amount of loss cannot be reasonably estimated.

- (f) Commitments, such as:
 - Major capital asset purchase agreements;

- More-than-one-year employment arrangements or contracts with suppliers or customers, or one-year-or-longer term leases;
- Deferred compensation, bonuses, pensions plans, or severance pay; or
- Pending sale or merger of all or a portion of the business or of an interest therein or acquisition of all or a portion of the business, assets or securities of another entity;
- (g) Joint ventures or other participations, the detailed transactions of which are not carried on our books.

(10) There are no:

- (a) Violations or possible violations of budget ordinances, laws or regulations and provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects could be material to the financial statements whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency.
- (b) Unasserted claims or assessments that our lawyer has advised us are probable of assertion and must be disclosed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- (c) Restrictions of net position that were not properly authorized and approved, or reclassifications of net position that have not been properly reflected in the financial statements.
- (11) Receivables recorded in the financial statements represent valid claims against debtors for transactions arising on or before the statement of financial position date and have been appropriately reduced to their estimated net realizable value.
- (12) The City has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- (13) We have appropriately disclosed the City's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available and have determined that net position is properly recognized under the policy.
- (14) We have complied with all aspects of contractual agreements, including debt covenants that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- (15) No discussions have taken place with your firm's personnel regarding employment with the City.
- (16) We are responsible for compliance with laws, regulations and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to us and we have identified and disclosed to you all laws,

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- regulations and provisions of contracts and grant agreements that we believe have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.
- (17) Components of net position (net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted) and classifications of fund balance (nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned) are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- (18) Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues, contributions, and general revenues. Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.
- (19) In regards to the assistance that was provided in preparing the financial statements and related footnote disclosures for the year ended June 30, 2019 we have: (1) assumed all management responsibilities, (2) designated an individual (within senior management) with suitable skill, knowledge, or experience to oversee the services, (3) evaluated the adequacy and results of the services performed, and (4) accepted responsibility for the results of the services.
- (20) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the supplementary information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America and we believe it is fairly presented. The methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information have not changed from the prior period and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions underlying the measurement and presentation of the supplementary information.
- (21) Required supplementary information is measured and presented in accordance with prescribed guidelines.
- (22) We believe that the actuarial assumptions and methods used to measure pension and other postemployment liabilities and costs for financial accounting and disclosure purposes are appropriate in the circumstances.
- (23) We are unable to determine the possibility of a withdrawal liability in a multiemployer benefit plan.
- (24) We agree with the findings of specialists in evaluating the net pension and net other postemployment benefits liabilities and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialist in determining the amounts and disclosures used in the financial statements and underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an impact on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.
- (25) With respect to federal and state award programs:
 - (a) We are responsible for understanding and complying with, and have complied with, the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance

- Supplement for State Single Audits (State of Alaska Single Audit Guide), including requirements relating to the preparation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) and schedule of state financial assistance (SSFA).
- (b) We have, in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and State of Alaska Single Audit Guide, identified and disclosed to you in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) and schedule of state financial assistance (SSFA), expenditures made during the audit period for all government programs and related activities provided by federal agencies in the form of federal and state awards, grants, federal costreimbursement contracts, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations, and other direct assistance.
- (c) We acknowledge our responsibility for the preparation of the SEFA and SSFA and related notes in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and State of Alaska Single Audit Guide, and we believe the SEFA and SSFA, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and State of Alaska Single Audit Guide. The methods of measurement or presentation of the SEFA and SSFA have not changed from those used in the prior period.
- (d) We have notified you of federal awards and funding increments that were received for awards received before December 26, 2014, and differentiated those awards from awards received on or after December 26, 2014, and subject to the audit requirements of the Uniform Guidance.
- (e) We will include the auditor's report on the SEFA and SSFA in any document that contains the SEFA and SSFA and that indicates you have reported on such information.
- (f) If the SEFA and SSFA is not presented with the audited financial statements, we will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the SEFA and SSFA no later than the date we issue the SEFA and SSFA and the auditor's report thereon.
- (g) We are responsible for understanding and complying with, and have complied with in all material respects, the requirements of federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of federal and state awards related to each of our federal and state programs and have identified and disclosed to you the requirements of federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions considered to have a direct and material effect on each federal and state program.
- (h) We are responsible for establishing and maintaining, and have established and maintained, effective internal control over compliance for federal and state programs that provides reasonable assurance that we are managing our federal and state awards in compliance with federal and state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions that could have a material effect on our federal and state programs. We believe the internal control system is adequate and is functioning as intended. Also, subsequent to the date of the auditor's report as of which compliance was audited, no changes have occurred in internal control over compliance or other factors that might significantly affect internal control, including any corrective action we have taken regarding significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance as reported in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

- (i) We have made available to you all federal and state award contracts and grant agreements (including amendments, if any) and any other correspondence with federal agencies or pass-through entities relating to each major federal and state program and related activities that have taken place with federal and state agencies or pass-through entities.
- (j) We have received no requests from a federal or state agency to audit one or more specific programs as a major program.
- (k) We have complied, in all material respects, with the direct and material compliance requirements (except for noncompliance disclosed to you), including when applicable, those set forth in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits, relating to federal or state awards and have identified and disclosed to you all amounts questioned and all known noncompliance with the direct and material requirements of federal and state awards, including the results of other audits or program reviews, or confirmed that there were no amounts questioned and no known noncompliance with the direct and material compliance requirements of federal awards or state awards. We also know of no instances of noncompliance occurring subsequent to the end of the period audited.
- (I) We have disclosed to you any communications from federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities concerning possible noncompliance with the direct and material compliance requirements, including communications received from the end of the period covered by the compliance audit to the date of the auditor's report.
- (m) Amounts claimed or used for matching were determined in accordance with relevant guidelines in the Uniform Guidance or and State of Alaska Single Audit Guide.
- (n) We have disclosed to you our interpretations of compliance requirements that are subject to varying interpretations, if any.
- (o) We have made available to you all documentation related to compliance with the direct and material compliance requirements, including information related to federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements.
- (p) We have disclosed to you the nature of any subsequent events that provide additional evidence with respect to conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period that affect noncompliance during the reporting period.
- (q) Federal and state program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements are supported by the books and records from which the basic financial statements have been prepared, and are prepared on a basis consistent with the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of state financial assistance.
- (r) The copies of federal and state program financial reports provided to you are true copies of the reports submitted or electronically transmitted, to the respective federal agency or pass-through entity, as applicable.

- (s) We have charged costs to federal and state awards in accordance with applicable cost principles.
- (t) We are responsible for, and have accurately completed, the appropriate sections of the Data Collection Form as required by the Uniform Guidance. The final version of the applicable audit reporting package, which includes your signed auditor's reports, that we will submit to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC) will be identical to the final version of such documents that you provided to us.
- (u) We have identified and disclosed to you the findings received and related corrective actions taken for previous audits, attestation engagements, internal or external monitoring, and other studies directly related to the audit objectives of the compliance audit, including findings received and corrective actions taken from the end of the audit period covered by the compliance audit report to the date of the auditor's report.
- (v) We are responsible for, and have accurately prepared, the summary schedule of prior audit findings required to be included by the Uniform Guidance and State of Alaska Single Audit Guide, and we have provided you with all information on the status of the follow-up on prior audit findings by federal and state awarding agencies and passthrough entities, including all management decisions.
- (w) We are responsible for and have ensured the reporting package does not contain protected personally identifiable information.
- (26) In connection with any electronic presentation of the financial statements and your audit report thereon on our web site, we acknowledge that:
 - We are responsible for the preparation, presentation, and content of the financial statements in the electronic format.
 - If your audit report is presented on our web site, the full financial statements upon which you reported and to which you appended your signed report will be presented.
 - We will clearly indicate in the electronic presentation on our web site the financial information that is subject to your audit report. We will clearly differentiate any information that may also be presented by us on or in connection with our web site that was contained in the published version of the financial statements and other supplementary information, but which is not part of the audited financial statements or other financial information covered by your audit report.
 - We have assessed the security over financial statement information and the audit report presented on our web site, and are satisfied that procedures in place are adequate to ensure the integrity of the information provided. We understand the risk of potential misrepresentation inherent in publishing financial information on our web site through internal failure or external manipulation.
 - If the electronic financial statements are generally made available to the public on our web site, we will include a notification to the reader that such financial statements are presented for convenience and information purposes only, and while reasonable

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efforts have been made to ensure the integrity of such information, they should not be relied on. A copy of the printed financial statements will be provided on request.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, no events, including instances of noncompliance, have occurred subsequent to the statement of financial position date and through the date of this representation letter, as entered on the first page that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the aforementioned financial statements or in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Very truly yours,

Troy Tankersley, Finance Director

M. 2-2019

City of Wasilla, Alaska Schedule of Corrected Misstatements For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Debit	Credit
1 Deferred inflows of resources		65,878.00
Deferred outflows of resources	830,428.00	
Net OPEB liability		810,144.00
OPEB expense	45,594.00	
To record current year adjustments related to GASB 75		
2 Deferred inflows of resources	812,071.00	
Deferred outflows of resources	654,345.00	
Net pension liability		1,344,433.00
On-behalf revenue	330,329.00	
Pension expense		452,312.00
To record current year adjustments related to GASB 68		

CITY OF WASILLA

ALASKA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2019

> Bert Cottle Mayor

Prepared by Finance Department

Troy Tankersley Finance Director

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CITY OF WASILLA

290 East Herning Avenue Wasilla, Alaska 99654-7091 Phone (907) 373-9080 Fax (907) 373-9085

December 2, 2019

To the Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Wasilla:

State of Alaska statutes and local charter provisions require that all general purpose local governments publish a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill those requirements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

BDO USA LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified (clean) opinion on the City of Wasilla's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Wasilla was part of a broader, State and federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of State and federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of State and federal awards. These reports are available in the City of Wasilla's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Wasilla (the City) is located in the south central part of the state and is approximately 42 miles north of Anchorage. Two beautiful lakes canvas the city limits – Wasilla Lake and Lake Lucile. The lakes were once connected by water flow until construction of the Alaska Railroad line and road development effectively separated the watersheds. The City is a First Class city incorporated in 1974 under Title 29 of the Alaska State Statutes and City code establishes a June 30 fiscal year end. The City currently occupies a land area of approximately 13.60 square miles within the Matanuska Susitna Borough. It serves the City resident population of an estimated 8,801. It also serves as a central commercial district to the Matanuska Susitna Borough residents of an estimated 105,743. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries, however at this time the City levies no said tax. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate. The last annexation occurred in FY2014 which extended the City's western boundary; encompassing largely undeveloped, commercial-zoned property along the Parks Highway and a portion of Jacobson Lake. Currently there are no annexation projects under review.

The City of Wasilla is operated under a strong mayoral system with six city council members. The mayor and council members are all elected at-large. The mayor is elected to serve a three year term and is responsible for appointing department directors and managing the day to day governmental activities. The council members are elected to serve three-year, staggered terms, and are responsible for approving ordinances, municipal contracts, budgets, and certain appointments.

The City provides a full range of municipal services authorized by state statute and city code. This includes police, planning and land use control, animal control, sewer, water, road maintenance, parks and recreation, museum, library, and cultural services. Funding for the City's operations is primarily supported by a 2% sales tax, charges for services, grants, state revenue sharing and other sources. Note that the sales tax rate for FY2019 was 3% with 1% dedicated to a capital project discussed in the Long-Term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives section below.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Wasilla's financial planning and control. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and a final budget must be approved by council on or before June 30th of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g. public safety) and department (e.g. patrol). All transfers between funds, departments, and functions require council approval. The Mayor may transfer up to \$10,000 per fiscal year between departments and functions without council approval.

Local Economy

The City of Wasilla is located in what continues to be one of the fastest growing regions of Alaska and serves as the retail center for the Matanuska Susitna Borough. The City remains primarily a bedroom community of Anchorage due to a lack of large-scale, primary industry. The City offers an attractive lifestyle and a competitive housing market due to lower land values. Additionally, significant improvements to the Glenn Highway make daily commuting to Anchorage faster and safer. An estimated 34% of its residents in the workforce commute to Anchorage and another 8% commute to the North Slope.

The service-oriented economy of the City continues to remain stable. Since 2010, sales tax revenues have changed year over year at variable rates between -1.0% and 4.5%. With sales tax as the City's primary source of revenues, the development of businesses outside the City, internet sales, and the state-wide economy are concerns. The current local unemployment rate decreased from 8.0% to 7.4% while the national average decreased from 3.7% to 3.5%. While oil prices have been on a slow rise since 2016, the State of Alaska's budget deficit continues to impact the local economy. The FY2019 state legislative session provided no significant grant awards; a consistent trend since FY2016.

In FY2019, a private retail development, designed to house national chain stores, began its construction. Projects of this nature will enable the City to maintain its foothold as the leading service and trade center of the Matanuska-Susitna Valley. In addition to the service industries, petroleum exploration and extraction continue to fuel our economy both directly and indirectly. South of the City, projects benefitting our economy include continued development of and new lessees for the Port MacKenzie which is America's northernmost deep draft dock; allowing heavy industrial and bulk materials to move through Alaska and beyond. The MacKenzie Rail Extension began construction in 2012 and includes construction of 32 miles of new rail line to Port MacKenzie. Already funded \$184M by the Alaska Legislature, the project is under construction in segments and needs \$125M to complete. The longest industrial rail loop in the state will provide for efficient movement of materials between ship, rail, truck, and barge. Just north of the City at Hatchers Pass, 7.5 km of designed trails and a 4,000 square-foot Chalet/Adventure Center has created a regional venue for Nordic skiing and tourism. The addition of ski-lift is expected in FY2020. Additionally, the Matanuska Susitna Borough continues to fund unprecedented levels of road construction which supports the local economy and land development in the future.

Long-Term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

The City of Wasilla's strategic development is guided by several tools. City council and management establish goals and objectives for the upcoming five years. These initiatives may include both capital projects and quality of life issues; and are revisited on an annual basis.

The City's Comprehensive Plan (the Plan) which was revised and adopted in FY2012 also provides a flexible, forward-thinking road map to address important community elements. The Plan focuses on matters of transportation, land use, development of its downtown, use of community assets and economic vitality. It also provides alignment and consistency with other adopted plans of the City; such as, the 'Downtown Area Plan' which was adopted by Wasilla City Council and Matanuska Susitna Borough Assembly in FY2014 and focuses specifically on the development and re-development of the historical downtown district. Enhancement of the aesthetics, economic and functional values of the City were further promoted by creating a downtown overlay district setting specific design guidelines and other conditions.

Major initiatives impacting the community include revision of its Main Street to form a one-way couplet. This project targets traffic flow but plays an almost equally critical role in defining the community's downtown by re-shaping the core area, providing sidewalks, on-street parking, beautification, lighting, and streetscape design opportunities. While the State of Alaska, Department of Transportation (DOT) is responsible for administration and funding of this project, the City plays a governing role and received \$5M in State funding to accelerate the project – through right-of-way purchase, design work, etc. The City's grant funds have been largely expended of which \$695,200 relates to excess 'land held for resale'. Proceeds from its sale will go back into the project. The DOT's design work continues and is estimated to be 70% complete at year end. Approximately \$5.7M in federal and state match funding has been secured with an estimated \$32M expected in FY2021. The project entails a two-year construction period with commencement expected in FY2021. The timing of this project may be impacted by the redesign of Knik-Goose Bay Road (KGB) project. KGB is a major arterial road feeding into downtown Wasilla. Due to the impact on traffic, it is not anticipated that these projects would be run concurrently.

The City opened a new library in the fall of 2016 and the building it vacated is being used to expand the Dorothy G. Page Museum. Approximately \$500,000 has been budgeted over a three-year period for renovation and the building is expected to open in the spring of 2020. Adjacent to the museum property, the City demolished an old fire station this year on which a landscaped parking lot will be constructed. The parking lot will be completed in FY2020. The parking lot and museum are in downtown proper, so these projects align with the City's redevelopment initiatives.

For the past two decades, administration, City Council and residents have strongly supported a "forward-funded" approach to discretionary capital projects. In October 2017, the Wasilla residents approved a ballot initiative to increase the City sales tax by one percent (1%) beginning January 1, 2018 with the increase being dedicated to funding construction of a new public safety building and related equipment. The 1% increase is for a period of two years or until \$12M is collected, whichever is earlier. The sales tax will then decrease one-half percent (.5%) to two and one-half percent (2.5%). The one-half percent (.5%) will be available for operations or other projects as approved through the regular budgeting process. At year end, approximately \$10.2M had been collected since inception. The sales tax rate will decrease to 2.5% effective December 1, 2019. Construction is well underway with completion expected in the summer of FY2020. Restricted funds at year end were \$6,984,603.

In FY2019, the city purchased a 70-acre parcel of land adjacent to the Wasilla Airport for \$906,000. The acquisition aligned with the Wasilla Airport Master Plan. Additionally, the City received grant funds of \$3,735,100 from the Federal Aviation Administration for development of an additional apron (Apron E). At fiscal year-end, significant construction had been completed. The project is expected to be complete in FY2020, adding an additional 27 airplane tie-downs along with space to construct more lease lots as city funds become available.

In the past decade, the City has committed time and resources to increase the quality of Lake Lucile, one of its two most prominent bodies of water within City limits. In FY2013, the City completed the replacement of a wooden dam structure at the western outlet of Lake Lucile. Replacement ensured that the waterline would not drop to its pre-'60s level posing much concern for the property owners who had built docks and waterfront landscaping based on the modern shoreline. The City purchased and operates an aquatic weed harvester throughout the summer season to manage the presence of invasive weeds. Additionally, a water quality study is planned for FY2020 which further demonstrates the City's commitment to sustaining the property values of this core neighborhood and recreational area.

With the cost of healthcare in Alaska, a focus on health insurance remains a priority. In FY2012, the City established a partially self-insured program that provided aggregate and individual stop loss coverage. Effective July 1, 2016 the City returned to a fully insured model. The three labor unions present at the City in FY2016 each maintained and operated separate health benefit plans. The City established agreements for each union to provide health insurance for their respective members at an agreed upon rate. In FY2019, the Local Teamsters 959 union covering the City's emergency responder employees was disbanded and a new bargaining agreement was executed with the Wasilla Police Department Employees Association (WPDEA). WPDEA members and non-represented employees are offered coverage through one of the union's plan. Health insurance expense remained flat year over year. In FY2019 and FY2018 health insurance costs were \$2,222,227 and \$2,251,380 respectively.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City of Wasilla has a comprehensive set of financial policies of which two are particularly relevant during the current year.

One, it is the policy of the City to maintain the fund balances and net position of the various City operating funds at levels sufficient to maintain the City's creditworthiness, and to provide financial resources for unforeseeable emergencies. As such, the general fund and the enterprise funds' unrestricted net position (as defined by the policy) must not fall below the prescribed minimum or exceed the prescribed maximum. At the end of FY2019, the unrestricted net position of the general fund exceeded the calculated maximum by approximately \$7,911,995. This amount was committed through legislation for capital projects and referenced as "capital improvements" in the governmental fund balance sheet as per policy.

The City provides pension benefits for all eligible employees through the State of Alaska Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The system consists of three defined benefit (DB) Tiers, and one defined contribution (DC) Tier. This City has no obligations in connection with employee benefits offered through these plans beyond its annual required payments to the plans. The City pays its annual required contribution rates timely. The annual contribution rates have been capped at 22% of covered payroll for both DB and DC plans based on legislative action committing the State of Alaska to cover costs exceeding 22%. The legislature's cap on local government contribution rates brings stability to Wasilla's retirement rates although it is important to note that a future State legislature can eliminate this cap on contributions. This has been a point of discussion in the most recent legislative sessions due to the fiscal uncertainty with the State budget. The transition from a single-agent, multiple-employer plan, to a cost-sharing plan as of July 1, 2008, provided a single rate for all participating PERS employers, eliminating the previous methodology of assessing each employer its own rate. The City now shares in the pooled liability of the PERS plan.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 required the City to recognize its proportionate share of the cost sharing plan's net pension liability. The City's total portion of the liability at June 30, 2018 was \$12,235,598. The net liability at June 30, 2019 is \$13,580,031, an increase of \$1,344,433. This does not change the actual contributions by the employers, as those are based on Alaska Statutes. For additional detail, reference footnote 8 in the basic financial statements.

In the current year, GASB Statement No. 75 required the City to recognize its proportionate share of the cost sharing plan's net liability for other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The net other postemployment benefits liability at June 30, 2018 was \$1,967,539. The net other postemployment benefit liability at June 30, 2019 was \$2,777,683, an increase of \$810,144. For additional detail, reference footnote 8 in the basic financial statements.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Wasilla for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the twenty-third consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. However, we believe our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The government also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its biennial budget document for the period beginning July 1, 2018. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance department and Administration. We wish to thank all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit is also due to the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Wasilla's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Bert Cottle Mayor Troy Tankersley Finance Director This page intentionally left blank.

City Officials Year Ended June 30, 2019

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Bert L. Cottle
City Council - Seat A Mike Dryden
City Council - Seat B Tim Burney
City Council - Seat C Stu Graham
City Council - Seat D Glenda Ledford
City Council - Seat E Gretchen O'Barr
City Council - Seat F James E. Harvey

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Staff

Public Works Director Archie Giddings
City Clerk Jamie Newman
Finance Director Troy Tankersley
Recreation Services Director Joan Klapperich

Police Chief Gene Belden (Temporary)

Deputy Administrator Lyn Carden

Planning Commission

Eric Bushnell Simon Brown
Darrell Breese Nikki Velock
Jessica Dean (Chair)

Parks and Recreation Commission

Mary Shampine Amanda Joan Matthews
Dave Tuttle (Chair) Mary Kay Robinson
Andrew Tyler Chambers

Airport Commission

Noel Lowe Cameron Sharick
Charles Morris Michael Lucas (Co-Chair)

Adam Paulick (Chair)

CONSULTANTS

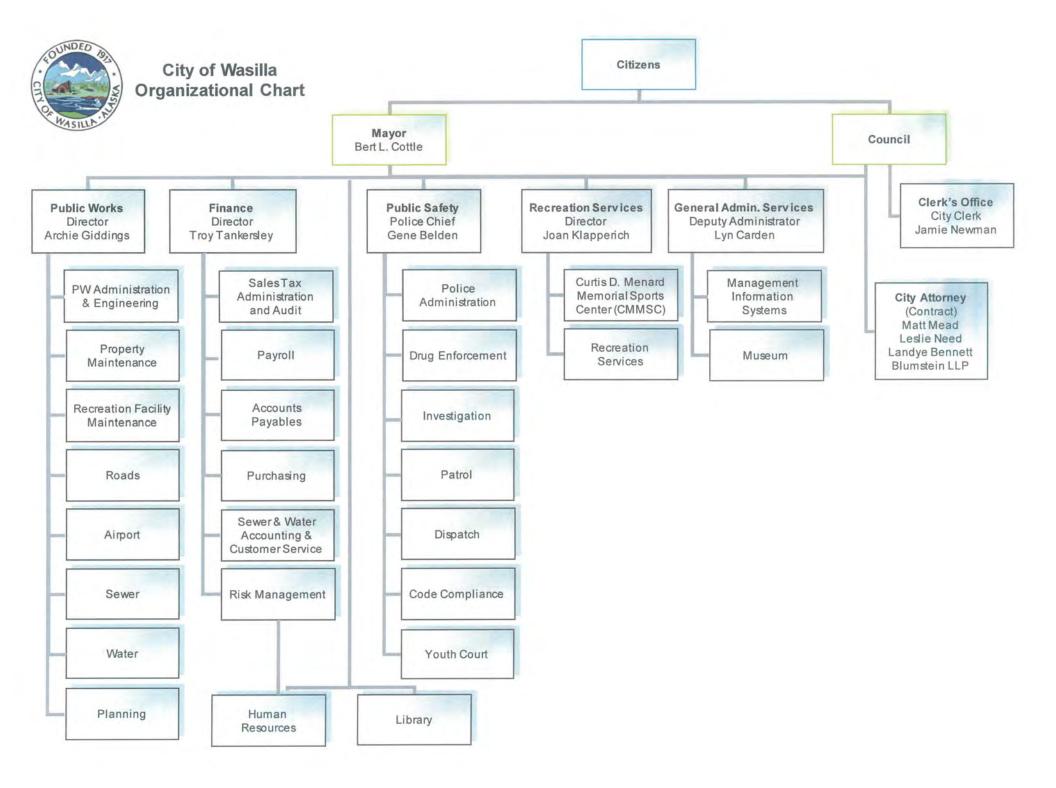
City Attorney Landye Bennett Blumstein, LLP

Auditors BDO USA, LLP

Insurance Pool Alaska Public Entity Joint Insurance

Association

Insurance Broker Michael Combs, Combs Insurance Agency, Inc.





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Wasilla Alaska

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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Tel: 907-278-8878 Fax: 907-278-5779

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3601 C Street, Suite 600 Anchorage, AK 99503

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Wasilla, Alaska

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Wasilla, Alaska (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Wasilla, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 6 through 16, the budgetary comparison information on page 61, and other required supplementary information on pages on pages 62 through 65, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2019 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

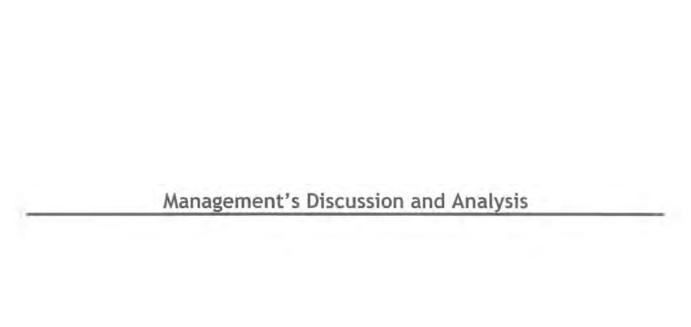
We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of City of Wasilla as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2018 which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2018 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the June 30, 2018 financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2018 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2019 on our consideration of City of Wasilla's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wasilla's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Wasilla's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BDO USA, LLP

Anchorage, Alaska December 2, 2019 This page intentionally left blank.



As management of the City of Wasilla, (the City) we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-v.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred
 inflows of resources at the close of the most current fiscal year by \$156,433,276 (total net
 position). Of this amount, \$21,969,438 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the
 government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased \$11,896,449. The governmental activities net position increased \$6,624,456 (9.3%) and the business-type activities net position increased \$5,271,993 (7.1%).
- As of the close of business of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$30,844,133, an increase of \$6,209,563 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 26.3% of this amount (\$8,122,474) is unassigned and available for spending at the government's discretion.
- The City's total outstanding debt decreased by \$579,194 to a year-end balance of \$827,250.
 The decrease is attributed to meeting required debt payments and financing capital projects through either grant funding or fund balance. The City's long-term debt information can be found on pages 43-45 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner like a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, airport, and operation of the Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center (sports center).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18-19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Miscellaneous Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. The other eight governmental funds are combined and shown as nonmajor governmental funds on the governmental funds balance sheet and governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Individual fund information for the seven nonmajor funds is presented in combining balance sheets for nonmajor governmental funds and combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for nonmajor funds, by fund type.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for its General Fund and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-23 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains enterprise funds, a type of proprietary fund, to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, airport, and sports center operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, sports center, and airport, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-28 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-59 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 61-66 of this report.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$156,433,276 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

City of Wasilla's Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Activities		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Current and other assets \$ Capital assets, net of	32,608,364	\$ 27,658,672	\$ 15,668,994	\$ 14,253,213	5 48,277,358	\$ 41,911,885	
depreciation	59,714,647	59,754,363	67,552,581	63,415,097	127,267,228	123,169,460	
Total assets	92,323,011	87,413,035	83,221,575	77,668,310	175,544,586	165,081,345	
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,806,572	1,533,046	489,586	229,976	3,296,158	1,454,524	
Noncurrent liabilities	14,700,784	13,240,434	3,361,833	3,202,347	18,062,617	16,442,781	
Other liabilities	1,764,231	1,492,406	1,212,357	494,875	2,976,588	1,987,281	
Total liabilities	16,465,015	14,732,840	4,574,190	3,697,222	21,039,205	18,430,062	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,185,500	1,825,583	182,763	288,873	1,368,263	2,114,456	
Net position: Net investment in			al weeks	Con that was	Table of Alberta		
capital assets Restricted for permanent	59,714,647	59,340,731	66,725,331	62,422,397	126,439,978	121,763,128	
fund principal	330,911	321,160			330,911	321,160	
Restricted for federal and state drug enforcement Restricted for new police	13,146	13,146	-	1.0	13,146	13,146	
station construction Restricted for Main Street	6,984,603	3,232,572			6,984,603	3,232,572	
couplet construction	695,200	860,200			695,200	860,200	
Unrestricted	9,740,561	7,086,803	12,228,877	11,259,818	21,969,438	18.346.621	

The largest portion of the City's net position (81%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to

citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated to satisfy these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City' net position, approximately 5.1%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$21,969,438 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

During the current fiscal year, the government's net position increased by \$11,896,449 compared to \$3,873,675 in the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

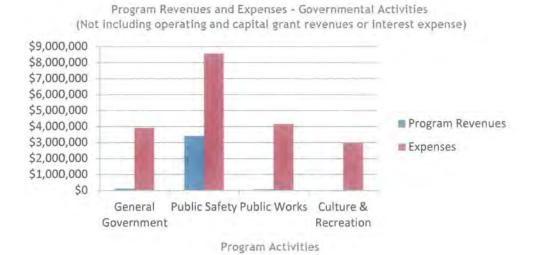
Governmental Activities

During fiscal year 2019, the City's net position increased by \$6,624,456 for governmental activities. Highlights of governmental activities net position changes include the additional 1% sales tax collected for the new police department and contributions from state grantor agencies, particularly for the for the sewer outfall project.

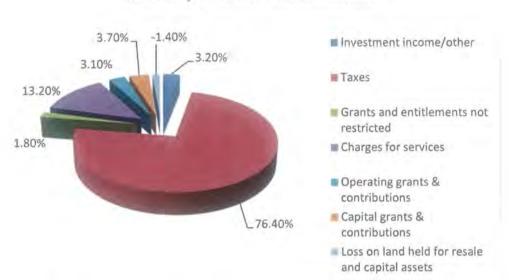
	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total Activities		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues							
Program revenues: Fees, fines, and							
charges for services \$ Operating grants and	3,632,751 \$	3,382,538 \$	4,403,974 \$	4,263,150 \$	8,036,725 \$	7,645,688	
contributions Capital grants and	859,201	1,023,779	376,404	483,842	1,235,605	1,507,621	
contributions	1,031,489	1,847,996	5,327,888	618,536	6,359,377	2,466,532	
General revenues:							
Sales taxes	21,046,076	16,724,587	2		21,046,076	16,724,587	
Vehicle taxes	287,628	60,920			287,628	60,920	
Grants and entitlements not restricted to a							
specific purpose	489,881	540,979		14	489,881	540,979	
Investment income Loss on land held for	829,737	271,966	3,875	5,918	833,612	277,884	
resale	(165,000)	(862,536)			(165,000)	(862,536)	
Loss on sale of capital							
assets	(220,011)	-	*		(220,011)		
Other	50,794	147,091	163,950	47,386	214,744	194,477	
Total revenues \$	27,842,546 \$	23,137,320 \$	10,276,091 \$	5,418,832 \$	38,118,637 \$	28,556,152	

		Governmenta	l Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total Act	ivities
		2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Expenses							
General government	\$	3,907,795 \$	3,501,793 \$	-\$	- \$	3,907,795 \$	
Public safety		8,565,952	8,293,624	6	6	8,565,952	8,293,624
Public works Culture and recreation		4,150,204 2,962,633	3,752,738 2,863,653	100	14	4,150,204	3,752,738
Interest on long-term					-	2,962,633	2,863,653
debt		(1,994)	10,749	0.000 20.7	737.25	(1,994)	10,749
Water utility				1,866,664	1,644,995	1,866,664	1,644,995
Sewer utility			-	2,030,125	2,003,549	2,030,125	2,003,549
Municipal airport		-		964,040	946,906	964,040	946,906
Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports							
Center		× –	-	1,776,769	1,664,470	1,776,769	1,664,470
Total expenses	\$	19,584,590 \$	18,422,557 \$	6,637,598 \$	6,259,920 \$	26,222,188 \$	24,682,477
Increase (decrease) in net position before							
transfers	\$	8,257,956 \$	4,714,763 \$	3,638,493 \$	(841,088) \$	11,896,449 \$	3,876,675
Transfers		(1,633,500)	(1,067,494)	1,633,500	1,067,494		
Increase in net position		6,624,456	3,647,269	5,271,993	226,406	11,896,449	3,873,675
Net position- beginning		70,854,612	67,207,343	73,682,215	73,455,809	144,536,827	140,663,152
Net Position- Ending	S	77,479,068 5	70,854,612\$	78,954,2085	73,682,215 \$	156,433,276\$	144.536.827

The following graph displays program revenues, not including operating and capital grants, and expenses dedicated to governmental activities. This shows the amount of revenues generated from these activities. Other revenues also support governmental activities but are general in nature and apply to all categories. These include sales taxes, grants and entitlements not restricted for a specific purpose, investment income, and other general revenues.



The following graph shows the percentages of all revenue sources for governmental activities. Taxes are the largest revenue source for the City, followed in order by charges for services, investment income and other, and operating grants and contributions. Tax revenue for governmental activities increased from FY2018 to FY2019 by \$4,321,489 or 25.8%. The increase is due to the 1% dedicated sales tax for construction of a new police station which commenced January 1, 2018.



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

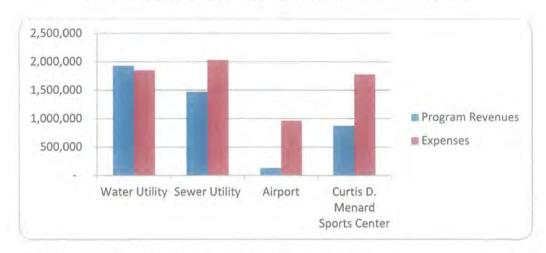
Overall expenses for governmental activities increased \$1,162,033 from the prior year which is attributed to dispatch staffing costs to fulfill its contract to the Matanuska Susitna Borough for EMS services and depreciation on equipment/software necessary to expand the broadband network.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$5,271,993. The increase in the water fund, sewer fund and airport funds were \$1,359,061, \$1,288,810, and \$2,770,867 respectively. The increases were significantly derived from capital contributions either as donated assets from developers, grant-funded construction, or transfers in from the General Fund. These increases were offset by a decrease in net position at the Curtis D. Menard Sports Complex of \$146,745. The decrease in net position for the sports complex fund is due to depreciation and insufficient user fees and charges to cover operating costs.

The following graph illustrates program revenues and expenses for all business-type activities. Not included in the revenues are taxes, capital grants and contributions, investment earnings, transfers, and other miscellaneous revenues. As reflected in the graph, the water fund is the only business-type activities that reported program revenues exceeded expenses.

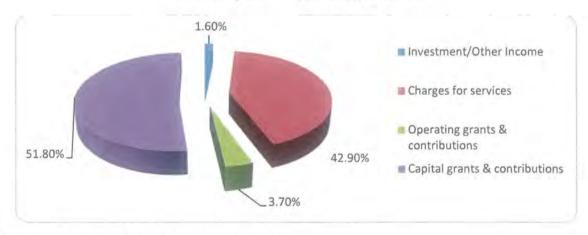
Program Revenues and Expenses - Business-Type Activities (Not including operating and capital grant revenue or interest expense)



The water and sewer fund continue to provide reasonable program revenue to absorb all or a significant portion of the funds' expenditures, including depreciation. This is attributed to the annual, five-year rate increase initiated in 2010. The airport fund continues to fall short due to the depreciation expense on infrastructure obtained through capital grants. The shortfall in revenue to expense for the Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center includes depreciation, high minimum operating costs, and low user fees.

The following graph depicts the percentages of all revenue sources for business-type activities. Capital grants and contributions are the largest revenue source for the City, followed in order by charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and other revenue and investment income.

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Particularly, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$30,844,133, an increase of \$6,209,563 in comparison with the prior year. The City's total fund balance is made up of the following components:

The first component is nonspendable, which indicates it is not in spendable form, or is legally or contractually required to remain intact. The nonspendable portion is 2.7% (\$837,031) of the total fund balance. The restricted classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed by external parties (creditors, grantors, etc.) or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance is 24.9% (\$7,692,949) of total fund balance. The committed classification can only be used for specific purposes by formal action of the City Council. The committed portion is 25.7% (\$7,911,995) of the total fund balance. The next component is assigned fund balance that includes amounts that are intended to be used for a specific purpose and have been expressly assigned by the person with designated authority. The assigned portion is 20.4% (\$6,279,684) of the total fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is the residual fund balance available for use for any purpose. The unassigned fund balance portion is 26.3% (\$8,122,474) of the total fund balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,122,474 while total fund balance was \$17,934,860. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures for the year. Unassigned fund balance represents 49.9% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 110.3% of that same amount.

Fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$2,357,253 during the current year and in the prior year decreased \$1,000,639. The increase is due to higher sales tax collections and investment income, increased proceeds from the sale of assets by \$992,612 resulting from the Meta Rose Square, and decreased transfers out of \$1,131,467 over the prior year.

The Miscellaneous Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$6,588,500. This total amount is designated for future capital project construction expenditures. Fund balance increased by \$3,763,697 due to the one percent (1%) dedicated sales tax to fund construction of a new police station which became effective January 1, 2018. Capital outlay increased by \$1,609,482 over the prior year as construction of the new police station began this year.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the water utility fund is \$6,726,344. The increase in overall net position of \$1,359,061 is from contributed capital from developers (water main line extensions).

Unrestricted net position of the sewer utility fund is \$3,819,953. The increase in overall net position of \$1,288,810 is from contributed capital from developers (sewer main line extensions).

Unrestricted net position of the airport is \$370,540. The increase in overall net position of \$2,770,867 is due to transfers in from the General Fund and contributions from the Federal Aviation Administration for construction of a new apron (Apron E).

Unrestricted net position of the Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center's is \$1,312,040. The decrease in overall net position of \$146,745 is due to general operating losses and a reduced transfer in from the General Fund by \$50,000. The sports center continues to generate operating losses before depreciation and operations are largely supported by routine transfers from the General Fund. The City will continue to offset operating losses with transfers from the General Fund to support development of the sports center, the service it provides to the community, and the ancillary economic opportunities it brings to the community.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year the only significant amendment to original budget included an increased transfer of \$906,000 from the General Fund to the airport fund to purchase a 70-acre parcel of land.

Final budget compared to actual results. The actual to final budgeted change in net position was a favorable increase of \$4,145,438. A favorable difference in budgeted revenues to actual revenues of \$1,725,476 was attributed to increased sales tax from additional commercial expansion in the community and better than anticipated investment earnings. A favorable difference in budgeted expenditures to actual expenditures of \$1,441,116 resulted largely from lower public safety personnel costs created by unfilled officer and dispatch positions due to retirements and normal attrition. Additionally, these positions require a long recruitment process leaving positions unfilled for periods longer than normal as compared to other positions at the City. In addition, proceeds from the sale of assets exceeded its budget by \$978,846. The City had been marketing the Meta Rose Square, a retail commercial building, and in FY2019 its sale was completed.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$127,267,228 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery, equipment, and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Initial construction of the new police building
- Purchase of 70-acre parcel of land adjacent the airport
- New storage building at the Curtis D. Menard Sports Complex
- · Sewer treatment plant's wetland outfall project
- E911 hardware
- Police vehicles and roads equipment
- Donated water and sewer mainline extensions from developers

City of Wasilla's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities				Business-type	e Activities	Total Activities		
		2019		2018		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Land	5	14,498,260	5	14,456,200	Ś	5,335,294 \$	4,429,707	\$ 19,833,554	\$ 18,885,907	
Buildings		18,724,803		20,356,263	*	12,504,089	12,626,841	31,228,892	32,983,104	
Land improvements		3,000		or other transfer		6,102,896	6,520,055		6,520,055	
Infrastructure		18,939,758		19,833,150		38,745,665	37,406,193	57,685,423	57,239,343	
Furniture and equipment		1,509,924		1,323,801			-	1,509,924	1,323,801	
Vehicles and equipment		2,007,655		2,290,354		1,953,075	2,165,332	3,960,730	4,455,686	
Construction in progress		4,034,247		1,494,595		2,911,562	266,969	6,945,809	1,761,564	
Total Capital Assets	\$	59,714,647	\$	59,754,363	\$	67,552,581 \$	63,415,097	\$127,267,228	\$123,169,460	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 4 on pages 40-42 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$827,250. The entire balance of the City's debt includes one loan issued through a federally sponsored loan program administered by the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation in the amount of \$827,500.

City of Wasilla's General Obligation Bonds, Loans and Other Long-term Debt

	Go	vernmer	ntal	Activities		Business-ty	pe A	Activities	Total A	ctiv	vities
		2019		2018		2019		2018	2019		2018
General obligation	5	10	\$	413,744	5		5		\$ 	5	413,744
Long-term loans		111		-		827,250		992,700	827,250		992,700
Total Long-term Debt	\$		\$	413,744	5	827,250	5	992,700	\$ 827,250	\$	1,406,444

The City's total debt decreased by \$579,194 or 41.2%, during the current fiscal year. The decrease is attributed to the City meeting its required debt payments and not issuing new debt.

State statutes do not impose debt limits on the City; however, its Municipal Code 5.02.040 requires that annual general obligation debt service not exceed twenty percent (20%) of annual general fund revenue. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found on pages 43-45 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In setting the budget for fiscal year 2020, the City considered a few issues with citywide impact. Among them are the following:

- The Matanuska Susitna Borough's population will continue to grow due to the quality of life
 offered and the amount of affordable land available for development.
- No annexations are planned.

- The City of Wasilla will continue to serve as a primary retail trade center for residents of the Matanuska Susitna Borough. To ensure we retain this position, the City will continue to promote healthy economic development through use of strategic plans, comprehensive plans, zoning districts and roadway plans.
 - Sales tax revenues to the general fund are projected to increase 11.67% or \$1,566,040 over the FY2019 budgeted amount. This increase is attributed to a sales tax initiative approved by the voters to construct a new police department building. The legislation included a 1% sales tax increase effective January 1, 2018 dedicated to fund its construction. The dedicated tax remains in effect for two years or until collections reach \$12M, whichever comes first. At that point, the sales tax will be reduced by .5% to a total of 2.5%. The remaining incremental .5% shall be available for operational expenditures. The .5% is the significant driver for projected sales tax revenue increase in FY2020.
 - The property tax mil levy is expected to remain at zero.
 - User fees and charges for business-type activities are expected to remain relatively flat with a minimal 2.22% increase due to additional airport tie down spaces from construction of an additional apron (Apron E) at the airport.
 - Intergovernmental revenue consists of grants from local, state and federal agencies. The State of Alaska continues to lack a fiscal plan to address its budget shortfalls derived from low oil prices. Grant awards from the State of Alaska declined significantly in FY2017 and no new grant awards are projected in FY2020.
 - Significant capital projects include completion of the new police department with appropriated funds of \$6M. Budgeted transfers to capital project funds from the General Fund in FY2020 are \$2,884,000 for various projects (new museum renovation, water well purchase, equipment, etc.).
 - Personnel costs make up approximately 74% of the city's annual operational costs (excludes transfers, debt service and net capital projects). Personnel assumptions provide for an increase of \$796,864 or 5.22% over FY2019 amended budget. Increases relate to inflation and regular advancement on the pay scales.
 - Health insurance premiums are projected to increase 8% or \$235,179. The 8% is based upon
 a plan agreement that includes an 8% maximum increase to premiums year over year. Actual
 premiums were not known at the time of budgeting.
 - Employer contributions to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) is projected to remain at 22% despite legislative discussions to increase that percentage.
 - For over a decade, the city has taken a forward-funded approach to discretionary capital projects. No additional debt is anticipated in FY2020.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Wasilla, Atn: Finance Director, 290 E. Herning Ave. Wasilla, Alaska 99654.

Basic Financial Statements

City of Wasilla, Alaska Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,541,535	1.000
Assets	5 77 200 624	E 12.724.666	ć 40.020.745
Cash and investments Land held for resale	5 27,208,634	5 13,721,611	\$ 40,930,245
	695,200		695,200
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts:	248,753	411,677	660,430
Accounts Taxes	1,993,963	411,011	1,993,963
Grants	298,304	2,660,951	2,959,255
Shared revenues	262,162	2,000,931	262,163
Assessments	202,102	99,730	99.73
Internal balances	1,395,228	(1,395,228)	551(2)
Prepaid items	506,120	49,443	555,56
Inventories	200,120	120,810	120,810
Capital assets not being depreciated	18,532,507	8,246,856	26,779,363
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	41,182,140	59,305,725	100,487,865
Total Assets	92,323,011	83,221,575	175,544,586
	(ALIGENIA)	02,221,012	173,344,300
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,785,845	323,024	2 100 071
Related to pensions	1,020,727	166,562	2,108,869 1,187,289
Related to other postemployment benefits	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		10000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,806,572	489,586	3,296,158
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 95,129,583	\$ 83,711,161	5 178,840,744
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	5 746,475	\$ 223,573	\$ 970,04
Accounts payable - capital	7	634,143	634,14
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	650,403	98,948	749,35
Customer deposits	16,801	55,046	71,84
Unearned revenue	350,552	196,635	547,18
Accrued interest	91	4,012	4,01
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Notes payable	1	165,450	165,45
Compensated absences	727,173	150,480	877,65
Due in more than one year:			
Notes payable	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	661,800	661,80
Net pension liability	11,578,392	2,001,639	13,580,03
Net other postemployment benefits liability	2,395,219	382,464	2,777,68
Total Liabilities	16,465,015	4,574,190	21,039,205
Deferred Inflows of Resources	22262	AT 200	12,232
Related to pensions	298,050	42,782	340,837
Related to other postemployment benefits	887,450	139,981	1,027,43
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,185,500	182,763	1,368,26
Net Position	ED 7444.07	44 Mar 2014	486.486.29
Net investment in capital assets	59,714,647	66,725,331	126,439,97
Restricted:	220.044		220.04
Permanent Fund - Cemetery - nonexpendable	330,911		330,91
Federal and state drug enforcement	13,146		13,14
Main Street couplet	695,200		695,20
New police station construction	6,984,603 9,740,561	12,228,877	6,984,60
Unrestricted			21,969,43
Total Net Position	77,479,068	78,954,208	156,433,27
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 95,129,583	\$ 83,711,161	\$ 178,840,74

City of Wasilla, Alaska Statement of Activities

			Sanda de Barriero			Expense) Revenu	
V		Fees, Fines & Charges for	Program Revenu Operating Grants & Contri-	Capital Grants & Contri-	Govern- mental	Business- type	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	Expenses	Services	butions	butions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
General government	5 3,907,795	\$ 126,828	5 32,350	S -	5 (3,748,617)	5 .	\$ (3,748,617
Public safety	8,565,952	3,408,470	783,002	210,940	(4,163,540)	4	(4,163,540
Public works	4,150,204	62,924	17,418	435,120	(3,634,742)		(3,634,742
Culture and recreation	2,962,633	34,529	26,431	385,429	(2,516,244)		(2,516,244
Interest on long-term debt	(1,994)	34,325	20,431	303,427	1,994		1,994
interest on tong-term deut	(1,224)				1,774		1,224
Total Governmental							
Activities	19,584,590	3,632,751	859,201	1,031,489	(14,061,149)	-	(14,061,149
Business-Type Activities							
Water utility	1,866,664	1,929,774	7,712	1,152,703		1,223,525	1,223,529
Sewer utility	2,030,125	1,469,713	358,985	1,500,668	CF.	1,299,241	1,299,24
Municipal airport	964,040	131,022	1,361	2,619,679		1,788,022	1,788,022
Sports center	1,776,769	873,465	8,346	54,838	13	(840,120)	(840,120
Total Business-Type							
Activities	6,637,598	4,403,974	376,404	5,327,888	. 14	3,470,668	3,470,668
Totals	\$ 26,222,188	\$ 8,036,725	\$ 1,235,605	5 6,359,377	(14,061,149)	3,470,668	(10,590,481
	General Reveni	ues					
	Sales taxes				21,046,076	-	21,046,076
	Vehicle taxes	200 m			287,628		287,628
	Grants and ent				400 004		400 00
		a specific purpo	ose		489,881	2.075	489,881
	Investment inc				829,737	3,875	833,617
	Loss on land h				(165,000)		(165,000
		capital assets			(220,011)	210.000	(220,01
	Other				50,794	163,950	214,74
	Transfers				(1,633,500)	1,633,500	
	Total General F	Revenues and T	ransfers		20,685,605	1,801,325	22,486,930
	Change in Net	Position			6,624,456	5,271,993	11,896,44
	Net Position, b	eginning			70,854,612	73,682,215	144,536,827
	Net Position, e	nding			\$ 77,479,068	\$ 78,954,208	\$ 156,433,276

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

	Maj	or Funds			
		Miscellaneous	_	Total	
		Capital	Nonmajor	Governmenta	
June 30, 2019	General	Projects	Funds	Funds	
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 15,189,905	\$ 10,210,049	5 1,808,680	5 27,208,634	
Land held for resale	9 (1000)		695,200	695,200	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:			3.00		
Accounts	248,753	-		248,75	
Taxes	1,330,274	663,689	-	1,993,96	
Grants	16,821	97,088	184,395	298,30	
Shared revenues	262,162	-		262,16	
Prepaid items	464,491	40,345	1,284	506,12	
Due from other funds	1,395,228	1		1,395,22	
Total Assets	\$ 18,907,634	\$ 11,011,171	\$ 2,689,559	\$ 32,608,364	
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	5 271,693	\$ 366,747	\$ 108,035	5 746,47	
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	646,097	45-46-7	4,306	650,40	
Customer deposits	16,801			16,80	
Unearned revenue	38,183	292,227	20,142	350,55	
Total Liabilities	972,774	658,974	132,483	1,764,23	
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	464,491	40,345	1,284	506,12	
Permanent fund - cemetery		-	330,911	330,91	
Restricted:					
Main Street couplet	140	**	695,200	695,20	
Federal and state drug enforcement.			13,146	13,14	
New police station construction		6,984,603	9	6,984,60	
Committed:					
Capital improvements	7,911,995		141	7,911,99	
Assigned:	3.3 112				
Land bank	612,000	******		612,00	
Capital improvements	222.5	3,327,249		3,327,24	
Compensated absences	727,173		in the	727,17	
Youth court		~	43,404	43,40	
Road projects			105,264	105,26	
Vehicle replacement			600,598	600,59	
Right-of-way acquisition	-		147,455 619,814	147,45	
Technology replacement	50,000		619,814	619,81	
Sexual Assault Response Team (SART) WPD K9 Unit	50,000 19,068			50,00	
Other purposes	27,659	151	1	19,06	
Unassigned	8,122,474		-	27,65 8,122,47	
Total Fund Balances	17,934,860	10,352,197	2,557,076	30,844,13	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	S 18,907,634	\$ 11,011,171	\$ 2,689,559	5 32,608,36	

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 30,844,133
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Net Position is different because:		
Capital assets (shown here, net of accumulated depreciation)		
used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		59,714,647
Deferred outflows of resources for governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 1,785,845	
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	1,020,727	
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,806,572
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension liability,		
and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability	(11,578,392	
Net other postemployment benefits liability	(2,395,219	
Compensated absences	(727,173	
Total long-term liabilities		(14,700,784)
Deferred inflows of resources for governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(298,050))
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(887,450	
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	(1,185,500)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 77,479,068

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	Majo	or Funds			
	-	Miscellaneous	-	Total	
		Capital	Nonmajor	Governmental Funds	
Year Ended June 30, 2019	General	Projects	Funds		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 14,349,101	5 6,984,603	5 -	\$ 21,333,704	
Licenses and permits	78,360			78,360	
Fines and forfeitures	160,662	14,1	2,080	162,742	
Intergovernmental	1,576,357	393,904	252,406	2,222,667	
Charges for services	3,373,014		-	3,373,014	
Loss on land held for resale	1		(165,000)	(165,000	
Investment income	808,294	21,443	(100,000)	829,737	
Other	50,794	375,540	18,635	444,969	
Total Revenues	20,396,582	7,775,490	108,121	28,280,193	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	3,126,684	-		3,126,684	
Public safety	7,948,498	1	101,997	8,050,495	
Public works	2,263,134		1911/27	2,263,134	
Culture and recreation	2,250,803		300	2,251,103	
Nondepartmental	253,745		300	253,745	
Debt service:	233,743			255,145	
	405,000	100		405,000	
Principal Interest	8,100				
Capital outlay	4,100	4,556,793	535,922	8,100 5,092,715	
Total Expenditures	16,255,964	4,556,793	638,219	21,450,976	
Excess of Revenues Over	4 4 40 540	2 240 407	UF 20, 000)	4 220 247	
(Under) Expenditures	4,140,618	3,218,697	(530,098)	6,829,217	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from sale of assets	1,013,846			1,013,846	
Transfers in	789	545,000	619,500	1,165,289	
Transfers out	(2,798,000)	8	(789)	(2,798,789	
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,783,365)	545,000	618,711	(619,654	
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,357,253	3,763,697	88,613	6,209,563	
Fund Balances, beginning	15,577,607	6,588,500	2,468,463	24,634,570	
Fund Balances, ending	\$ 17,934,860	\$ 10,352,197	\$ 2,557,076	\$ 30,844,133	

Reconciliation of the Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		5	6,209,563
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the			
Statement of Activities is different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,			
on the Statement of Activities, depreciation expense is recognized			
to allocate the cost of these items over their estimated useful lives and reported as			
depreciation expense:			
Capital outlays	5 3,861,181		
Depreciation expense	(2,732,760)		
Donated assets	65,720		
			1,194,141
Governmental funds only report the revenues for sale of assets to the extent proceeds			
are received from the sale. In the Statement of Activities, a gain or loss is reported for each			
sale. This is the net effect of transactions involving capital assets:			
Cost of assets sold	(1,737,609)		
Accumulated depreciation of assets sold	503,752		
			1,233,85
Interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis			
of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This is the amount of the			
decrease in accrued interest payable.			1,350
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds			
while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources			
of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also,			
governmental funds report the effects of premiums, discounts, and similar items when			
debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement			
of Activities:			
Principal repayment	405,000		
Net change in premium and deferred charge on refunding	8,632		
			413,637
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require			
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported			
as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Increase in compensated absences	(25,899)		
Decrease in net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	104,635		
Increase in net other postemployment benefits liability and related deferred outflows and			
inflows of resources	(39,109)		45.65
		_	39,627
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	6,624,456

Enterprise Funds Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Municipal Airport	Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center	Total Enterprise Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Current Assets					
Cash and investments	5 7,160,226	\$ 4,507,256	\$.	5 2,054,129	\$ 13,721,611
Receivables:	4 - (316-11)				4 (0)
Accounts	229,318	150,089	6,518	109,362	495,287
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(41,434)	(26,025)	,	(16,151)	(83,610)
Special assessments	3,138	12,454	9	-	15,592
Payment in lieu of assessments	84,138		-	3	84,138
Grants	6,371	183,801	2,470,779	100	2,660,951
Prepaid expenses	13,291	14,977	2,040	11,447	41,755
Inventory	44,264	76,546	Total Control		120,810
Total Current Assets	7,499,312	4,919,098	2,479,337	2,158,787	17,056,534
Noncurrent Assets					
Prepaid expenses	7,688				7,688
Capital assets, net	27,788,218	13,831,879	12,425,368	13,507,116	67,552,581
Total Noncurrent Assets	27,795,906	13,831,879	12,425,368	13,507,116	67,560,269
Total Assets	35,295,218	18,750,977	14,904,705	15,665,903	84,616,803
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Related to pensions	92,694	115,306	6,625	108,399	323,024
Related to other postemployment benefits	47,384	59,222	8,301	51,655	166,562
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	140,078	174,528	14,926	160,054	489,586
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$35,435,296	\$18,925,505	\$14,919,631	\$ 15,825,957	\$ 85,106,389

Enterprise Funds Statement of Net Position, continued

June 30, 2019		Water Utility		Sewer Utility		Municipal Airport		Curtis D. Menard Memorial orts Center	To Enterpri Fun	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ 21.	210	5	174,291	5	4,217	5	23,855	S	223,573
Accounts payable - capital						34,143		100	1	634,143
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	25.	231		36,246		2,325		35,146		98,948
Compensated absences		520		62,556		5.083		41,321		150,480
Customer deposits		196		16,670		-		7,180		55,046
Accrued interest		012		10,070				1,100		4,012
Unearned revenue		107				5,882		93,646		196,635
Due to other funds		107			3.3	395,228		72,040		1,395,228
Current portion of notes payable	165,	450			10-	775,220				165,450
carrent portion or notes payable	100)	430					_			103,430
Total Current Liabilities	385,	726		289,763	2,0	146,878		201,148		2,923,515
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Notes payable, net of current portion	661,	800								661,800
Net pension liability	552,	631		756,041		51,953		641,014	19	2,001,639
Net other postemployment benefits liability	103,	530		146,882		17,929		114,123		382,464
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,317,	961		902,923		69,882		755,137		3,045,903
Total Liabilities	1,703,	687		,192,686	2,	16,760		956,285		5,969,418
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Related to pensions	7.	515		24,937		639		9,691		42,782
Related to other postemployment benefits		782		56,050		6,324		40,825		139,981
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	44,	297		80,987		6,963		50,516		182,763
Max Paristins										
Net Position	24.040	0.50		024 070	45	13E 300		12 507 445		205 22
Net investment in capital assets	26,960,			3,831,879		125,368		13,507,116		6,725,331
Unrestricted	6,726,	344		3,819,953		370,540		1,312,040	1	2,228,877
Total Net Position	33,687,	312	1	7,651,832	12,7	795,908		14,819,156	7	8,954,208
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resource	s S 35,435,	206	64	3,925,505	644	919,631		15,825,957	66	5,106,389

Enterprise Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2019	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Municipal Airport	Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center	Total Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues	\$ 1,929,774	\$ 1,469,713	\$ 131,022	\$ 873,465	\$ 4,403,974
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and employee benefits	515,648	716,986	48,701	689,181	1,970,516
Other operating expenses	479,947	795,997	122,716	561,625	1,960,285
Depreciation	855,724	517,142	792,623	525,963	2,691,452
Total Operating Expenses	1,851,319	2,030,125	964,040	1,776,769	6,622,253
Operating income (loss)	78,455	(560,412)	(833,018)	(903,304)	(2,218,279)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Payments in lieu of assessments	46,550	2,860			49,410
Interest expense	(14,088)		1	2	(14,088)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,257)	1.1	1	4	(1,257)
Investment income			1.0	3,875	3,875
Debt service assessments	407	2,164	F.	-7.1	2,571
Nonoperating grants		350,201	7		350,201
Plans and studies			2,345		2,345
State PERS relief	7,712	8,784	1,361	8,346	26,203
Other income	107,829	795	- 4	1,000	109,624
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	147,153	364,804	3,706	13,221	528,884
Income (loss) before contributions					
and transfers	225,608	(195,608)	(829,312)	(890,083)	(1,689,395)
Capital contributions	1,152,703	1,500,668	2,619,679	54,838	5,327,888
Transfers in			981,000	700,000	1,681,000
Transfers out	(19,250)	(16,250)	(500)	(11,500)	(47,500)
Change in net position	1,359,061	1,288,810	2,770,867	(146,745)	5,271,993
Net Position, beginning	32,328,251	16,363,022	10,025,041	14,965,901	73,682,215
Net Position, ending	\$ 33,687,312	\$ 17,651,832	\$ 12,795,908	\$ 14,819,156	\$ 78,954,208

Enterprise Funds Statement of Cash Flows

31	atement of C	asu Lions			
Year Ended June 30, 2019	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Municipal Airport	Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center	Total Enterprise Funds
A STATE AND A STATE ASSESSMENT					
Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities					# 10 mm mm
Receipts from customers and users	5 2,048,677	\$ 1,474,755	\$ 131,548	\$ 803,789	5 4,458,769
Payments to suppliers	(464,919)	(718,359)	(165,698)	(558,626)	(1,907,602
Payments to employees	(501,989)	(709,125)	(47,224)	(667,783)	(1,926,121
Net cash flows from (for) operating activities	1,081,769	47,271	(81,374)	(422,620)	625,046
Cash Flows from (for) Noncapital Financing Activities					
Nonoperating grants received	-	441,939	425		442,364
Increase in due to other funds		4	1,395,228	100	1,395,228
Transfers in		-	981,000	700,000	1,681,000
Transfers out	(19,250)	(16,250)	(500)	(11,500)	(47,500
Net cash flows from (for) noncapital					
financing activities	(19,250)	425,689	2,376,153	688,500	3,471,092
Cash Flows from (for) Capital and Related					
Financing Activities					
Principal paid on notes payable	(165,450)		- 10		(165,450
Interest paid on notes payable	(14,890)		- 174		(14,890
Special assessments received	3,972	9,106	100	-2-	13,078
Payments in lieu of assessments received	46,781	2,860			49,641
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(49,957)	(826,041)	(3,101,194)	(426, 485)	(4,403,677
Capital contributions received	125,794	826,041	148,900	60,852	1,161,587
Net cash flows from (for) capital and					
related financing activities	(53,750)	11,966	(2,952,294)	(365,633)	(3,359,711
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Investment income received	V.	2	34	3,875	3,875
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	1,008,769	484,926	(657,515)	(95,878)	740,302
Cash and Investments, beginning	6,151,457	4,022,330	657,515	2,150,007	12,981,309
Cash and Investments, ending	\$ 7,160,226	5 4,507,256	\$.	\$ 2,054,129	5 13,721,611

City of Wasilla, Alaska Enterprise Funds Statement of Cash Flows, continued

		Water		Sewer		Municipal		Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports		Total Enterprise	
Year Ended June 30, 2019		Utility		Utility		Airport		Center		Funds	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net											
Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities											
Operating income (loss)	5	78,455	5	(560,412)	S.	(833,018)	5	(903,304)	51	2,218,279)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating											
income (loss) to net cash flows from (for)											
operating activities:											
Depreciation		855,724		517,142		792,623		525,963		2,691,452	
State of Alaska on-behalf payments - PERS relief		7,712		8,784		1,361		8,346		26,203	
Nonoperating revenues		107,829		795		2,345		1,000		111,969	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities											
that provided (used) cash:											
Accounts receivable and related allowance		(5,896)		2,577		805		(68,235)		(70,749)	
Inventory		4,435		(12,489)						(8,054)	
Prepaid expenses		1,693		(807)		(117)		(97)		672	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(27,386)		(31,191)		(4,835)		(29,636)		(93,048	
Deferred outflows of resources related to											
other postemployment benefits		(34,756)		(39,585)		(6,135)		(37,611)		(118,087	
Accounts payable		8,900		90,934		(42,865)		3,096		60,065	
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		3,421		2,692		(11)		4,399		10,501	
Compensated absences		5,724		27		691		12,112		18,554	
Customer deposits		16,196		1,670				1,330		19,196	
Unearned revenue		774				(2,624)		(3,771)		(5,621	
Net pension liability		56,268		64,086		9,933		60,891		191,178	
Net other postemployment benefits liability		33,907		38,618		5,986		36,693		115,204	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(33,988)		(38,710)		(6,000)		(36,780)		(115,478	
Deferred inflows of resources related to other											
postemployment benefits		2,757		3,140		487		2,984		9,368	
Net Cash Flows from (for) Operating Activities	s	1,081,769	s	47,271	Ş	(81,374)	\$	(422,620)	\$	625,046	
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities											
Water extensions and other assets contributed by developers Sewer extensions and other assets contributed by developers	5	1,117,747	\$	674,626	5	1	5	- 1	5	1,117,747 674,626	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) General

The accompanying financial statements include all activities of the City of Wasilla (the City), a municipal corporation operating as a first class city under the provisions of Alaska statutes. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

(b) Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of the City of Wasilla. There are no component units.

(c) Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely primarily on fees and charges to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines, and charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be reported in another fund.
- The Miscellaneous Capital Projects Fund accounts for various capital project activities of the City.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Water Utility Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City water system.
- The Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the wastewater utility.
- The Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of Wasilla Municipal Airport.
- The Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the recreational sports complex facility.

(d) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers all revenues except reimbursement grants to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Reimbursement grants are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on general long-term liabilities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue in the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received by the government.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are allocated administration fees and charges between the enterprise funds and the various other funds and departments. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Enterprise Funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(e) Budgets

The annual City operating budget is prepared by management in the spring preceding the fiscal year to which it relates. All funds are budgeted on an annual basis encompassing a fiscal year, with the exception of the Cemetery Permanent Fund, for which no budget is prepared. The Capital Project Funds have project-length budgets. The budget is submitted to the City Council for review and approval. Legal enactment of the budget is obtained through passage of a City ordinance. Amendments to the budget can occur any time during the fiscal year through City Council action. The legal level of budgetary control for all funds is at the function or activity level. All appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year to the extent that they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered, except for capital projects.

Annual budgets for the General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds are legally adopted on the same modified accrual basis used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures.

Annual budgets are also adopted for the Enterprise Funds. However, GAAP do not require the adoption of budgets for Enterprise Funds, and budgetary comparisons are not included for these funds since the measurement focus is on determination of net income and financial position.

(f) Assets and Liabilities

Deposits and Investments

The City utilizes a central treasury that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of the central treasury is displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash and investments," or is included in "Due to other funds," if negative.

The cash transactions of the City's funds are handled primarily in a single central treasury account. Realized investment earnings, when applicable, are allocated among the funds based on their respective equity in the central treasury.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. The central treasury, which holds cash and investments, is used essentially as a cash management pool by each fund.

Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market funds, which are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is determined based on quoted market prices.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The City is authorized to invest in, and with maturities up to, the following:

- U.S. government obligations, U.S. government agency obligations, and U.S. government
 instrumentality obligations, which have a liquid market with a readily determinable market
 value and are insured or guaranteed by the United States or agencies or instrumentalities of
 the United States 5 years. Securities in these asset classes with maturities longer than five
 years would be permitted if they have coupon rates that adjust periodically.
- Repurchase agreements that are documented by a written agreement, and are fully collateralized by delivery of government-related obligations, to an independent third-party custodian, which meet a margin requirement of one hundred two percent (102%) of the principal and unpaid accrued interest - 2 years.
- Certificates of deposit and other deposits at banks and savings and loan associations collateralized between 100% and 107%, depending on collateralized type -3 years.
- Uncollateralized deposits at banks and savings and loan associations, to the extent that the
 deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or the Federal Savings
 and Loan Insurance Corporation 3 years.
- Bonds and notes which are issued by any state or political subdivision thereof, and which are rated A or higher by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization - 5 years.
- Prime commercial paper graded A1 or higher by Moody's Investor's Service, Inc., and A1 or higher by Standard and Poor's Corporation, or equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization - 270 days.
- Prime bankers' acceptances offered by the fifty (50) largest banks 180 days.
- U.S. dollar denominated corporate obligations issued by corporations organized and operated within the United States - 5 years.

Corporate obligations shall be rated as follows:

- A. 1 year or less-A rated by two major nationally recognized statistical rating agencies;
- B. 1-2 years-AA rated by at least one major nationally recognized statistical rating agency;
- C. 2-4 years-AA rated by two major nationally recognized statistical rating agencies; and
- D. 4-5 years-AAA rated by two major nationally recognized statistical rating agencies.
- Money market mutual funds that adhere to SEC rule 2a-7.
- The Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool (AMLIP), Inc., made in accordance with the terms
 of that pool's "Common Investment Agreement."
- Special assessments of the City authorized by Chapter 5.20. Total principal investment is not
 to exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) at the end of any fiscal year. The rate
 the City shall receive when investing in special assessments is the prime rate plus two percent
 on the date the ordinance confirming the assessment roll is enacted by the council.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." All amounts due to/from other funds are short term in nature.

Trade receivables for the Water, Sewer and Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center Funds are shown along with an allowance for doubtful accounts. Trade accounts receivables in excess of 90 days outstanding are determined to be uncollectible and are included in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories in the enterprise funds consist of supplies and materials. All inventories are valued using the average cost method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The prepaid assets do not reflect current available resources and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is classified as nonspendable in the governmental fund financial statements. Prepaid items and expenses are based on the consumption method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which includes, property, plant, equipment, system infrastructure (e.g., roads, streets, lighting, etc.), and sewer and water infrastructure (e.g., treatment centers, pipes, tanks, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in 2019.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the useful life of the asset are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	15-50 years
System infrastructure	20-50 years
Sewer and water infrastructure and equipment	50-60 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave benefits. All annual leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Unearned Grant Revenue

Amounts received from grantor agencies that are restricted as to use and have not been expended for the intended use are shown as unearned revenue.

Bond Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective-interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in the fund statements and as expenses in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements.

(g) Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension and net OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(h) Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Generally, the City reports deferred charges on bond refunding and certain pension and OPEB related items as deferred outflows of resources. These items are amortized to expense over time.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

In addition to the liabilities, the financial statements may also present deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until later. The City reports certain pension and OPEB related items as deferred inflows of resources. These items are amortized as a reduction of expense over varying periods of time based on their nature,

(i) Equity

Fund Balance Components

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Nonspendable

Includes amounts either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This would include inventory, prepaid items, corpus of endowments, and long-term loans and notes receivable.

Restricted

Reflects the same definition as restricted net position: constraints placed on the use of amounts are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. This would generally include amounts in bonded capital projects funds and debt service funds.

Committed

Includes amounts that are committed for specific purposes by approval of the City Council through ordinances. Amounts classified as committed are not subject to legal enforceability like restricted fund balance; however, those amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council rescinds or changes the limitation by approval through ordinance.

Included in committed are amounts in excess of stabilization of funds that are formally set aside by City ordinance for use in capital projects. The amounts in excess of stabilization of funds amount is determined based on the amount in the General Fund balance in excess of the maximum unassigned fund balance for the succeeding fiscal year, as defined.

Assigned

Amounts that are intended by the City to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor limited, are reported as assigned fund balance. The finance director is given authority by Municipal Code to make the determination of assigned fund balances, including removal and modification of assigned amounts. This would include any activity reported in a fund other than the General Fund that is not otherwise restricted more narrowly by the above definitions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Unassigned

Includes any remaining amounts after applying the above definitions. Only the General Fund has unassigned fund balance.

Spending Policy

The City's spending policy is to spend restricted fund balance first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance.

(i) Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is displayed in three components as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted

This consists of net position that is legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources when they are needed.

Unrestricted

This consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

(k) Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on the assessed value of taxable property as of January 1 and are payable in two installments in August and February. An enforceable lien is attached on all taxable property as of January 1. The Matanuska-Susitna Borough bills and collects all property taxes for the City. The property tax for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, held a zero mill rate.

Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues

Grants and other intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

2. Deposits and Investments

(a) Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the City had the following investments:

				Invest	ment Maturiti	es	
Investment Type		Fair value		Less than 1 year	1-5 Years	More than 5 years	
Money market funds	\$	100,106	\$	100,106 \$	-\$		
Certificates of deposit		751,197		751,197			
U.S. treasuries		9,937,145		200	9,937,145	337 36	
U.S. government agencies		6,925,555		751	1,859,177	5,065,627	
Corporate bonds		3,497,872		3,497,872			
AMLIP pooled investments		6,685,637		6,685,637	7		
Total Subject to Interest Rate Risk	5	27,897,512	\$	11,035,563 \$	11,796,322 \$	5,065,627	

(b) Fair Value Measurement

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

U.S. treasury securities of \$9,937,145 are valued using models with various inputs such as but not limited to daily cash flow, snapshots of market indices and spread scales (Level 2 inputs)

U.S. government agency securities of \$6,925,555 are valued using models with various inputs such as but not limited to daily cash flow, snapshots of market indices and spread scales (Level 2 inputs)

Corporate bonds of \$3,497,872 are valued using models with various inputs such as but not limited to daily cash flow, snapshots of market indices and spread scales (Level 2 inputs)

The City has investments in money market funds and certificates of deposits totaling \$851,303 that are not held at fair value, but instead recorded at amortized cost, as of June 30, 2019. The City's investment in AMLIP of \$6,685,637 is measured at net asset value, as of June 30, 2019. Management believes these values approximate fair value.

(c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the duration of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City has no formal policy relating to interest rate risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(d) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of an investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Alaska State law does not have specific investment limitations. The City's policy does limit investments to specified ratings based on instrument type as defined in note 1(f).

At June 30, 2019, the City's corporate bond investments were rated as follows:

Investment	Standard and Poor's	Moody's Investor Service			
Corporate bonds	AA- to A-	Aa3 to A1			

The AMLIP is an external investment pool, which is rated AAAm for credit risk purposes. Alaska Statute 37.23 establishes regulatory oversight of the Pool. The law sets forth numerous requirements regarding authorized investments and reporting. The Pool is incorporated in the State of Alaska as a nonprofit corporation and reports to a board of directors. Alaska Statute 37.23.050 requires the retention of an investment manager.

The manager is required to produce monthly disclosure statements on the Pool. The Pool also has retained an investment adviser who monitors the performance of the investment manager to ensure compliance with investment policies. All participation in the Pool is voluntary. The Pool must maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity of 90 days or less, and only purchase instruments having remaining maturities of 397 days or less. On a monthly basis, the investments in the Pool are reviewed for fair value by an independent pricing service. As of June 30, 2019, the fair value of the investments in the Pool approximates amortized cost and is equal to the value of Pool shares.

(e) Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The City has no investments from any one issuer that represents 5% or more of total investments other than U.S. government securities.

(f) Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is to collateralize its primary demand deposit account for 102% of the uninsured balance. As of June 30, 2019, the City's had no bank deposits that were not insured or collateralized.

(g) Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is a risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City had no debt securities exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2019 because the investments were held by a custodian in the name of the City.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(h) Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position

Deposits and investments are reported as follows on the statement of net position, as of June 30, 2019:

Cash and Investments	\$	40,930,245
Deposits and investments are comprised of the following as of June 30, 2019:		
Carrying value of bank deposits Petty cash accounts	\$	13,029,563 3,170
Investments	_	27,897,512
Total Cash and Investments	\$	40,930,245

3. Land Held for Resale

In 2016, the City acquired a large parcel of land for a capital project of which approximately 7 acres was deemed excess and planned to be resold to the private sector. Proceeds from the sale shall be used toward the project. The land was recorded as an asset held for resale. In 2019, the City had the land value reassessed which resulted in a write down to a book value of \$695,200, which approximates net realizable value.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Governmental Activities		Balance July 1, 2018		Additions	Deletions		Balance June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	5	14,456,200	\$	42,060	\$ 	5	14,498,260
Construction in progress		1,494,595	_	3,793,951	(1,254,299)	_	4,034,247
Total capital assets not being depreciated		15,950,795		3,836,011	(1,254,299)		18,532,507
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings Office furniture and		24,378,938		96,972	(1,560,235)		22,915,675
equipment		3,391,669		606,270			3,997,939
Vehicles and equipment		6,581,455		248,992	(177, 374)		6,653,073
Infrastructure		37,617,785		392,955			38,010,740
Total capital assets being depreciated		71,969,847		1,345,189	(1,737,609)		71,577,427
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings Office furniture and		4,022,675		498,355	(330,158)		4,190,872
equipment		2,067,868		420,147			2,488,015
Vehicles and equipment		4,291,101		527,911	(173,594)		4,645,418
Infrastructure		17,784,635		1,286,347	×		19,070,982
Total accumulated depreciation		28,166,279		2,732,760	(503,752)		30,395,287
depreciation		20,100,277		2,732,700	(303,732)		30,373,207
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		43,803,568		(1,387,571)	(1,233,857)		41,182,140
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, net	\$	59,754,363	\$	2,448,440	\$ (2,488,156)	\$	59,714,647

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Business-type Activities	Balance July 1, 2018		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being							
depreciated;							
Land	\$ 4,429,707	5	905,587	5		5	5,335,294
Construction in progress	266,969	1	5,037,821		(2,393,228)	120	2,911,562
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,696,676		5,943,408		(2,393,228)		8,246,856
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Land improvements	16,217,168		159,400		1.0		16,376,568
Buildings	18,060,782		362,177		5		18,422,959
Treatment system	8,111,871		825,793				8,937,664
Collection/distribution	43,814,822		1,757,919		-		45,572,741
Water tank and fence	6,847,577		1 P		-		6,847,577
Wells/well house	1,325,146		-		~		1,325,146
Vehicles and equipment	8,044,356		174,724		(43,758)		8,175,322
Total capital assets being							
depreciated	102,421,722		3,280,013		(43,758)	- 7	105,657,977
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements	9,697,113		576,559		-		10,273,672
Buildings	5,433,941		484,929				5,918,870
Treatment system	3,938,814		179,168		.21		4,117,982
Collection/distribution	15,746,725		902,333				16,649,058
Water tank and fence	2,697,129		137,298		-		2,834,427
Wells/well house	310,555		25,441		2		335,996
Vehicles and equipment	5,879,024	_	385,724	_	(42,501)	_	6,222,247
Total accumulated							
depreciation	43,703,301		2,691,452		(42,501)		46,352,252
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	58,718,421		588,561		(1,257)		59,305,725
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 63,415,097	\$	6,531,969	\$	(2,394,485)	\$	67,552,581

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions as follows for the year ended June 30, 2019:

General government	\$	117,623
Public safety		508,533
Public works		1,575,579
Culture and recreation		531,025
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	2,732,760
Business-type Activities		
Water utility	5	855,724
Sewer utility		517,142
Municipal airport		792,623
Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center		525,963
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$	2,691,452
5. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers		
5. Interfulid Receivables, Fayables, and Transfers		
A schedule of interfund balance and transfers for the year ended June 3	n 2019 follows	

\$ 1,395,228

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Due to the General Fund for short-term operating advances from the

Due From Other Funds

Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Transfers		
From the General Fund to:		
Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center Enterprise Fund to subsidize operations	S	700,000
Miscellaneous Capital Projects Fund for purchases of equipment, land and property improvements		545,000
Nonmajor governmental funds for road projects, vehicle and technology replacement		572,000
Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund to acquire a 70-acre parcel of land		981,000
From nonmajor governmental funds to The General Fund for operations		789
From the Water Utility Enterprise Fund to nonmajor governmental funds for vehicle and technology replacement		19,250
From the Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund to nonmajor governmental funds for vehicle and technology replacement		16,250
From the Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund to nonmajor governmental funds for technology replacement		500
From the Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center Enterprise Fund to nonmajor governmental funds for technology replacement		11,500
Total Transfers to Other Funds	\$	2,846,289

6. Long-term Liabilities

(a) General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. In 2019, the City paid the final installment due on 2016 Series Three refunding bonds. As of June 30, 2019, the City has no general obligation bonds outstanding.

(b) ADEC Loans

The City participates in the Alaska Drinking Water Fund, a federally sponsored loan program administered by the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC). The City borrowed under this program for various water projects, as follows:

	Lo	an Principal
\$3,309,000 Water loan payable, due in annual installments of \$165,450		
through March 4, 2024, plus interest at 1.5%	\$	827,250

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the ADEC loan is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total		
2020	\$	165,450	\$	12,409	\$ 177,859		
2021		165,450		9,926	175,376		
2022		165,450		7,445	172,895		
2023		165,450		4,964	170,414		
2024		165,450		2,482	167,932		
	\$	827,250	\$	37,226	\$ 864,476		

(c) Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental Activities		Balance July 1, 2018	1	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Issuance premiums	S	405,000 8,744	\$		\$ (405,000) (8,744)	\$:	\$ 3
Total bonds payable		413,744			(413,744)		>-
Compensated absences		701,274		833,082	(807,183)	727,173	727,173
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,115,018	\$	833,082	\$ (1,220,927)	\$ 727,173	\$ 727,173
Business-type Activities		Balance July 1, 2018		Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year
ADEC loans Compensated absences	\$	992,700 131,926	\$	138,535	\$ (165,450) (119,981)	\$ 827,250 150,480	\$ 165,450 150,480
Total Business-type Activities	\$	1,124,626	\$	138,535	\$ (285,431)	\$ 977,730	\$ 315,930

For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(d) Conduit Revenue Bonds

On November 27, 2000, the City Council authorized the issuance of nonrecourse revenue bonds for the purpose of providing funds to loan to the Southcentral Foundation to finance the construction of a facility. The bonds were issued in the amount of \$9,800,000. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$1,539,546.

On October 27, 2014, the City Council authorized the issuance of nonrecourse revenue bonds for the purpose of providing funds to loan to the Southcentral Foundation to finance the construction of a facility. The bonds were issued in the amount of \$9,500,000. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$8,092,639

On February 13, 2017, the City Council authorized the issuance of nonrecourse revenue bonds for the purpose of providing funds to loan to the Southcentral Foundation to finance a facility. The bonds were issued in the amount not to exceed \$55,000,000. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2019 was \$36,918,026.

7. Retirement Plans

(a) Defined Benefit (DB) Pension Plan

General Information About the Plan

The City participates in the Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). PERS is a costsharing multiple employer plan which covers eligible State and local government employees, other than teachers. The Plan was established and is administered by the State of Alaska Department of Administration. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

The Plan is included in a comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and other required supplemental information. That report is available via the internet at http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers. Actuarial valuation reports, audited financial statements, and other detailed plan information are also available on this website.

The Plan provides for retirement, death and disability, and postemployment healthcare benefits. There are three tiers of employees, based on entry date. For all tiers within the Defined Benefit (DB) plan, full retirement benefits are generally calculated using a formula comprised of a multiplier times the average monthly salary (AMS) times the number of years of service. The multiplier is increased at longevity milestone markers for most employees. Police/Fire employees accrue benefits at an accelerated rate. The tiers within the Plan establish differing criteria regarding normal retirement age, early retirement age, and the criteria for calculation of AMS, COLA adjustments, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). A complete benefit comparison chart is available at the website noted above.

The PERS DB Plan was closed to new entrants effective July 1, 2006. New employees hired after that date participate in the PERS Defined Contribution (DC) Plan described later in these notes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Historical Context and Special Funding Situation

In April 2008, the Alaska Legislature passed legislation converting the previously existing PERS plan from an agent-multiple employer plan to a cost-sharing plan with an effective date of July 1, 2008. In connection with this conversion, the State of Alaska passed additional legislation which statutorily capped the employer contribution rate, established a state funded "on-behalf" contribution (subject to funding availability), and required that employer contributions be calculated against all PERS eligible wages, including wages paid to participants of the PERS Tier IV defined contribution plan described later in these notes. The Alaska Legislature has the power and authority to change the aforementioned statute through the legislative process.

Alaska Statute 39.35.280 requires the State of Alaska to contribute to the Plan an amount such that, when combined with the employer contribution, is sufficient to pay the Plan's past service liability contribution rate as adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board. As such, the Plan is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB, and management has recorded all pension related liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and disclosures on this basis.

The City recorded the related on-behalf contributions as revenue and expense or expenditures as prescribed by GAAP, pursuant to the relevant basis of accounting based on fund type.

Employee Contribution Rates

Regular employees are required to contribute 6.75% of their annual covered salary. Police officers and firefighters are required to contribute 7.50% of their annual covered salary.

Employer and Other Contribution Rates

There are several contribution rates associated with the pension contributions and healthcare contributions and related liabilities. These amounts are calculated on an annual basis.

Employer Effective Rate: This is the contractual employer pay-in rate. Under current legislation, the amount calculated for the statutory employer effective contribution rate is 22% on eligible wages. This 22% rate is calculated on all PERS participating wages, including those wages attributable to employees in the defined contribution plan. Contributions derived from the defined contribution employee payroll are referred to as the Defined Benefit Unfunded Liability or DBUL contribution.

ARM Board Adopted Rate: This is the rate formally adopted by the Alaska Retirement Management Board. This rate is actuarially determined and used to calculate annual Plan funding requirements, without regard to the statutory rate cap or the GASB accounting rate. Effective July 1, 2015, the Legislature requires the ARM Board to adopt employer contribution rates for past service liabilities using a level percent of pay method over a closed 25 year term which ends in 2039. This change results in lower ARM Board Rates than previously adopted.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

On-behalf Contribution Rate: This is the rate paid in by the State as an on-behalf payment under the current statute. The statute requires the State to contribute, based on funding availability, an on-behalf amount equal to the difference between the ARM Board Rate and the Employer Effective Rate. In the governmental fund financial statements, on-behalf contribution amounts have been recognized as additional revenues and expenditures. In the proprietary fund and government-wide financial statements, the on-behalf amounts reflect revenue and expense only during the measurement period in which the Plan recognizes the payments, resulting in a significant timing difference between the cash transfers and revenue and expense recognition.

GASB Rate: This is the rate used to determine the long-term pension liability for plan accounting purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as established by GASB. Certain actuarial methods and assumptions for this rate calculation are mandated by GASB. For 2019, the rate uses an 8% pension discount rate.

The GASB Rate and the ARM Board Adopted Rate differ significantly as a direct result of variances in the actuarial methods and assumptions used.

Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019 were determined in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuations. The City's contribution rates for the 2019 fiscal year were as follows:

	Employer Effective Rate	ARM Board Adopted Rate	State Contribution Rate		
Pension	16.17%	23.21%	5.58%		
Postemployment healthcare (ARHCT)	5.83%	4.37%	0.00%		
Total Contribution Rates	22.00%	27.58%	5.58%		

In 2019, the City was credited with the following contributions to the pension plan:

	Measurement Period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018	City Fiscal Year July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019
Employer contributions (including DBUL) Nonemployer contributions (on-behalf)	\$ 1,051,897 267,728	\$ 1,022,635 514,599
Total Contributions	\$ 1,319,625	\$ 1,537,234

In addition, employee contributions to the Plan totaled \$226,755 during the City's fiscal year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City for its proportional share, the related State proportion, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

	2019
City proportionate share of NPL	\$ 13,580,031
State's proportionate share of NPL associated with the City	3,935,557
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 17,515,588

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 to calculate the net pension liability as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, including the State, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the City's proportion was 0.27329 percent, which was an increase of 0.036604 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,107,559 and on-behalf revenue of \$184,270 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		eferred outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	(340,832)
Changes in assumptions				-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		299,921		
Changes in proportion and differences between City				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		786,313		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,	022,635		
Total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions		108,869	S	(340,832

The \$1,022,635 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(13,149)
(232,383)
163,995
\$ 826,939
\$

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal; level percentage of payroll
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed
Inflation	3.12%
Salary increases	For peace officer/firefighter, increases range from 9.66% to 4.92% based on service. For all others, increases range from 8.55% to 4.34% based on age and service.
Allocation methodology	Amounts for FY 2018 were allocated to employers based on the ratio of the present value of projected future contributions for each employer to the total present value of projected future contributions for the fiscal years 2019 to 2039 to the Plan. The liability is expected to go to zero at 2039.
Investment return / Discount rate	8.00%, net of pension plan investment expenses. This is based on an average inflation rate of 3.12% and a real rate of return of 4.88%.
Mortality	Pre-termination - Based on the 2010-2013 actual mortality experience, 60% of male and 65% of female post-termination rates. Deaths are assumed to be occupational 70% of the time for peace officers/firefighters, 50% of the time for others. Post-termination - 96% of all rates of the RP-2000 table, 2000 Base Year projected to 2018 with Projection Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation (latest available) were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation report are the same as those used in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below exclude the inflation component):

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	24%	8.90%
Global ex-U.S. equity	22%	7.85%
Fixed income	10%	1.25%
Opportunistic	10%	4.76%
Real assets	17%	6.20%
Absolute return	7%	4.76%
Private equity	9%	12.08%
Cash equivalents	1%	0.66%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy, which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Proportional Share	1% Decrease (7.00%)	C	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)		1% Increase (9.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.27329%	\$ 17,983,388	5	13,580,031	5	9,855,324

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(b) Defined Contribution (DC) Pension Plan

Employees hired after July 1, 2006 participate in PERS Tier IV, a defined contribution plan. This Plan is administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration in conjunction with the defined benefit plan noted above. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature. The Alaska Retirement Management Board may also amend contribution requirements. Included in the Plan are individual pension accounts, a retiree medical insurance plan and a separate Health Reimbursement Arrangement account that will help retired members pay medical premiums and other eligible medical expenses not covered by the medical plan. This Plan is included in the comprehensive annual financial report for PERS, and at the following website, as noted above. http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers.

Contributions to the DC plan consist solely of employer and employee contributions with no special funding or other nonemployer contributions. In addition, actual remittances to the PERS system require that the City contribute at 22%. After deducting the DC plan contributions (and related OPEB contributions), the remaining remittance (the DBUL) is deposited into the DB plan as noted earlier.

Benefit Terms

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and vest 25% with two years of service, plus an additional 25% per year thereafter for full vesting at five years of service. Nonvested employer contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment from the Plan. Such forfeitures were applied in the year ended June 30, 2019 to cover a portion of the City's employer match contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, forfeitures reduced pension expense by \$118,982.

Employee Contribution Rate

Employees are required to contribute 8% of their annual covered salary. This amount goes directly to the individual's account.

Employer Contribution Rate

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City was required to contribute 5% of covered salary into the Plan.

The City and employee contributions to PERS for pensions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$269,875 and \$431,799, respectively. The City contribution amount was recognized as pension expense/expenditures.

(c) Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

As part of its participation in PERS, the City participates in the following cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans: Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust (ARHCT), Retiree Medical Plan (RMP) and Occupational Death and Disability Plan (ODD). The ARHCT is a self-insured and self-funded and provides major medical coverage to retirees of the DB Plan. The ARHCT plan was closed to all new entrants effective July 1, 2006. Benefits vary by Tier level. The RMP is self-insured and provides major medical coverage to retirees of the PERS DC Plan (Tier IV). The ODD provides death benefits for beneficiaries of plan participants and long-term disability benefits to all active members within PERS. The Plans are administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Administration. The OPEB plans are included in the comprehensive annual financial report for PERS, at the following website, as noted above. http://doa.alaska.gov/drb/pers.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Contribution Rates

Employer contribution rates are actuarily determined and adopted by and may be amended by the Board. Employees do not contribute.

Employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Other	Police/Fire
Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust	5.83%	5.83%
Retiree Medical Plan	0.94%	0.94%
Occupational Death and Disability Benefits	0.26%	0.76%
Total Contribution Rates	7.03%	7.53%

In 2019, the City was credited with the following contributions to the OPEB plans:

	Measurem Ju Jun	City Fiscal Year July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019		
Employer contributions - ARHCT Employer contributions - RMP Employer contributions - ODD Nonemployer contributions (on-behalf)- ARHCT	\$	299,834 47,095 9,932	\$	369,635 50,736 19,310
Total Contributions	\$	356,861	\$	439,681

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities (NOL) that reflected a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the City. The amount recognized by the City for its proportional share, the related State proportion, and the total were as follows:

	2019
City's proportionate share of NOL - ARHCT	\$ 2,804,738
City's proportionate share of NOL - RMP City's proportionate share of NOL (Asset) - ODD	51,408 (78,463)
Total City's Proportionate Share of NOL (Asset)	2,777,683
State's proportionate share of the ARHCT NOL associated with the City	813,279
Total Net OPEB Liabilities	\$ 3,590,962

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The total OPEB liabilities for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 to calculate the net OPEB liabilities as of that date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities were based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

	June 30, 2017 Measurement Date Employer Proportion	June 30, 2018 Measurement Date Employer Proportion	Change
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities (asset):			
ARHCT	0.23680%	0.27329%	0.03649%
RMP	0,36639%	0,40399%	0.03760%
ODD	0.36639%	0.40399%	0.03760%

As a result of its requirement to contribute to the plans, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,053,506 and on-behalf revenue of \$106,767 for support provided by the State associated with the ARHCT plan.

At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB plans from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	5		\$ (324,581)
Changes in assumptions		449,323	7 - 12 - 1
Changes in benefits			**
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on OPEB plan investments		-	(604,606)
Changes in proportion and differences between City			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		298,285	(98, 244)
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		439,681	0,737.0
Total Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Related to OPEB Plans	\$	1,187,289	\$ (1,027,431)

The \$439,681 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Total Amortization	5 12	79,823
Thereafter		(264)
2024		(135)
2023	(13,140)
2022	(1)	97,336)
2021	(38,807)
2020	5 (30,141)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for each plan the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Inflation	Entry age normal; level percentage of payroll Level dollar, closed 3.12%
Salary increases	Graded by service, from 9.66% to 4.92% for Peace Officer/ Firefighter. Graded by service from 8.55% to 4.34% for all others
Allocation methodology	Amounts for 2018 were allocated to employers based on the projected present value of contributions for FY2019-FY2039. The liability is expected to go to zero at 2039.
Investment return / Discount rate	8.00%, net of postemployment healthcare plan investment expenses. This is based on an average inflation rate of 3.12% and a real rate of return of 4.88%.
Healthcare cost trend rates	Pre-65 medical: 8.0% grading down to 4.0% Post-65 medical: 5.5% grading down to 4.0% Prescription drug: 9.0% grading down to 4.0% RDS/EGWP:6.5% grading down to 4.0%
Mortality	Pre-termination - Based on the 2010-2013 actual mortality experience, 60% of male and 65% of female post-termination rates. Deaths are assumed to be occupational 70% of the time for peace officers/firefighters, 50% of the time for all others. Post-termination - 96% of all rates of the RP-2000 table, 2000 Base Year projected to 2018 with Projection Scale BB.
Participation (ARHCT)	100% system paid of members and their spouses are assumed to elect the healthcare benefits paid as soon as they are eligible. 10% of non-system paid members and their spouses are assumed to elect the healthcare benefits as soon as they are eligible.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation are the same as those used in the June 30, 2016 valuation with the following exceptions:

- The medical trend rate assumption was updated to reflect anticipated increases in costs based on recent survey data.
- An obligation for the Cadillac Tax was added to the June 30, 2017 valuation because it was
 no longer deemed immaterial due to the updated trend rates and the change to use chained
 Consumer Price Index (which was part of the Tax Cut and Jobs Act passed in December 2017)
 to project the tax thresholds in future years.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for each plan was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of postretirement healthcare plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the plans' targeted asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below exclude the inflation component):

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Broad domestic equity	24%	8.90%
Global ex-U.S. equity	22%	7.85%
Fixed income	10%	1.25%
Opportunistic	10%	4.76%
Real assets	17%	6.20%
Absolute return	7%	4.76%
Private equity	9%	12.08%
Cash equivalents	1%	0.66%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for each plan was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position or each plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability for each plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the respective plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Proportional Share	1	% Decrease (7.00%)	I	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)	1	% Increase (9.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset): ARHCT RMP ODD	0.27329% 0.40399% 0.40399%	\$ \$	5,678,189 153,517 (73,680)	550	2,804,738 51,408 (78,463)	555	396,199 (28,235) (82,398)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liabilities calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the respective plan's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Proportional Share		% Decrease		Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset):						
ARHCT	0.27329%	5	54,445	5	2,804,738	\$ 6,117,734
RMP	0.40399%	5	(43,708)	5	51,408	\$ 178,701
ODD	0.40399%	5	n/a	\$	n/a	\$ n/a

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

(d) Defined Contribution OPEB Plans

PERS defined contribution members also participate in the Health Reimbursement Arrangement Plan (HRA Plan). The HRA Plan allows for medical care expenses to be reimbursed from individual savings accounts established for eligible persons. The HRA Plan became effective July 1, 2006 at which time contributions by employers began.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Contribution Rate

AS 39.30.370 establishes this contribution amount as "three percent of the average annual employee compensation of *all employees of all employers* in the plan". As of July 1, 2018, for actual remittance, this amount is calculated as a flat rate for each full-time or part-time employee per pay period and approximates \$2,103 per year for each full-time employee, and \$1.35 per hour for part-time employees, Employees do not contribute to the DC OPEB plans.

Annual Postemployment Healthcare Cost

In 2019, the City contributed \$167,952 in DC OPEB costs. These amounts have been recognized as expense/expenditures.

(e) Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all full-time City employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. In accordance with the Internal Revenue Code, all assets and income of the Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The City does not report these assets and income in the financial statements. The City believes that the Plan does not meet the reporting criteria for inclusion as a fiduciary fund.

8. Risk Management

The City faces various risks of loss, including (a) damage to and loss of property and contents, (b) employee torts, (c) professional liability; i.e., errors and omissions, (d) environmental damage, (e) workers' compensation; i.e., employee injuries, and (f) medical insurance costs of employees. Commercial policies, transferring the risk of loss, except for relatively small deductible amounts, are purchased for employee medical costs.

The City is a member of Alaska Public Entity Insurance (APEI), a governmental insurance pool. APEI provides the City coverage for property, including building and contents, automobiles, mobile equipment, and data processing equipment; casualty, including general liability, public officials and employees, liability, law enforcement professional liability, auto liability, and employee benefit liability; workers' compensation, including employers liability; and commercial blanket bond. The City also has boiler and machinery, and airport liability coverage. The City has no coverage for potential losses from environmental damages.

APEI is a public entity risk pool organized to share risks among its members. APEI's bylaws provide for the assessment of supplemental contributions from members in the event that losses and expenses for any coverage year exceed the annual contributions and income earned on such contributions for the year. Such supplemental contributions shall be based upon each member's annual deposit contribution in comparison to the aggregate annual deposit contributions of all members. APEI made no supplemental assessments during the year ended June 30, 2019. Coverage limits and the deductibles on the policies have stayed relatively constant for the past few years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

9. Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Commitments

Encumbrances outstanding at year-end, including purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of moneys, are reported as assigned fund balances in the governmental funds. Outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Governmental funds: General Fund Miscellaneous Capital Projects Fund Nonmajor funds	\$	27,659 4,006,661 90,310
Total Governmental Funds	\$	4,124,630
Proprietary funds: Water utility	5	12,786
Sewer utility Municipal airport		688,923 1,094,748
Total Proprietary Funds	\$	1,796,457

(b) Litigation

The City, in the normal course of its activities, is involved in various claims and pending litigation and has accrued amounts it considers sufficient to cover settlements that may be payable as a result of unfavorable outcomes. The City intends to vigorously defend actions against it and pursue claims in its favor, and in the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

(c) Grants

The City receives numerous grants, which are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. Management believes that such disallowances, if any, would not be material.

(d) Arbitration

No grievances were filed against the City during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

10. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has passed several new accounting standards with upcoming implementation dates. Management has not fully evaluated the potential effects of these statements, and actual impacts have not yet been determined.

GASB 84 - Fiduciary Activities - Effective for year-end June 30, 2020, with earlier application encouraged - This statement addresses criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities.

GASB 87 - Leases - Effective for year-end June 30, 2021, with earlier application encouraged - This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.

GASB 89 - Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period - Effective for year-end June 30, 2021, with earlier application encouraged - This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus.

GASB 90 - Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61 - Effective for year-end June 30, 2020, with earlier application encouraged - This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization. It provides a definition of a majority equity interest and provides guidance for further presentation as either an investment or a component unit, based on specific criteria.

GASB 91 - Conduit Debt Obligations - Effective for year-end June 30, 2022, with earlier application encouraged - This statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit obligations, and related note disclosures. This statement clarifies the definition of a conduit debt obligation and establishes standards for related accounting and financial reporting.

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General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Buc	lget		Variance with				
Year Ended June 30, 2019	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget				
Revenues								
Taxes	5 13,485,210	\$ 13,485,210	\$ 14,349,101	5 863,891				
Licenses and permits	56,650	56,650	78,360	21,710				
Fines and forfeitures	225,000	225,000	160,662	(64,338)				
Intergovernmental	1,064,398	1,268,749	1,576,357	307,608				
Charges for services	3,348,297	3,348,297	3,373,014	24,717				
Investment income	200,000	200,000	808,294	608,294				
Other	86,000	87,200	50,794	(36,406				
Total Revenues	18,465,555	18,671,106	20,396,582	1,725,476				
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	3,388,108	3,388,783	3,126,684	262,099				
Public safety	8,591,320	8,782,887	7,948,498	834,389				
Public works	2,316,252	2,389,893	2,263,134	126,759				
Culture and recreation	2,413,389	2,438,889	2,250,803	188,086				
Nondepartmental	239,000	283,128	253,745	29,383				
Debt service:		- Gar.						
Principal	405,000	405,000	405,000					
Interest	8,500	8,500	8,100	400				
Total Expenditures	17,361,569	17,697,080	16,255,964	1,441,116				
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,103,986	974,026	4,140,618	3,166,592				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from sale of assets	35,000	35,000	1,013,846	978,846				
Transfers in	789	789	789					
Transfers out	(1,834,500)	(2,798,000)	(2,798,000)					
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,798,711)	(2,762,211)	(1,783,365)	978,846				
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (694,725)	\$ (1,788,185)	2,357,253	\$ 4,145,438				
Fund Balance, beginning			15,577,607					
Fund Balance, ending			\$ 17,934,860					

See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information.

City of Wasilla, Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System - Pension Plan

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Years Ended June 30,		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015	
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.27329%		0.23669%		0.27588%		0.23878%	0.16341%	
City's Proportionate Share of the										
Net Pension Liability	S	13,580,031	\$	12,235,598	5	15,420,525	5	11,580,779	\$ 7,621,647	
State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the										
Net Pension Liability		3,935,557		4,558,116		1,941,651		3,103,029	6,726,524	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	17,515,588	\$	16,793,714	\$	17,362,176	\$	14,683,808	\$ 14,348,171	
City's Covered Payroll		8,133,661		7,597,594		7,169,357		6,958,225	6,711,285	
City's Proportionate Share of the										
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of										
Payroll		166.96%		161.05%		215.09%		166.43%	113.56%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage										
of the Total Pension Liability		65.19%		63.37%		59.55%		63.96%	63.37%	

Schedule of City Contributions

Years Ended June 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 1,022,635 \$	1,051,897	\$ 878,392	\$ 732,714	\$	696,515
Contributions Relative to the Contractually						
Required Contribution	1,022,635	1,051,897	878,392	732,714		696,515
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	(+)	\$.8	\$ 	S	-
City's Covered Payroll	8,641,719	8,133,661	7,597,594	7,169,357		6,958,225
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered						
Payroll	11.834%	12.933%	11.561%	10.220%		10.0109

See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information.

City of Wasilla, Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System - OPEB Plans Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

	AR	HCT			R/	MP			Q	D	
Years Ended June 30,	2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.27329%		0.23680%		0.40399%		0,36639%	-	0.40399%		0.36639%
City's Proportionate Share of the											
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,804,738	\$	2,000,418	\$	51,408	\$	19,107	\$	(78,463)	\$	(51,986)
State of Alaska Proportionate Share of the											
Net OPEB Liability	813,279		745,528		- 8				×		
Total Net OPEB Liability	\$ 3,618,017	5	2,745,946	5	51,408	\$	19,107	5	(78,463)	\$	(51,986)
City's Covered Payroll	8,133,661		7,597,594		8,133,661		7,597,594		8,133,661		7,597,594
City's Proportionate Share of the											
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of											
Payroll	34.48%		26.33%		0.63%		0.25%		-0.96%		-0.68%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage											
of the Total OPEB Liability	88.12%		89.68%		88.71%		93.98%		270.62%		212.97%

Schedule of City Contributions

		AR		RMP				ODD			
Years Ended June 30,		2019		2018		2019	+	2018	2019		2018
Contractually Required Contributions	\$	369,635	\$	299,834	\$	50,736	5	47,095	\$ 19,310	\$	9,932
Contributions Relative to the Contractually											
Required Contribution		369,635		299,834		50,736		47,095	19,310		9,932
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	7	5		\$	- 8	\$		\$ -	5	· ·
City's Covered Payroll		8,641,719		8,133,661		8,641,719		8,133,661	8,641,719		8,133,661
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered											
Payroll		4.277%		3.686%		0.587%		0.579%	0.223%		0.1229

See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

- The financial director must submit to the City Council by May 30 a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted by the City Council to obtain citizen comments.
- By June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance by City Council
 action.
- Amendments to the budget can occur anytime during the fiscal year through action by the City Council or administration. Generally, the following actions are required at the level of the particular change:
 - All new appropriations are authorized by an appropriating ordinance that amends the annual budget.
 - A resolution of the City Council is required to move (appropriate) amounts between funds, departments, and projects within the same funds.
 - ✓ The administration is authorized to transfer funds within a department without Council action.
 - ✓ The Mayor is authorized to make a transfer between departments or funds up to the amount of \$10,000 within one fiscal year.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the following levels: Capital Projects Funds - project level, all other funds - activity level.
- All funds, except the Cemetery Permanent Fund, are budgeted on an annual basis encompassing a fiscal year. The Capital Projects Funds have project-length budgets, which generally is greater than one year.
- Appropriations lapse at year end to the extent that they have not been expended for all funds, except Capital Projects Funds, which lapse at the lesser of project completion or years.
- Budgets adopted by the City Council are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- The City publishes a separate 2019 budget document. That document may be obtained from the City of Wasilla, Director of Finance, 290 E. Herning Avenue, Wasilla, Alaska 99654.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information, continued

2. Public Employees' Retirement System Pension Plan

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date. For June 30, 2019, the Plan measurement date is June 30, 2018.

Amounts reported reflect a change in assumptions between 2016 and 2017 in the method of allocating the net pension liability from actual contributions to present value of projected future contributions.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full ten years of information is available, the City will present only those years for which information is available.

Schedule of City Contributions

This table is based on the City's contributions for each fiscal year presented. These contributions have been reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full ten years of information is available, the City will present only those years for which information is available.

3. Public Employees' Retirement System OPEB Plans

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

This table is presented based on the Plan measurement date. For June 30, 2019, the Plan measurement date is June 30, 2018.

Changes in Assumptions: The medical trend rate assumption used for the ARHCT plan was updated to reflect anticipated increases in costs based on recent survey data. An obligation for the Cadillac Tax was added to the June 30, 2017 valuation because it was no longer deemed immaterial due to the updated trend rates and the change to use chained Consumer Price Index (which was part of the Tax Cut and Jobs Act passed in December 2017) to project the tax thresholds in future years.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full 10 years of information is available, the City will present only those years for which information is available.

Schedule of City Contributions

This table is based on the City's contributions for each fiscal year presented. These contributions have been reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

GASB requires ten years of information be presented. However, until a full 10 years of information is available, the City will present only those years for which information is available.

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General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all transactions not recorded in other funds and receives financial support from such sources as taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services. Expenditures are authorized in the budget for such functions as general administration, public safety, property and road maintenance, museum, library, parks, and other recreational services.

General Fund Balance Sheet

		_	
	2019		2018
\$	15,189,905	\$	14,573,307
	248,753		60,167
	1,330,274		1,285,031
	16,821		15,151
	262,162		352,450
	1,858,010		1,712,799
	464,491		227,785
	1,395,228		-
\$	18,907,634	\$	16,513,891
\$	271,693	\$	205,010
	646,097		642,191
	16,801		16,001
	38,183		73,082
	972,774		936,284
	464,491		227,785
	7,911,995		6,010,411
	612,000		462,000
	727,173		701,274
	50,000		52,000
	19,068		27,153
	27,659		16,700
	8,122,474	_	8,080,284
	17,934,860		15,577,607
5	18,907,634	\$	16,513,891
	\$	\$ 15,189,905 248,753 1,330,274 16,821 262,162 1,858,010 464,491 1,395,228 \$ 18,907,634 \$ 271,693 646,097 16,801 38,183 972,774 464,491 7,911,995 612,000 727,173 50,000 19,068 27,659 8,122,474 17,934,860	\$ 15,189,905 \$ 248,753 1,330,274 16,821 262,162 1,858,010 464,491 1,395,228 \$ 18,907,634 \$ \$ 271,693 \$ 646,097 16,801 38,183 972,774 464,491 7,911,995 612,000 727,173 50,000 19,068 27,659 8,122,474 17,934,860

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Years Ended June 30,	2019	2018
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 14,349,101	\$ 13,552,935
Licenses and permits	78,360	49,580
Fines and forfeitures	160,662	190,013
Intergovernmental	1,576,357	1,383,33
Charges for services	3,373,014	3,106,90
Investment income	808,294	271,21
Other	50,794	125,85
Total Revenues	20,396,582	18,679,83
Expenditures		
General government:		
City clerk	424,006	403,99
City council	152,930	155,92
Administration	262,209	279,01
General administration services	700,969	712,31
Finance	1,258,924	1,218,72
Management information systems	327,646	292,86
Total general government	3,126,684	3,062,83
Public safety:		
Police	638,000	623,88
General investigation	563,220	503,20
Police patrol	2,902,169	2,872,90
COPS - school resource officer grant	129,900	109,73
Dispatch center	3,534,016	3,265,27
Code compliance	181,193	174,50
Total public safety	7,948,498	7,549,49

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, continued

Years Ended June 30,	- \2	2019	2018
Expenditures, continued:			
Public works:			
Administration	\$ 381,	595 \$	443,909
Road maintenance	1,218,	426	1,225,605
Property maintenance	663,)13	657,988
Total public works	2,263,	134	2,327,502
Culture and recreation:			
Museum	243,	772	226,158
Parks maintenance	645,	567	715,089
Library	1,260,	547	1,213,870
Recreation services	100,	917	89,703
Total culture and recreation	2,250,	303	2,244,820
Debt service:			
Principal	405,	000	395,000
Interest	8,	100	20,150
Total debt service	413,	100	415,150
Nondepartmental	253,	745	172,435
Total Expenditures	16,255,	964	15,772,241
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	4,140,	618	2,907,594
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from sale of assets	1,013,	346	21,234
Transfers in		789	54
Transfers out	(2,798,	000)	(3,929,467)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,783,	365)	(3,908,233)
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,357,	253	(1,000,639)
Fund Balance, beginning	15,577,	607	16,578,246
Fund Balance, ending	\$ 17,934,	860 \$	15,577,607

		2019		2018
Years Ended June 30,	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Sales taxes, including penalty and interest	\$ 13,424,560	\$ 14,061,473	\$ 636,913	\$ 13,492,015
Property and vehicle taxes				
Property and venicle caxes	60,650	287,628	226,978	60,920
Total taxes	13,485,210	14,349,101	863,891	13,552,935
Licenses and permits;				
City business licenses	40,000	62,140	22,140	31,095
Land use permits	12,000	11,500	(500)	12,950
Other licenses and permits	4,650	4,720	70	5,535
Total licenses and permits	56,650	78,360	21,710	49,580
minute Central	225 222	170 110		044624
Fines and forfeitures	225,000	160,662	(64,338)	190,013
Intergovernmental:				
Electric and telephone co-op tax	225,000	215,338	(9,662)	219,465
Public safety grants	277,288	321,632	44,344	297,234
Library grants	7,900	8,073	173	8,396
Alcoholic beverage tax	30,000	28,400	(1,600)	29,150
Aviation fuel tax revenue sharing	1,500	1,972	472	1,723
Matanuska-Susitna Borough - Planning block grant	225,000	225,000	4/2	225,000
Matanuska-Susitna Borough - School resource officer	242,890	92,118	(450 772)	80,247
Fisheries tax	242,070	99	(150,772) 99	67
Community assistance	244,171	244,171	99	6.00.00
	244, 171		120.012	290,641
State PERS relief	4E 000	438,042	438,042	228,989
Transportation grants	15,000	1,512	(13,488)	2,419
Total intergovernmental	1,268,749	1,576,357	307,608	1,383,331
Charges for services:				
Police dispatch services	3,071,547	3,261,622	190,075	2,853,474
Building rentals	226,600	51,424	(175,176)	212,221
Other charges for services	50,150	59,968	9,818	41,211
Total charges for services	3,348,297	3,373,014	24,717	3,106,906
Investment income	200,000	808,294	608,294	271,213
Other				
Other:	100	10	view.	
Administration fee revenue	100	68	(32)	28
Donations	4,700	8,880	4,180	69,451
Miscellaneous	82,400	41,846	(40,554)	56,378
Total other	87,200	50,794	(36,406)	125,857
Total Revenues	18,671,106	20,396,582	1,725,476	18,679,835

			2019				2018		
Years Ended June 30,	Budget		Actual		Variance		Actua		
Expenditures									
General government:									
City clerk:									
Salaries	\$ 228,968	5	228,966	5	2	5	219,53		
Employee benefits	133,077		145,510		(12,433)		131,10		
Professional and technical services	33,059		5,402		27,657		10,53		
Property services	11,150		9,763		1,387		11,54		
Other purchased services	34,544		30,622		3,922		25,90		
Supplies	8,480		3,743		4,737		5,37		
Total city clerk	449,278		424,006		25,272		403,99		
City council:									
Salaries	32,082		29,375		2,707		24,57		
Employee benefits	4,086		3,816		270		3,0		
Professional and technical services	106,100		82,239		23,861		87,6		
Property services	2,900		2,207		693		3,6		
Other purchased services	34,407		33,525		882		32,12		
Supplies	3,960		1,768		2,192		4,9		
Total city council	183,535		152,930		30,605		155,9		
Administration:									
Salaries	177,063		170,470		6,593		183,9		
Employee benefits	66,802		55,134		11,668		57,9		
Professional and technical services	17,723		13,051		4,672		13,3		
Property services	1,840		1,785		55		1,6		
Other purchased services	21,353		18,281		3,072		16,0		
Supplies	4,500		3,488		1,012		6,0		
Total administration	289,281		262,209		27,072		279,0		
General administration services:									
Salaries	417,969		396,651		21,318		395,6		
Employee benefits	219,200		205,614		13,586		222,7		
Professional and technical services	46,640		24,694		21,946		28,5		
Property services	21,125		19,482		1,643		9,5		
Other purchased services	68,732		46,931		21,801		45,2		
Supplies	12,600		7,597		5,003		10,6		
Total general administration services	786,266		700,969		85,297		712,3		
Finance:									
Salaries	723,098		703,981		19,117		691,0		
Employee benefits	408,564		448,294		(39,730)		417,0		
Professional and technical services	57,000		43,417		13,583		46,8		
Property services	19,207		13,771		5,436		14,0		
Other purchased services	44,063		32,924		11,139		35,0		
Supplies	19,400		16,537		2,863		14,7		
Total finance	1,271,332		1,258,924		12,408		1,218,7		

		2018						
ears Ended June 30,		Budget		Actual		Variance		Actual
eneral government, continued:								
Management information systems:								
Salaries	5	117,454	5	111,389	S	6,065	5	107,939
Employee benefits	- 4	73,610	4	77,742	. 4	(4,132)	4	69,181
Professional and technical services		38,250		100		38,150		02,101
Property services		134,367		96,308		38,059		72,730
						92		
Other purchased services Supplies		41,710 3,700		41,618		3,211		39,805 3,207
Total management information systems		409,091		327,646		81,445		292,862
Total general government		3,388,783		3,126,684		262,099		3,062,835
Public safety:								
Police:								
Salaries		268,968		251,146		17,822		249,166
Employee benefits		123,308		118,065		5,243		110,969
Professional and technical services		101,920		100,908		1,012		99,96
Property services		50.705		47,484		3,221		43,78
Other purchased services		48,159		41,153		7,006		43,28
Supplies		94,850		79,244		15,606		76,71
Total police		687,910		638,000		49,910		623,88
Investigation and drug enforcement:								
Salaries		405,741		332,349		73,392		308,36
Employee benefits		214,911		193,576		21,335		166,04
Professional and technical services		15,000		7,995		7,005		
		1,370		822		548		6,32
Property services						221		1,31
Other purchased services		23,503 8,151		23,282 5,196		2,955		13,98
Supplies					_			7,16
Total investigation and drug enforcement		668,676	_	563,220		105,456		503,20
Police patrol:		1 747 700		4 7 44 002		405 754		* *** **
Salaries		1,743,789		1,641,083		102,706		1,613,52
Employee benefits		1,001,211		989,584		11,627		937,23
Professional and technical services		10,645		10,645				8,74
Property services		41,650		33,272		8,378		38,10
Other purchased services		146,034		114,176		31,858		118,27
Supplies		182,931		105,325		77,606		127,34
Capital purchases		27,152		8,084		19,068		29,67
Total police patrol		3,153,412		2,902,169		251,243		2,872,90
School resource officer grant:								
Salaries		149,128		80,795		68,333		66,07
Employee benefits		91,432		41,601		49,831		35,24
Professional and technical services		1,221		216		1,005		68
Other purchased services		35,128		5,439		29,689		5,91
Supplies		8,950		1,849		7,101		1,80

				2019				2018
Years Ended June 30,		Budget		Actual		Variance		Actual
Public safety, continued:								
Dispatch center:								
Salaries	5	2,062,363	S	1,947,903	S	114,460	5	1,809,583
Employee benefits	4	1,274,740	4	1,226,984	4	47,756	4	1,155,372
Professional and technical services		11,202		11,201		1		4,667
Property services		226,522		190,850		35,672		158,554
Other purchased services		181,584		144,433		37,151		122,435
Supplies		23,600		12,645		10,955	_	14,659
Total dispatch center		3,780,011		3,534,016		245,995	_	3,265,270
Code compliance:								
Salaries		117,473		98,288		19,185		94,838
Employee benefits		52,254		55,122		(2,868)		51,002
Property services		750		70		680		204
Other purchased services		29,847		24,249		5,598		24,962
Supplies		6,695		3,464		3,231		3,497
Total code compliance		207,019		181,193		25,826		174,503
Total public safety		8,782,887		7,948,498		834,389		7,549,499
Public works:								
Administration:								
Salaries		230,568		222,123		8,445		276,057
Employee benefits		133,365		141,163		(7,798)		143.40
Professional and technical services		3,705		1,188		2,517		4,51
Property services		8,100		5,599		2,501		5,68
Other purchased services		12,176		9,118		3,058		9,65
Supplies		3,315		2,504		811		4,58
Total administration		391,229		381,695		9,534		443,909
Road maintenance:								
Salaries		357,999		345,625		12,374		372,75
Employee benefits		211,643		226,163		(14,520)		217,14
Property services		303,855		282,744		21,111		302,31
Other purchased services		45,678		43,811		1,867		24,07
Supplies		317,908		303,102		14,806		299,76
Capital purchases		16,981		16,981		14,000		9,55
Total road maintenance		1,254,064		1,218,426		35,638		1,225,60
Property maintenance:								
Salaries		207,871		188,193		19,678		187,98
Employee benefits		123,872		118,474		5,398		121,09
Professional and technical services		52,433		52,433		2,570		86-
Property services		178,090		153,504		24,586		
								155,320
Other purchased services		39,801		33,318		6,483		35,73
Supplies Other expenditures		124,031 18,502		101,807 15,284		22,224 3,218		135,33
						and the second	-	
Total property maintenance		744,600		663,013	_	81,587		657,988
Total public works		2,389,893		2,263,134		126,759		2,327,503

			2019				2018
Years Ended June 30,	Budget		Actual		Variance		Actual
Culture and recreation:							
Museum:							
Salaries	\$ 108,704	5	102,748	S	5,956	5	95,939
Employee benefits	47,239		49,566		(2,327)		46,623
Professional and technical services	500		200		300		152
Property services	30,343		21,303		9,040		17,508
Other purchased services	48,750		40,406		8,344		36,829
Supplies	39,939		29,549		10,390		29,10
Total museum	275,475		243,772		31,703		226,158
Parks maintenance:							
Salaries	385,904		297,457		88,447		351,82
Employee benefits	162,397		149,769		12,628		159,663
Professional and technical services	1,280		1,280		-		45
Property services	71,358		68,785		2,573		54,50
Other purchased services	18,058		16,869		1,189		14,13
Supplies	113,315		111,407		1,908		123,58
Capital purchases	5,000		(7)		5,000		10,92
Total parks maintenance	757,312		645,567		111,745		715,08
Library:							
Salaries	577,733		559,866		17,867		557,50
Employee benefits	330,319		363,540		(33,221)		315,29
Professional and technical services	21,650		17,915		3,735		22,72
Property services	96,806		82,858		13,948		77,35
Other purchased services	51,941		48,113		3,828		47,00
Supplies	217,838		188,255		29,583		193,99
Total library	1,296,287		1,260,547		35,740		1,213,87
Recreation services:							
Salaries	38,932		35,016		3,916		34,96
Employee benefits	15,228		13,380		1,848		12,05
Other purchased services	53,655		51,004		2,651		40,88
Supplies	2,000		1,517		483		1,79
Total recreation services	109,815		100,917		8,898		89,70
Total culture and recreation	 2,438,889		2,250,803		188,086		2,244,820
Total culture and recreation	2,438,889		2,250,803		188,086		2,

				2019			2018
Years Ended June 30,		Budget		Actual		Variance	 Actual
Debt service:							
Principal	\$	405,000	5	405,000	5		\$ 395,000
Interest		8,500		8,100		400	 20,150
Total debt service		413,500		413,100		400	415,150
Nondepartmental:							
Insurance deductible		20,000		1.00		20,000	
Property tax payments		7,500		699		6,801	699
Settlements		25,000		22,418		2,582	19,364
Other agreements		230,628		230,628		7	152,372
Total nondepartmental		283,128		253,745		29,383	172,435
Total Expenditures	-	17,697,080		16,255,964		1,441,116	15,772,241
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		974,026		4,140,618		3,166,592	2,907,594
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from sale of assets		35,000		1,013,846		978,846	21,234
Transfers in		789		789			
Transfers out		(2,798,000)		(2,798,000)			(3,929,467
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,762,211)		(1,783,365)		978,846	(3,908,233
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,788,185)		2,357,253	\$	4,145,438	(1,000,639
Fund Balance, beginning			_	15,577,607			16,578,246
Fund Balance, ending			5	17,934,860			\$ 15,577,607

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2019		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds		Cemetery Permanent Fund		Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	79,319	\$ 1,398,290	\$	331,071	\$	1,808,680
Land held for resale			695,200				695,200
Receivables - grants		2,635	181,760		-		184,395
Prepaid items		1,284			-		1,284
Total Assets	5	83,238	\$ 2,275,250	\$	331,071	\$	2,689,559
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	956	\$ 106,919	\$	160	\$	108,035
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		4,306			-		4,306
Unearned revenue		20,142	-				20,142
Total Liabilities		25,404	106,919		160		132,483
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items		1,284	-		Sec. 31		1,284
Permanent Fund principal					330,911		330,911
Restricted -							
Federal and State drug enforcement		13,146	12		-		13,146
Main Street couplet		- 4	695,200		7		695,200
Assigned:							
Youth court		43,404	4		-		43,404
Road projects		17	105,264		E1		105,264
Vehicle replacement			600,598		7.		600,598
Right-of-way acquisition			147,455				147,455
Technology replacement		*	619,814	_		_	619,814
Total Fund Balances		57,834	2,168,331		330,911		2,557,076
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	83,238	\$ 2,275,250	\$	331,071	\$	2,689,559

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2019		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Project Funds		Cemetery Permanent Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues								
Fines and charges	5	2,080	5		5		5	2,080
Intergovernmental	4	56,081	- 5	196,325	-	1		252,406
Loss on land held for resale		236250		(165,000)				(165,000)
Other		7,795				10,840		18,635
Total Revenues		65,956		31,325		10,840		108,121
Expenditures								
Public safety		101,997		8				101,997
Culture and recreation		100				300		300
Capital outlay		18		535,922		- 1	_	535,922
Total Expenditures		101,997		535,922		300		638,219
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(36,041)		(504,597)		10,540		(530,098)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		25,000		594,500				619,500
Transfers out						(789)		(789)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		25,000		594,500		(789)		618,711
Net change in fund balances		(11,041)		89,903		9,751		88,613
Fund Balances, beginning		68,875		2,078,428		321,160		2,468,463
Fund Balances, ending	\$	57,834	\$	2,168,331	\$	330,911	\$	2,557,076

Special Revenue Funds

Youth Court Fund - This fund is used to account for a diversion program focused on first-time juvenile offenders who have committed misdemeanors. The program is called Mat-Su Youth Court and serves the community at large.

Federal Asset Forfeiture Fund - This fund accounts for assets which have been seized by federal law enforcement and distributed to local agencies under the Department of Justice's equitable sharing program. Assets received are recorded into this fund and used for public safety purposes in accordance with the program guidelines.

State Asset Forfeiture Fund - This fund accounts for assets which have been seized by State and local law enforcement agencies. Assets received are recorded into this fund and used for public safety purposes in accordance with the program guidelines.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	_							
June 30, 2019		Youth Court	Fo	Federal Asset orfeiture	State Asset Forfeiture			Total
Assets								
Cash and investments	5	46,112	5	4,369	\$	28,838	\$	79,319
Receivables - grants		2,635		142				2,635
Prepaid items		1,284		- 5				1,284
Total Assets	\$	50,031	\$	4,369	\$	28,838	\$	83,238
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	956	\$		\$		\$	956
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		4,306						4,306
Unearned revenue		81		1,501		18,560	_	20,142
Total Liabilities		5,343		1,501		18,560		25,404
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable - prepaid items		1,284		1		-		1,284
Restricted - federal and state drug enforcement		3.0		2,868		10,278		13,146
Assigned - youth court		43,404						43,404
Total Fund Balances		44,688		2,868		10,278		57,834
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	50,031	\$	4,369	\$	28,838	\$	83,238

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2019	Youth Court	Fo	Federal Asset orfeiture	F	State Asset orfeiture	Totals
Revenues						
Fines and charges	\$ 2,080	5	- 20	\$		\$ 2,080
Intergovernmental	56,081		7		13	56,081
Other	7,795		[+].		(6)	7,795
Total Revenues	65,956		_		7-	65,956
Expenditures						
Salaries	59,427		-		-	59,427
Employee benefits	35,710		-		-	35,710
Professional and technical services	525		7		-	525
Other purchased services	4,867		- 3			4,867
Supplies	1,468				€ °	1,468
Total Expenditures	101,997		3.0		- 2	101,997
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(36,041)		3		(-)	(36,041)
Other Financing Sources - transfers in	25,000		8		- 8	25,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(11,041)				•	(11,041)
Fund Balances, beginning	55,729		2,868		10,278	68,875
Fund Balances, ending	\$ 44,688	\$	2,868	\$	10,278	\$ 57,834

Youth Court Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Years Ended June 30,		- 1	2019		Ш	2018
	Budget		Actual	Variance		Actual
Revenues						
Fines and charges	\$ 3,500	\$	2,080	\$ (1,420)	\$	2,055
Intergovernmental	52,700		56,081	3,381		63,731
Other	6,249		7,795	1,546		11,184
Total Revenues	62,449		65,956	3,507		76,970
Expenditures						
Salaries	66,859		59,427	7,432		56,515
Employee benefits	35,945		35,710	235		37,282
Professional and technical services	525		525	6		404
Other purchased services	4,957		4,867	90		7,099
Supplies	1,468		1,468			1,578
Total Expenditures	109,754		101,997	7,757		102,878
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(47,305)		(36,041)	11,264		(25,908)
Other Financing Sources - transfers in	25,000		25,000			25,000
Net change in fund balance	\$ (22,305)		(11,041)	\$ 11,264		(908)
Fund Balance, beginning			55,729		_	56,637
Fund Balance, ending		\$	44,688		\$	55,729

Federal Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Years Ended June 30,			2	019			_	2018
	Buc	get	À	ctual	Va	riance	19	Actual
Revenues - intergovernmental	\$	-1-	\$	113/	\$	- 4	\$	26,698
Expenditures - other purchased services		+c						26,698
Net change in fund balance	5	,		-	\$	e e		
Fund Balance, beginning				2,868			_	2,868
Fund Balance, ending			\$	2,868			S	2,868

State Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Years Ended June 30,	2019							2018
	Buc	get		Actual	Variance		Actual	
Revenues - intergovernmental	\$	٠.٠	\$		\$	F	\$	9,717
Expenditures - other purchased services						+		9,717
Net change in fund balance	\$			1	\$	- 8		-
Fund Balance, beginning			_	10,278				10,278
Fund Balance, ending			\$	10,278			\$	10,278

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Combining Balance Sheet

	Road	Rep	Vehicle lacement	-				Totals
					-4-010-0			, 5 3 3 1
S	30,423	\$	600,598	\$	147,455	\$	619,814	\$ 1,398,290
	695,200							695,200
	181,760		- 4					181,760
\$	907,383	\$	600,598	\$	147,455	\$	619,814	\$ 2,275,250
s	106,919	\$		\$		\$	-	\$ 106,919
	695,200							695,200
	105,264		600,598		147,455		619,814	1,473,131
	800,464		600,598		147,455		619,814	2,168,331
\$	907,383	\$	600,598	\$	147,455	\$	619,814	\$ 2,275,250
	S	\$ 30,423 695,200 181,760 \$ 907,383 \$ 106,919 695,200 105,264 800,464	Projects Rep \$ 30,423	Projects Replacement \$ 30,423 \$ 600,598 695,200 - 181,760 - \$ 907,383 \$ 600,598 \$ 106,919 \$ - 695,200 - 105,264 600,598 800,464 600,598	Projects Replacement A \$ 30,423 \$ 600,598 \$ 695,200	Projects Replacement Acquisition \$ 30,423	Projects Replacement Acquisition Rep \$ 30,423	Projects Replacement Acquisition Replacement \$ 30,423 \$ 600,598 \$ 147,455 \$ 619,814 695,200 - - - \$ 907,383 \$ 600,598 \$ 147,455 \$ 619,814 \$ 106,919 \$ - \$ - - 695,200 - \$ - - 105,264 600,598 147,455 619,814 800,464 600,598 147,455 619,814

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2019		Road Projects	Rep	Vehicle placement	-	nt-of-way equisition	echnology lacement	Totals
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	Ş	196,325	5		\$	-	\$	\$ 196,325
Loss on land held for resale		(165,000)		m 6		-		(165,000)
Total Revenues		31,325				91	18.	31,325
Expenditures - capital outlay		278,128		215,853		2,750	39,191	535,922
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures		(246,803)		(215,853)		(2,750)	(39,191)	(504,597)
Other Financing Sources - transfers in		100,000		306,000		25,000	163,500	594,500
Net change in fund balances		(146,803)		90,147		22,250	124,309	89,903
Fund Balances, beginning		947,267		510,451		125,205	495,505	2,078,428
Fund Balances, ending	\$	800,464	\$	600,598	\$	147,455	\$ 619,814	\$ 2,168,331

Miscellaneous Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Expenditures by Project

Museum expansion and relocation Roberts Avenue extension	180,14 133,01
Removal of old fire station Park improvements	90,41 65,63
Iditapark security cameras AS400 server and IT equipment	60,72 53,71
Road maintenance building Road equipment	50,46 43,42
Park equipment Library improvements	28,91 24,85
Other	17,70
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,556,79

Permanent Fund

Cemetery - This fund is used to account for the lot sales at the cemetery.

Cemetery Permanent Fund Balance Sheet

June 30,	2019	2018
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 331,071	\$ 321,160
Liabilities and Fund Balance		
Liabilities - accounts payable	\$ 160	\$ -
Fund Balance - nonspendable - Permanent Fund principal	330,911	321,160
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 331,071	\$ 321,160

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Years Ended June 30,	2019	2018
Revenues - lot sales	\$ 10,840	\$ 22,800
Expenditures - supplies	300	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	10,540	22,800
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in		85
Transfers out	(789)	
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(789)	85
Net change in fund balance	9,751	22,885
Fund Balance, beginning	321,160	298,275
Fund Balance, ending	\$ 330,911	\$ 321,160

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Enterprise Funds

Water Utility Fund - This fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City.

Sewer Utility Fund - This fund is used to account for sewer services for local residents.

Municipal Airport Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Wasilla Municipal Airport,

Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center - This fund accounts for the operations of the recreational sports complex facility.

All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in these funds, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Water Utility Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position

June 30,	2019	2018
1		
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 7,160,226	\$ 6,151,457
Receivables:		
Accounts	229,318	218,842
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(41,434)	(36,854)
Special assessments	3,138	6,703
Payment in lieu of assessments	84,138	84,369
Grants	6,371	97,209
Prepaid expenses	13,291	14,602
Inventory	44,264	48,699
Total Current Assets	7,499,312	6,585,027
Noncurrent Assets		
Prepaid expenses	7,688	8,070
Capital assets:		
Land	178,740	178,740
Collection/distribution system	33,310,828	32,224,960
Water tank and fence	6,847,577	6,847,577
Wells/well house	1,360,101	1,325,146
Equipment	417,953	377,352
Total capital assets	42,115,199	40,953,775
Less accumulated depreciation	(14,326,981)	(13,476,280)
Net capital assets	27,788,218	27,477,495
Total Noncurrent Assets	27,795,906	27,485,565
Total Assets	35,295,218	34,070,592
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	92,694	65,308
Related to other postemployment benefits	47,384	12,628
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	140,078	77,936
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 35,435,296	\$34,148,528

Water Utility Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position, continued

June 30,		2019		2018
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	S	21,210	5	12,310
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		25,231		21,810
Compensated absences		41,520		35,796
Customer deposits		31,196		15,000
Accrued interest		4,012		4,814
Unearned revenue		97,107		96,333
Current portion of notes payable		165,450		165,450
Total Current Liabilities		385,726		351,513
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Notes payable, net of current portion		661,800		827,250
Net pension liability		552,631		496,363
Net other postemployment benefits liability		103,530		69,623
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,317,961		1,393,236
Total Liabilities	.53	1,703,687		1,744,749
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Related to pensions		7,515		41,503
Related to other postemployment benefits		36,782		34,025
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		44,297		75,528
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	2	5,960,968		26,484,795
Unrestricted		6,726,344		5,843,456
Total Net Position	3	3,687,312		32,328,251
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	6.2	5,435,296	c	34,148,528

Water Utility Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30,	2019	2018
Operating Revenues		
Sales and user charges	\$ 1,918,834	\$ 1,875,586
Water meters	10,940	12,493
Total Operating Revenues	1,929,774	1,888,079
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	328,615	295,336
Employee benefits	187,033	171,948
Professional and technical services	41,699	30,089
Repair and maintenance	92,774	57,273
Other purchased services	166,820	64,502
Supplies	178,654	182,282
Total Operating Expenses	995,595	801,430
Operating income before depreciation	934,179	1,086,649
Depreciation	855,724	826,995
Operating income	78,455	259,654
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Payments in lieu of assessments	46,550	37,293
Interest expense	(14,088)	(16,570
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,257)	
Other income	107,829	
Debt service assessments	407	905
State PERS relief	7,712	12,792
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	147,153	34,420
Income before transfers and contributions	225,608	294,074
Transfers out	(19,250)	(14,250
Capital contributions	1,152,703	502,320
Change in net position	1,359,061	782,144
Net Position, beginning	32,328,251	31,546,107
Net Position, ending	\$ 33,687,312	\$ 32,328,251

Water Utility Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30,	2019		2018
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 2,048,677	5	1,878,742
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(464,919)		(363,520)
Payments to employees for services	(501,989)		(468,955)
Net cash flows from operating activities	1,081,769		1,046,267
Cash Flows for Noncapital Financing Activities - transfers out	(19,250)		(14,250)
Cash Flows for Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Principal paid on notes payable	(165,450)		(165,450)
Interest paid on notes payable	(14,890)		(17,372
Special assessments received	3,972		5,595
Payments in lieu of assessments received	46,781		37,523
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(49,957)		(563,848)
Capital contributions received	125,794		497,054
Net cash flows for capital and related financing activities	(53,750)		(206,498)
Net Increase in Cash and Investments	1,008,769		825,519
Cash and Investments, beginning	6,151,457		5,325,938
Cash and Investments, ending	\$ 7,160,226	\$	6,151,457
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Operating income	\$ 78,455	5	259,654
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from			
operating activities:			
Depreciation	855,724		826,995
State of Alaska on-behalf payments - PERS relief	7,712		12,792
Nonoperating revenues	107,829		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided (used) cash:			
Accounts receivable and related allowance	(5,896)		(6,031
Inventory	4,435		(2,989
Prepaid expenses	1,693		5,195
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	(27,386)		67,634
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(34,756)		3,915
Accounts payable	8,900		(31,580
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	3,421		(2,445
Compensated absences	5,724		2,279
Customer deposits	16,196		(2,128
Unearned revenue	774		(1,178
Net pension liability	56,268		(112,700
Net postemployment benefits liability	33,907		(41,885
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(33,988)		34,714
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	2,757	_	34,025
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$ 1,081,769	\$	1,046,267
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Water extensions and other assets contributed by developers	\$ 1,117,747	5	

Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position

June 30,	2019	2018
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets		
Cash and investments	5 4,507,256	\$ 4,022,330
Receivables:		1 13,000
Accounts	150,089	150,839
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(26,025)	(24, 198)
Special assessments	12,454	19,396
Grants	183,801	275,538
Prepaid expenses	14,977	14,170
Inventory	76,546	64,057
Total Current Assets	4,919,098	4,522,132
Noncurrent Assets - capital assets		
Land	1,008,977	1,008,977
Building	301,760	301,760
Treatment system	8,937,664	8,111,871
Collection/distribution system	12,211,212	11,574,116
Equipment	5,390,931	5,380,897
Construction in progress	249	-
Total capital assets	27,850,793	26,377,621
Less accumulated depreciation	(14,018,914)	(13,529,267
Total Noncurrent Assets	13,831,879	12,848,354
Total Assets	18,750,977	17,370,486
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	115,306	84,115
Related to other postemployment benefits	59,222	19,637
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	174,528	103,752
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 18,925,505	\$ 17,474,238

Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position, continued

June 30,	2019	201
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 174,291	\$ 83,35
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	36,246	33,55
Compensated absences	62,556	62,52
Customer deposits	16,670	15,00
Total Current Liabilities	289,763	194,44
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net pension liability	756,041	691,95
Net other postemployment benefits liability	146,882	108,26
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	902,923	800,21
Total Liabilities	1,192,686	994,65
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	24,937	63,64
Related to other postemployment benefits	56,050	52,91
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	80,987	116,55
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	13,831,879	12,848,35
Unrestricted	3,819,953	3,514,66
Total Net Position	17,651,832	16,363,02
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 18,925,505	\$ 17,474,23

Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30,	2019	2018
Operating Revenues - sales and user charges	\$ 1,469,713	\$ 1,501,942
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	449,833	456,255
Employee benefits	267,153	264,572
Professional and technical services	12,027	9,347
Repair and maintenance	515,961	499,509
Other purchased services	49,013	46,043
Supplies	218,996	228,088
Total Operating Expenses	1,512,983	1,503,814
Operating loss before depreciation	(43,270)	(1,872
Depreciation	517,142	499,735
Operating loss	(560,412)	(501,607
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Payments in lieu of assessments	2,860	1,836
Other income	795	
Nonoperating grants	350,201	434,738
Debt service assessments	2,164	1,172
State PERS relief	8,784	19,891
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	364,804	457,637
Loss before transfers and contributions	(195,608	(43,970
Transfers out	(16,250	(16,250
Capital contributions	1,500,668	26,884
Change in net position	1,288,810	(33,336
Net Position, beginning	16,363,022	16,396,358
Net Position, ending	\$ 17,651,832	\$ 16,363,022

Sewer Utility Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30,	2019	2018
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,474,755	5 1,491,643
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(718,359)	(736,205
Payments to employees for services	(709,125)	(746,681
Net cash flows from operating activities	47,271	8,757
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Nonoperating grants received	441,939	256,206
Transfers out	(16,250)	(16,250)
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	425,689	239,956
Cash Flows from (for) Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Special assessments received	9,106	6,461
Payments in lieu of assessments received	2,860	1,836
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(826,041)	(105,114
Capital contributions received	826,041	26,884
Net cash flows from (for) capital and related financing activities	11,966	(69,933)
Net Increase in Cash and Investments	484,926	178,780
Cash and Investments, beginning	4,022,330	3,843,550
Cash and Investments, ending	\$ 4,507,256	\$ 4,022,330
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$ (560,412)	\$ (501,607
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash flows from		
operating activities:		
Depreciation	517,142	499,735
State of Alaska on-behalf payments - PERS relief	8,784	19,891
Nonoperating revenues	795	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided (used) cash:		
Accounts receivable and related allowance	2,577	(6,945
Inventory	(12,489)	(35,492
Prepaid expenses	(807)	9,861
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	(31,191)	105,172
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(39,585)	6,088
Accounts payable	90,934	72,413
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	2,692	(2,772
Accrued annual and sick leave	27	(20,741
Customer deposits	1,670	(3,354
Net pension liability	64,086	(175,251
Net other postemployment benefits liability	38,618	(65,132
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(38,710)	53,981
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	3,140	52,910
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	5 47,271	\$ 8,757
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities	C. Duker	
Sewer extensions and other assets contributed by developers	\$ 674,626	\$ -

Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position

Statement of Net Position	oli .	
June 30,	2019	2018
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets		
Cash and investments	5	\$ 657,515
Receivables:		
Accounts	6,518	7,323
Grants	2,470,779	425
Prepaid expenses	2,040	1,923
Total Current Assets	2,479,337	667,186
Noncurrent Assets - capital assets		
Land	2,375,587	1,470,000
Land improvements	16,232,566	16,217,167
Buildings	993,282	993,282
Equipment	1,559,510	1,478,665
Construction in progress	2,911,313	177,807
Total capital assets	24,072,258	20,336,921
Less accumulated depreciation	(11,646,890)	(10,854,267)
Total Noncurrent Assets	12,425,368	9,482,654
Total Assets	14,904,705	10,149,840
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	6,625	1,790
Related to other postemployment benefits	8,301	2,166
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	14,926	3,956
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	5 14,919,631	\$ 10,153,796
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	5 4,217	\$ 47,082
Accounts payable - capital	634,143	3 -17,002
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	2,325	2,336
Compensated absences	5,083	4,392
Unearned revenue	5,882	8,506
Due to other funds	1,395,228	
Total Current Liabilities	2,046,878	62,316
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net pension liability	51,953	42,020
Net other postemployment benefits liability	17,929	11,943
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	69,882	53,963
Total Liabilities	2,116,760	116,279
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	639	6,639
Related to other postemployment benefits	6,324	5,837
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,963	12,476
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	12,425,368	9,482,654
Unrestricted	370,540	542,387
Total Net Position	12,795,908	10,025,041
White the first of the second state of		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 14,919,631	\$ 10,153,796

Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30,	2019	2018
Operating Revenues - fees and rentals	\$ 131,022	\$ 121,189
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	30,818	30,919
Employee benefits	17,883	16,255
Professional and technical services	322	216
Repair and maintenance	37,644	37,600
Other purchased services	29,587	28,785
Supplies	55,163	57,580
Total Operating Expenses	171,417	171,355
Operating loss before depreciation	(40,395)	(50,166)
Depreciation	792,623	783,466
Operating loss	(833,018)	(833,632)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
State PERS relief	1,361	2,194
Plans and studies	2,345	7,915
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	3,706	10,109
Loss before transfers and contributions	(829,312)	(823,523)
Transfers in	981,000	359,994
Transfers out	(500)	(500)
Capital contributions	2,619,679	- 12
Change in net position	2,770,867	(464,029)
Net Position, beginning	10,025,041	10,489,070
Net Position, ending	\$ 12,795,908	\$ 10,025,041

Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30,		2019		2018
		2017		2010
Cash Flows for Operating Activities	-	20,000		
Receipts from customers and users	5	131,548	\$	117,543
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(165,698)		(81,431)
Payments to employees for services		(47,224)		(52,168)
Net cash flows for operating activities		(81,374)		(16,056)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Nonoperating grants received		425		28,079
Increase in due to other funds		1,395,228		
Transfers in		981,000		359,994
Transfers out		(500)		(500)
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities		2,376,153		387,573
Cash Flows for Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(3,101,194)		(213,493)
Capital contributions received	148,900			
Net cash flows for capital and related financing activities	(2,952,294)			(213,493)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	(657,515)			158,024
Cash and Investments, beginning		657,515		499,491
Cash and Investments, ending	\$	-	\$	657,515
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows for Operating Activities				
Operating loss	S	(833,018)	5	(833,632)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	+	(033,010)	2	(033,032)
to net cash flows for operating activities:				
Depreciation		792,623		783,466
State of Alaska on-behalf payments - PERS relief		1,361		2,194
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		2,345		7,915
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided (used) cash:		2,515		7,712
Accounts receivable		805		(5,350
Accounts payable		(42,865)		42,354
Prepaid expenses		(117)		396
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(4,835)		11,602
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		(6,135)		671
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		(11)		103
Compensated absences		691		(4,838
Unearned revenue		(2,624)		(6,211
Net pension liability		9,933		(19,333)
		5,986		(7,185
Net other postemployment penents hability		(6,000)		5,955
Net other postemployment benefits liability Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions				25000
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		487		5,837

Eurtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position

June 30,	2019	2018
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Current Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,054,129	5 2,150,00
Receivables:		
Accounts	109,362	44,11.
Grants Allowance for doubtful accounts	(16,151	6,01
Prepaid expenses	11,447	11,35
Total Current Assets	2,158,787	2,192,34
Noncurrent Assets - capital assets		
Land	1,771,990	1,771,99
Construction in progress		89,16
Buildings	17,271,917	
Equipment	822,671	823,18
Total capital assets	19,866,578	19,450,07
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,359,462	
Total Noncurrent Assets	13,507,116	13,606,59
Total Assets	15,665,903	15,798,94
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	108,399	78,76
Related to other postemployment benefits	51,655	1.544
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	160,054	92,80
Total pereffed outflows of Resources		37. 3.700
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 15,825,957	\$ 15,891,74
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 23,855	
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	35,146	30,74
Compensated absences	41,321	29,20
Customer deposits	7,180	
Unearned revenue	93,646	97,41
Total Current Liabilities	201,148	183,98
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net pension liability	641,014	
Net other postemployment benefits liability	114,123	77,43
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	755,137	657,55
Total Liabilities	956,285	841,53
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to pensions	9,691	46,47
Related to other postemployment benefits	40,825	37,84
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	50,516	84,31
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	13,507,116	
Unrestricted	1,312,040	1,359,30
Total Net Position	14,819,156	14,965,90
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 15,825,957	\$ 15,891,74
	- 12/0E3/75/	4 (3)02()7

Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30,	201	9	2018
Operating Revenues - fees and rentals	\$ 873,46	5 .	\$ 751,940
Operating Expenses			
Salaries	444,06	5	419,332
Employee benefits	245,11	6	242,115
Professional and technical services	2,30	4	3,312
Repair and maintenance	147,13	3	90,939
Other purchased services	79,62	5	76,193
Supplies	332,56	3	323,199
Total Operating Expenses	1,250,80	6	1,155,090
Operating loss before depreciation	(377,34	1)	(403,150)
Depreciation	525,96	3	509,380
Operating loss	(903,30	4)	(912,530
Nonoperating Revenues			
Investment income	3,87	5	5,918
Other income	1,00	0	6,180
State PERS relief	8,34	6	14,227
Total Nonoperating Revenues	13,22	1	26,325
Loss before contributions and transfers	(890,08	3)	(886,205
Transfers in	700,00	0	750,000
Transfers out	(11,50	0)	(11,500
Capital contributions	54,83	8	89,332
Change in net position	(146,74	5)	(58, 373
Net Position, beginning	14,965,90	i	15,024,274
Net Position, ending	\$ 14,819,15	6	\$ 14,965,901

Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30,	2019	2018
Cash Flows for Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers and users	5 803,789	\$ 715,566
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(558,626)	(480,754)
Payments to employees for services	(667,783)	(660,453)
Net cash flows for operating activities	(422,620)	(425,641)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Transfers in	700,000	750,000
Transfers out	(11,500)	(11,500)
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	688,500	738,500
Cash Flows for Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(426,485)	(193,637)
Capital contributions received	60,852	83,318
Net cash flows for capital and related financing activities	(365,633)	(110,319)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - investment income received	3,875	5,918
Net Increase in Cash and Investments	(95,878)	208,458
Cash and Investments, beginning	2,150,007	1,941,549
Cash and Investments, ending	\$ 2,054,129	\$ 2,150,007
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows for Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$ (903,304)	\$ (912,530)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	7 1.1141.4	4 10.000
to net cash flows for operating activities:		
Depreciation	525,963	509,380
State of Alaska on-behalf payments - PERS relief	8,346	14,227
Nonoperating revenues	1,000	6,180
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided (used) cash:		
Accounts receivable and related allowances	(68,235)	(10,241
Prepaid expenses	(97)	8,606
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	(29,636)	75,220
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(37,611)	4,354
Accounts payable	3,096	4,283
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	4,399	961
Compensated absences	12,112	1,706
Customer deposits	1,330	(4,050
Unearned revenue	(3,771)	(28,263
Net pension liability	60,891	(125,340
Net other postemployment benefits liability	36,693	(46,582
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(36,780)	38,607
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefit:	2,984	37,841
Net Cash Flows for Operating Activities	\$ (422,620)	\$ (425,641

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This part of the City of Wasilla's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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Financial Trends		
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Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	5 26,352,274	5 27,061,059	\$ 27,866,382	5 27,146,916	5 31,959,213	5 39,126,772	5 50,741,890	5 58,174,797	\$ 59,340,731	5 59,714,647
Restricted	210,573	222,722	248,818	266,891	3,256,647	7,720,055	5,055,457	2,034,157	4,427,078	8,023,860
Unrestricted	9,178,588	10,583,663	11,650,704	13,214,102	14,351,166	10,721,131	10,710,820	9,317,559	7,086,803	9,740,561
Total governmental										
activities net position	35,741,435	37,867,444	39,765,904	40,627,909	49,567,026	57,567,958	66,508,167	69,526,513	70,854,612	77,479,068
Business-type activities:										
Net investement in capital assets	59,488,483	61,667,398	68,715,514	69,269,258	67,433,798	66,616,428	64,763,372	63,800,432	62,422,397	66,725,331
Restricted	2,071,844	14							×	
Unrestricted	3,674,997	4,775,904	5,326,572	6,343,898	7,973,193	7,910,326	8,706,223	10,019,918	11,259,818	12,228,877
Total business-type										
activities net position	65,235,324	66,443,302	74,042,086	75,613,156	75,406,991	74,526,754	73,469,595	73,820,350	73,682,215	78,954,208
Total activities:										
Net Investment in capital assets	85,840,757	88,728,457	89,540,999	96,416,174	99,393,011	105,743,200	115,505,262	121,975,229	121,763,128	126,439,978
Restricted	2,071,844	222,722	248,818	266,891	3,256,647	7,720,055	5,055,457	2,034,157	4,427,078	8,023,860
Unrestricted	12,853,585	15,339,567	16,977,276	19,558,000	22,324,359	18,631,457	19,417,043	19,337,477	18,346,621	21,969,438
Total Net Position	\$ 100,766,186	5 104,290,746	5 106,767,093	\$ 116,241,065	\$ 124,974,017	5 132,094,712	5 139,977,762	5 143,346,863	5 144,536,827	5 156,433,276

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			(accrual basi	is of accounting)						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,949,299	2,678,667	\$ 2,994,569	5 3,215,470	5 3,340,921	5 3,038,869	5 3,466,671	5 3,689,430	5 3,501,793	5 3,907,795
Public safety	6,469,113	6,585,810	6,920,691	7,108,991	7,075,807	7,418,375	7,621,942	8,368,172	8,293,624	8,565,957
Public works	3,473,727	3,949,216	3,852,249	4,029,730	4,431,710	4,033,097	5,681,096	4,330,629	3,752,738	4,150,204
Cultural and recreation	1,908,613	1,734,297	1,907,136	2,086,325	2,043,477	2,021,445	2,288,903	2,903,528	2,863,653	2,962,633
Interest on long-term debt	169,873	113,014	125,108	113,071	85,651	76,516	59,559	11,916	10,749	(1,994
Total governmental activities expenses	14,970,625	15,061,004	15,799,753	16,553,587	16,977,566	16,588,302	19,118,171	19,303,675	18,422,557	19,584,590
Business-type activities:										
Water Utility	1,354,805	1,347,403	1,364,302	1,522,151	1,601,031	1,628,907	2,024,454	1,731,372	1,644,995	1,866,664
Sewer Utility	1,248,782	1,254,787	1,424,799	1,490,873	1,557,178	1,635,212	1,902,514	1,670,499	2,003,549	7,030,125
Municipal Airport	1,081,269	1,046,550	1,647,280	833,245	859,904	1,103,297	976,676	988,841	946,906	964,040
Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center	1,622,562	1,491,371	1,584,802	1,725,391	1,716,810	1,699,787	1,835,765	1,700,624	1,664,470	1,776,769
Total business-type activities expenses	5,307,418	5,140,111	6,021,183	5,571,660	5,734,923	6,067,203	6,739,409	6,091,336	6,259,920	6,637,598
Total expenses	20,278,043	20,201,115	21,820,936	22,125,247	22,712,489	22,655,505	25,857,580	25,395,011	24,682,477	26,222,188
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Fees, fines & charges for services:										
General government	38,397	33,588	32,842	31,055	39,781	65,334	74,509	77,403	77,841	126,828
Public safety	1,564,989	1,544,398	1,722,970	1,710,651	1,779,073	1,883,808	1,916,013	2,178,985	3,033,037	3,408,470
Public works	141,022	191,833	210,329	221,723	148,579	190,078	187,385	209,440	225,171	62,924
Cultural and recreation	76,145	54,340	63,691	64,789	87,724	30,255	25,022	34,445	46,489	34,529
Operating grants and contributions	901,746	633,479	691,402	731,335	594,799	1,295,063	1,166,891	664,240	1,023,779	859,201
Capital grants and contribtuions	1,724,791	2,650,118	1,779,393	1,034,593	4,577,040	7,974,785	7,170,916	5,915,710	1,847,996	1,031,489
Total governmental activities										
program revenues	4,447,090	5,107,756	4,500,627	3,794,146	7,226,996	11,439,323	10,540,736	9,080,223	6,254,313	5,523,441
Business-type activities:										
Water Utility	1,148,297	1,312,070	1,476,682	1,537,994	1,805,376	1,839,517	1,964,369	1,906,725	1,888,079	1,929,774
Sewer Utility	1,024,400	1,159,179	1,235,814	1,308,737	1,447,990	1,511,553	1,549,405	1,535,775	1,501,942	1,469,713
Municipal Airport	67,221	64,082	65,849	69,522	72,121	85,669	86,581	111,764	121,189	131,022
Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center	735,723	544,627	585,634	651,344	732,704	728,688	695,112	712,947	751,940	873,465
Operating grants and contributions	216,869	320,593	395,857	160,748	181,441	91,294	506,656	111,881	483,842	376,404
Capital grants and contributions	1,231,514	1,893,891	2,254,264	2,641,162	2,284,514	1,388,429	234,831	956,673	618,536	5,327,888
Total business-type activities program revenues	4,424,024	5,294,442	6,014,100	6,369,507	6,524,146	5,645,150	5,036,954	5,335,765	5,365,528	10,108,266
Total primary government program revenues	8,871,114	10,402,198	10,514,727	10,163,653	13,751,142	17,084,473	15,577,690	14,415,988	11,619,841	15,631,707
Net (expenses)/revenue:										
Governmental activities	(10,523,535)	(9,953,248)	(11,299,126)	(12,759,441)	(9,750,570)	(5,148,979)	(8,577,435)	(10,223,452)	(12,168,244)	(14,061,149
Business-type activities	(883,394)	154,331	(7,083)	797,847	789,223	(422,053)	(1,702,455)	(755,571)	(894,392)	3,470,668
Total primary government net expenses	\$ (11,406,929) 5	(9,798,917)	S (11,306,209)	5 (11,961,594) 5	(8,961,347)	\$ (5,571,032)	5 (10,279,890)	5 (10,979,023)	5 (13,062,636) 5	(10,590,481

Changes in Net Position, continued Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Revenues and Other Changes										
in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Sales taxes	5 11,185,917	\$ 11,681,721	5 11,911,716	5 12,346,152	\$ 15,481,431	5 19,579,568	\$ 16,975,061	\$ 13,319,335	\$ 16,724,587	\$21,046,073
Property taxes	92		2							
Vehicle taxes	107,640	108,670	117,460	120,969	57,441	58,550	57,920	59,270	60,920	287,628
Grants and entitlements not restricted										
to a specific purpose	1,220,956	1,158,757	1,564,089	1,798,256	1,745,300	744,130	720,520	567,868	540,979	489,881
Investment earnings	235,941	121,725	67,015	85,725	83,197	103,799	169,528	119,083	271,966	829,737
Loss on land held for resale		100							(862,536)	(165,000
Loss on sale of capital assets										(220,011
Other	57,143	31,540	81,304	35,261	92,719	105,843	123,683	219,742	147,091	50,794
Transfers	(912,825)	(1,023,156)	(544,000)	(741,215)	1,229,599	(662,348)	(529,068)	(1,043,500)	(1,067,494)	(1,633,500
Special item - write off NPO/OPEB	-		- 13				1+0			
Total governmental activities	11,894,864	12,079,257	13,197,586	13,645,148	18,689,687	19,929,542	17,517,644	13,241,798	15,815,513	20,685,605
Business-type activities:										
Taxes	2,813,929			-			-			
Investment earnings	5,881	2,836	4,574	6,542	3,479	3,453	1,166	7,702	5,918	3,875
Other		7,655	36,396	25,466	230,732	77,265	115,062	55,124	47,386	163,950
Transfers	912,825	1,023,156	544,000	741,215	(1,229,599)	662,348	529,068	1,043,500	1,067,494	1,633,500
Total business-type activities	3,732,635	1,033,647	584,970	773,223	(995,388)	743,066	645,296	1,106,326	1,120,798	1,801,325
Total primary government	15,627,499	13,112,904	13,782,556	14,418,371	17,694,299	20,672,608	18,162,940	14,348,124	16,936,311	22,486,930
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities	1,371,329	2,126,009	1,898,460	885,707	8,939,117	10,178,972	8,940,209	3,018,346	3,647,269	6,624,456
Business-type activities	2,849,241	1,187,978	577,887	1,571,070	(206,165)	1,532,289	(1,057,159)	350,755	226,406	5,271,993
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,220,570	\$ 3,313,987	\$ 2,476,347	\$ 2,456,777	\$ 8,732,952	\$ 11,711,261	\$ 7,883,050	\$ 3,369,101	5 3,873,675	\$ 11,896,449

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010					200				0.00
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	201
General Fund:										
Nonspendable	\$ 74,596	5 78,953	\$ 118,443	\$ 96,268	\$ 88,911	\$ 54,514	\$ 285,279	\$ 366,795	\$ 227,785	5 464,49
Committed	-	1,001,579	2,502,183	3,636,891	4,041,840	5,075,895	7,907,835	6,220,757	6,010,411	7,911,995
Assigned	129,694	312,990	639,840	675,829	747,179	1,614,659	1,275,939	1,160,942	1,259,127	1,435,900
Unassigned	6,273,841	7,293,632	7,149,076	7,539,574	8,064,088	8,366,493	8,076,870	8,829,752	8,080,284	8,122,474
Total General Fund	6,478,131	8,687,154	10,409,542	11,948,562	12,942,018	15,111,561	17,545,923	16,578,246	15,577,607	17,934,860
All Other Governmental Funds: Nonspendable:										
Permanent fund	210,573	222,722	235,672	253,745	285,734	289,215	290,615	298,275	321,160	330,911
Special revenue funds			14	14	13	13		10.00	860,200	
Capital projects funds	-	16	12,845	5,819				14	123,816	40,345
Prepaid items				*			7,017	4,804	1,201	1,28
Restricted for:										
Debt service funds	227,968	i ir			19			1.0		
Special revenue funds			13,146	13,146	13,146	13,146	13,146	13,146	13,146	13,146
New library construction	-				2,957,767	7,417,694	3,028,960	11 19		
New police station construction		3.44	~	~	4				3,232,572	6,984,603
Capital projects funds		94		-	14		1,722,736	1,722,736	3,232,112	695,200
Assigned to:										
Special revenue funds	302,982	48,078	43,025	93,560	60,572	65,551	57,903	51,833	54,528	43,404
Debt service funds	354,460						*		-	
Capital projects funds	2,190,737	2,278,206	1,640,295	1,750,832	1,984,955	2,807,235	1,750,651	3,865,649	1,218,228	4,800,380
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 3,286,720	\$ 2,549,006	\$ 1,944,997	\$ 2,117,116	\$ 5,302,187	\$ 10,592,854	\$6,871,028	\$ 5,956,443	\$ 9,056,963	\$ 12,909,273

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accusal basis of accounting)

			(modified accru	al basis of acco	unting)					
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues										
Sales taxes	\$ 11,185,917	5 11,681,721	\$ 11,911,716	\$ 12,346,152	\$ 15,481,431	\$ 19,579,568	\$ 16,975,061	5 13,319,335	\$ 16,724,587	\$ 21,046,076
Property and vehicle taxes	107,732	108,670	117,462	120,969	57,441	58,550	57,920	59,270	60,920	287,628
Intergovernmental	3,876,409	2,702,239	3,664,535	3,556,911	4,184,465	8,406,454	8,231,625	1,899,617	3,012,014	2,222,667
Investment earnings	235,941	121,725	67,015	85,725	83,197	103,799	169,528	119,083	271,996	829,737
Loss on land held for resale	-						-		(862,536)	
Other revenues	1,870,786	1,897,065	2,089,290	2,114,907	2,147,361	2,275,749	2,819,905	3,135,509	3,512,494	4,059,085
Total Revenues	\$ 17,276,785	\$ 16,511,420	\$ 17,850,018	\$ 18,224,664	\$ 21,953,895	\$ 30,424,120	\$ 28,254,039	5 18,532,814	\$ 22,719,475	\$ 28,280,193
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	\$ 2,672,437	\$ 2,554,172	5 2,790,919	5 2,815,187	\$ 2,913,068	5 3,148,955	5 2,921,203	5 2,839,646	5 3,062,835	\$ 3,126,684
Public safety	5,619,041	5,772,067	6,161,011	6,292,968	6,303,802	7,531,076	6,230,856	6,522,876	7,688,792	8,050,495
Public works	2,163,887	2,064,098	2,171,962	2,208,004	2,241,846	2,418,483	2,090,240	2,212,748	2,327,502	2,263,134
Culture and recreation	1,681,948	1,670,474	1,834,867	1,917,983	1,929,493	2,186,076	1,913,045	2,049,395	2,244,820	2,251,103
Non-departmental	102,000	54,486	64,567	139,725	205,565	97,983	53,171	55,701	172,435	253,745
Youth court	146,501	148,540	161,932	173,429	190,111	217,417	171,912	191,280	172,433	255,743
										E 000 74E
Capital outlay Debt service:	4,087,063	1,349,794	2,608,221	1,805,060	2,789,674	6,317,946	15,220,960	5,165,907	3,661,800	5,092,715
	100.000	240.450	225 107	220 505	220 000	240,000	255 000	200 000	205 000	105 000
Principal	400,080	349,659	325,197	320,505	320,000	340,000	355,000	390,000	395,000	405,000
Interest	158,780	136,863	124,844	112,744	97,744	82,263	65,819	23,323	20,150	8,100
Other debt service costs	-		8			×		12,333		
Total Expenditures	17,031,737	14,100,153	16,243,520	15,785,605	16,991,303	22,340,199	29,022,206	19,463,209	19,573,334	21,450,976
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	245,048	2,411,267	1,606,498	2,439,059	4,962,592	8,083,921	(768, 167)	(930,395)	3,146,141	6,829,217
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Refunding bonds issued)	-	1	815,000		
Premium on refunding		-				1.00		26,231		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		+		100	91	- 4	- 4	(828,898)	1.0	- 00
Proceeds from sale of assets	8,035	4,279	55,881	13,295	56,495	38,637	9,771	79,300	21,234	1,013,846
Transfers in	5,275,203	728,932	655,084	947,273	1,146,054	859,968	959,643	3,169,645	3,111,973	1,165,289
Transfers out	(6,188,028)	(1,673,169)	(1,199,084)	(1,688,488)	(1,986,617)	(1,522,316)	(1,488,711)	(4,213,145)		(2,798,789
Proceeds from capital lease	88,512	Antigares		7,444-41,144	1100001000	(///	X14 15571 11X	1.100.001	1,417,17,007	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Net other financing sources (uses)	(816,278)	(939,958)	(488,119)	(727,920)	(784,068)	(623,711)	(519,297)	(951,867)	(1,046,260)	(619,654)
Net change in fund balances	(571,230)	1,471,309	1,118,379	1,711,139	4,178,524	7,460,210	(1,287,464)	(1,882,262)	2,099,881	6,209,563
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	4 000	2.57%	3.17%	2.94%	2.94%	2.43%	2.57%	2.79%	2.58%	2.36%
	4.09%	£,3/ //	2,17%	4,740	2,740	6,730	4(3//0)	4.1.10	4.300	4,30/

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Total Taxes	Property Taxes	Sales Taxes	Vehicle Taxes
2010	.5	11,293,649	\$ 92	\$ 11,185,917	\$ 107,640
2011		11,790,391	15	11,681,721	108,670
2012		12,029,178	2	11,911,716	117,460
2013		12,467,121	-	12,346,152	120,969
2014		15,538,872		15,481,431	57,441
2015		19,638,118		19,579,568	58,550
2016		17,032,981		16,975,061	57,920
2017		13,378,605		13,319,335	59,270
2018		16,785,507	-	16,724,587	60,920
2019		21,333,704	-	21,046,076	287,628

Source: City of Wasilla Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ In October 2017, voters approved a ballot initiate to increase sales tax 1.0% effective January 1, 2018. The 1.0% increase was dedicated to fund construction of a new police station. The rate shall remain at 3% for a period of two years or until twelve million is collected, whichever is earlier. At that time, the rate shall decrease to 2.5% thereafter.

⁽²⁾ Property taxes were reduced to 0.00 Mills July 1, 2006 and have remained at this rate.

General Government Sales Tax Revenue By Category June 30, 2019

	201	9		2010		
	Total Sales	Percentage	Total Sales		Percentage	
Category	Tax Revenue	of Total	Ta	ax Revenue	of Total	
Trade Retail & Wholesale	\$ 15,260,509	72,51%	\$	8,431,112	75.37%	
Entertainment, Recreation & Food Service	2,975,915	14.14%		1,161,644	10.38%	
Utilities & Information	993,375	4,72%		673,297	6,02%	
Real Estate, Rental, Leasing & Transportation	338,842	1.61%		154,574	1.38%	
Manufacturing (primarily construction related)	193,624	0,92%		70,033	0.63%	
All Other Services	1,283,811	6.10%		695,257	6.22%	
	\$ 21,046,076	100.00%	\$	11,185,917	100.00%	

Source: City of Wasilla Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ Wasilla Municipal Code restricts the publication of sales tax collection information identifiable to a particular seller. Sales tax revenue by category is presented in lieu of disclosing principal sales tax revenue payers.

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended		Total Assessed Value Net of	Total Direct Tax	Estimated Actual	Assessed Value as a Percentage of
June 30	Real	Exemptions	Rate	Value	Actual Value
2010	\$ 1,158,678,913	\$ 929,324,347	11.700	\$ 951,043,600	97.72%
2011	1,153,237,856	926,268,943	11.790	956,288,200	96.86%
2012	1,195,173,600	966,009,946	11.970	1,002,502,500	96.36%
2013	1,208,834,305	941,218,804	11.661	1,100,867,900	85.50%
2014	1,239,337,767	961,267,991	11.842	1,011,551,400	95.03%
2015	1,315,952,264	1,014,495,688	11.652	1,048,765,200	96.73%
2016	1,383,706,145	1,037,570,889	11.974	1,042,965,600	99.48%
2017	1,382,275,564	1,040,857,140	12.134	1,105,396,100	94.16%
2018	1,425,430,134	1,067,253,677	12.290	1,150,313,049	92.78%
2019	1,480,845,389	1,099,451,239	12.482	1,184,377,925	92.83%

Source: Matanuska-Susitna Borough and State of Alaska, Assessors Office.

⁽¹⁾ Effective with Fiscal Year 1999, Personal Property was exempted from property tax.

Sales and Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Sales Tax		Propert	y Tax	
Fiscal Year Ended	City of	Mat-Su	Wasilla Fire Service	City of	
June 30	Wasilla	Borough	Area	Wasilla	Total
2010	2.00	9.980	1.72	0.00	11,700
2011	2.00	9.960	1.83	0.00	11.790
2012	2.00	10.050	1.92	0.00	11.970
2013	2,00	9.691	1.97	0.00	11.661
2014	3.00	9.852	1.99	0.00	11.842
2015	3.00	9.662	1.99	0.00	11.652
2016	2.00	9.984	1.99	0.00	11.974
2017	2.00	9.984	2.15	0.00	12.134
2018	3.00	10.140	2.15	0.00	12.290
2019	3.00	10.332	2.15	0.00	12.482

Source: Matanuska-Susitna Borough and City of Wasilla Finance Department

- (1) Sales tax rate may be increased to three percent (3%) by City Council through ordinances as established by voter approval at the time of the City's incorporation. Increases in excess of three percent (3%) would require approval by referendum in accordance with Alaska State Statute Title 29.
 - (2) Property tax millage rate is \$1,000 per assessed value. Millage rate for the City of Wasilla is approved by City Council through ordinance.

Principal Property Taxpayers June 30, 2019

				2019				201	0
2.73	Nature of		Taxable assessed		Percentage of total taxable assessed		Taxable assessed		Percentage of total taxable assessed
Taxpayer	Business		Value (1)	Rank	value		Value (1)	Rank	vaiue
Fred Meyer Stores	Retail Store	S	19,200,800	1	1,75%	5	19,451,800	2	2.09%
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	Retail Store	,	18,826,100	2	1.71%		20,723,900	1	2,23%
DBC LLC	Property Development and Retail Mall		18,273,900	3	1.66%		17,744,600	3.	1,91%
Schweiger John Loving TR	Entertainment		17,542,700	4	1.60%				
BDC Wasilla LP	Real Estate Rental and Leasing		14,301,700	5	1.30%				
Gary Lundgren	Individual		12,536,300	6	1,14%				0.00%
Wasilla LLC	Property Development and Retail Mall		12,346,000	7	1.12%		6,343,400	9	0.68%
Primrose Senior Holdings	Housing Facility		11,813,300	8			10,939,600	5	
Global Finance & Investment Co.	Real Estate Rental and Leasing		11,210,600	9	1.02%				0.00%
Lowe's HIW Inc.	Retail Store		10,697,200	10	0.97%		12,174,800	4	1,31%
Mat-Su Valley Medical Center	Medical Facilities						10,454,900	6	1.13%
Home Depot USA, Inc.	Retail Store						9,470,700	7	1.02%
Newcomb Family Trust	Property Development						8,385,300	8	0.90%
Corporate Way Properties	Property Development and Retail Mall						6,142,700	10	0.66%
Total		\$	146,748,600		12.27%	5	121,831,700		11.93%

Source: Matanuska-Susitna Borough, property tax assessment roll.

Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gove	rnmental Activ	vities	Bus	iness	-Type Activitie	es					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds	Retired Principal	Total	General Obligation Bonds		Retired Principal		Total	Total General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	of Assessed Value (3)	Per Capita :
												X.
2010	\$ 3,416,324	\$ 279,633	\$ 3,136,691	\$ 3,821,578	\$	1,820,789	\$	2,000,789	\$ 5,137,480	1.80%	0.55%	716
2011	3,136,691	294,633	2,842,058	2,000,789		2,000,789			2,842,058	0.85%	0.29%	363
+ 2012	2,842,058	299,633	2,542,425					21	2,542,425	0.72%	0.27%	315
2013	2,542,425	263,627	2,278,798			150		4	2,278,798	0.01%	0.24%	278
2014	2,278,798	333,133	1,945,665	- 3				- 2	1,945,665	0.51%	0.19%	233
2015	1,945,665	353,133	1,592,532	-		26.0			1,592,532	0.41%	0.15%	192
2016	1,592,532	368,133	1,224,399			(\$)			1,224,399	0.32%	0.12%	145
2017	1,224,399	406,912	817,487	1.2		2		2	817,487	0.21%	0.08%	94
2018	817,487	403,744	413,743			- 8		-	413,743	0.10%	0.04%	48
2019	413,743	413,743				2				0.00%	0.00%	(9

⁽¹⁾ Population and personal income data can be found in Table 13.

⁽²⁾ Property value data can be found in Table 7.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gove	rnme	ental Activit	ies			Busin	ess-T	ype Activi	ties					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds	A	Special ssessment Bonds		Capital Lease	0	General Obligation Bonds	Ass	Special essment Bonds	Loans Payable	Gov	Total Primary vernment	Percentage of Personal Income	Percentage of Assessed Value (3)	Per Capita (2)
2010	\$3,136,691	\$	29,387	5	70,898	\$ 2,	,000,789	5	-	\$3,218,743	\$ 8,	456,508	2.96%	0.91%	1,178
2011	2,842,058		~		40,701		-			-	2,	882,759	0.86%	0.31%	368
2012	2,542,425		-		10,504		4		-	10	2,	552,929	0.72%	0.26%	317
2013	2,278,798		- 0		1.		0.00			100	2,	278,798	0.64%	0.24%	278
2014	1,945,665		- 3		1		-				1,	945,665	0.51%	0.20%	233
2015	1,592,532		4				4			1,925,189	3,	517,721	0.91%	0.35%	425
2016	1,224,399				-		54.1		-	1,584,656	2,	809,055	0.74%	0.27%	332
2017	817,487		~				2		-	1,158,150	1,	975,637	0.51%	0.19%	227
2018	413,743						~ ~			992,700	1,	406,443	0.36%	0.13%	160
2019	-				A					827,250		827,250	0.00%	0.08%	94

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding the City of Wasilla's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Population and personal income data can be found in Schedule 13.

⁽³⁾ Property value data can be found in Table 7.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Debt June 30, 2019

	Percentage Applicable	City o
	to this	Wasilla'
Net Debt	Governmental	Share
Outstanding.	Unit	of Deb
\$ -	100.00%	\$.
269,440,000	11.75%	31,659,200
\$ 269,440,000		\$31,659,200
	Outstanding \$ - 269,440,000	Applicable to this Net Debt Governmental Outstanding Unit \$ - 100.00% 269,440,000 11.75%

Source: Matanuska-Susitna Borough and City of Wasilla Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ There is no debt limit mandated by law. The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the Matanuska-Susitna Borough's taxable assessed value that is within the City of Wasilla's boundaries and dividing it by the Matanuska-Susitna Borough's total taxable assessed value.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City of Wasilla	3		Ma	tanuska Susitna	a Borough	
Fiscal Year	Population	School Enrollment	Population	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate (Annual %)
2010	7,176	3,932	85,319	\$ 40,037	34.7	16,653	8.6
2011	7,831	3,905	88,995	42,691	34.7	17,079	9.0
2012	8,064	4,068	91,697	43,662	34.7	17,338	8,9
2013	8,207	4,126	93,801	43,498	35.0	17,247	7.2
2014	8,365	4,158	96,074	45,452	35.0	17,843	7.4
2015	8,275	4,143	98,063	46,785	35.0	18,037	8.3
2016	8,468	3,829	100,178	44,454	35.0	18,745	8.3
2017	8,704	3,866	102,598	44,803	35.0	18,721	8.6
2018	8,797	3,975	104,166	44,803	35.0	19,369	8.0
2019	8,801	3,805	105,743	44,803	35.0	19,101	7.0
Source	(2) State of Alaska and US Census	State of Alaska Dept of Education & Early Development	(2) State of Alaska and US Census	(1) Bureau of Economic Analysis	(1) State of Alaska	State of Alaska Dept of Education & Early Development	

⁽¹⁾ If information is not available from source or alternate source, the most recent year's data is used as an estimate. Previous years' numbers are revised as information becomes available.

⁽²⁾ Population is first sourced from the U.S. Census when current data is available. The alternate source for population data includes estimates from the Alaska Division of Regional Affairs for those years between censuses.

City of Wasilla, Alaska

Full-Time Equivalent Employees By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
City Clerk	2.00	2.00	2.00	3,00	3,00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Mayor	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
General Admin Services	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Finance/MIS	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	13.00	14.00	14.00
Police	50.00	48.00	48.00	49.00	49.00	49.00	50.00	60.00	62.00	64.00
Youth Court	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	0.75	0.75
Public Works	23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	21.00	21.00	21.00
Museum	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Recreation Facilities										
Maintenance	2,55	3.00	3.00	3.00	3,00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Sports Center/Recreation										
Services	10.66	9.50	8.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Library	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	10.00	10.00
Total	119.71	117.00	115.50	115.50	114,50	113,50	116.50	126.50	129.25	131.25

Source: City of Wasilla Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ This schedule reflects the number of full-time equivalent positions that are authorized, not necessarily funded or filled.

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

				50 K 3 S 1 S 1 C 5 C 5 C 5 C 5 C 5 C 5 C 5 C 5 C 5 C						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function										
Public Safety:										
Police Services;										
Police requests for service	16,658	19,800	20,526	20,856	24,374	26,758	26,026	27,451	26,823	26,963
Criminal arrests	712	847	883	1,006	1,315	1,484	1,448	1,292	1,252	1,401
Water and Wastewater:										
Water production average										
gallons per day average										
July readings	813,377	724,687	615,959	779,454	909,806	758,613	705,253	696,907	823,830	1,194,825
Wastewater treatment avg. gallons per day average										
July readings	361,648	381,229	327,194	324,100	445,483	375,767	345,733	331,767	343,073	369,295

Source: Various City of Wasilla Departments

⁽¹⁾ Public safety is reported on a calendar year as the data is available in that format. Water and wastewater are reported on a fiscal year.

City of Wasilla, Alaska

Capital Asset Statistics By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Miles of streets	66.37	69.82	70.24	70.24	71.28	73.29	73.65	75.36	76.49	76.6
Miles of water lines	41.50	41.67	42.35	43.64	44.93	46.50	46.82	47.49	47.49	48.9
Miles of sewer lines	26.36	26.53	26.57	26.78	26.89	26.89	26.89	26.89	26.89	27,5
Police protection -										
Number of stations	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.0
Recreation:										
Number of facilities:										
Parks	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	7.0
Ball fields	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.0
Fitness trails	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.0
Soccer fields	2.00	2.00	2,00	2,00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.0
Campground	1.00	1.00	1.00	1,00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.0
Multi-purpose facility	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.0

Source: Various City of Wasilla Departments

CITY OF WASILLA

ALASKA

Federal and State of Alaska Single Audit Reports
and

Supplementary Information
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



Federal and State Single Audit Reports Year Ended June 30, 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wasilla, Alaska

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wasilla, Alaska (City of Wasilla) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Wasilla's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Wasilla's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wasilla's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wasilla's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Wasilla's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BDO USA, LLP

Anchorage, Alaska December 2, 2019



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wasilla, Alaska

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Wasilla's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Wasilla's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. City of Wasilla's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Wasilla's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Wasilla's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Wasilla's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Wasilla complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Wasilla is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Wasilla's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Wasilla's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Wasilla as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Wasilla's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

BOO USA, LLP

Anchorage, Alaska December 2, 2019

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Federal	Pass-Through Entity		Tota
Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor /	CFDA	Identifying	Provided	to Federa
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Subrecipien	ts Expenditure
Department of Transportation				
Airport Improvement Program	20.106		\$	- \$ 2,619,679
Passed through State of Alaska Department of Transpo and Public Facilities:	rtation			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20,205	HFHWY00087		173,075
Highway Safety Cluster -				
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	405d M5HVE18-01-00(A)-13		- 1,512
Total Department of Transportation				- 2,794,266
National Endownment for the Humanities				
Passed through State of Alaska Department of Educationand Early Development;	on and			
Grants to States - Public Library Assistance	45,310	PLA-19-787-01		- 7,000
Grants to States - Continuing Education	45.310	CED-19-787-01		- 1,073
Total National Endownment for the Humanities				- 8,073
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	- \$ 2,802,339

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2019

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of City of Wasilla, Alaska (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The City has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of State Financial Assistance Required by the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Wasilla, Alaska

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the City of Wasilla, Alaska's (City of Wasilla) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Wasilla's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. City of Wasilla's major state programs are identified in the accompanying schedule of state financial assistance.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Wasilla's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits*. Those standards and the *State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Wasilla's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Wasilla's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the City of Wasilla complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Wasilla is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Wasilla's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Wasilla's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of State Financial Assistance Required by the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wasilla as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Wasilla's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of state financial assistance is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

BDO USA, LLP

Anchorage, Alaska December 2, 2019

Schedule of State Financial Assistance Year Ended June 30, 2019

State Grant Title	Grant Number	Total Grant Award	State Share of Expenditures
A Property Company	7,44,75		
Department of Revenue	F3/40	£ 20 400	£ 20 400
State Liquor License	FY19	\$ 28,400	\$ 28,400
Fisheries Tax Aviation Fuel Tax	FY19 FY19	1,972	
* Electric & Telephone Coop Tax	FY19	215,338	1,972 215,338
Electric & Telephone Coop Tax	1113	£13,330	210,330
Total Department of Revenue			245,809
Department of Military and Veteran's Affairs			
SEOC Afterhours Answering Point	GF2019001	50,163	50,163
Department of Health and Social Services			
Youth Courts/Community Panels	609-239-19009	52,700	52,700
Department of Commerce, Community, and Economic Deve			
* Community Assistance Program	FY19	244,171	244,171
Water Wells and Pumphouse	15-RR-015	898,680	34,955
Cottonwood Creek Park Trailhead	13-DC-066	75,000	9,890
* Sewage Treatment Plant Improvements	14-DC-144	3,000,000	1,176,243
* Extension of South Mack Drive	14-RR-017	2,394,135	190,061
Upgrades to Dispatch System	15-RR-014	883,370	100,328
Total Department of Commerce, Community, and			
Economic Development			1,755,648
Department of Transportation and Public Facilities			
Fairview Loop Road Realignment	54800	456,000	6,264
Department of Administration			
* PERS On-behalf	FY19	514,599	514,599
Total State Financial Assistance			\$ 2,625,183

^{*} Major program

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of State Financial Assistance.

Notes to the Schedule of State Financial Assistance Year Ended June 30, 2019

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of State Financial Assistance (the "Schedule") include the state grant activity of the City of Wasilla, Alaska under programs of the state government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of City of Wasilla, Alaska, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of City of Wasilla, Alaska.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

3. PERS On-behalf

The City has recorded \$514,599 in PERS On-behalf payments in the Schedule of State Financial Assistance. This represents the PERS relief payments appropriated and transferred into the plan during FY2019.

In the governmental fund financial statements, on-behalf revenue and expenditures have been recognized commensurate with the proportional share of on-behalf payments in the year appropriated and transferred to the plan. However, in the full accrual financial statements, GASB 68 provisions prescribe that on-behalf pension contributions in a special funding situation may only be recognized during the measurement period in which the plan recognizes the contributions, effectively creating a one-year timing difference between the cash contribution and revenue and expense/expenditures recognition by the City.

As a result of these perspective and timing differences, amounts reported on the financial statements do not agree to the amount reported on the Schedule of State Financial Assistance. In FY2019, the City reported \$180,889 in PERS on-behalf revenue and expenses in the Statement of Activities.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Section I - Summary of Audito	r's Results		
Financial States	ments			
Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:		Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes yes	X no X (none reported)	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	_X_no	
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes yes	X no (none reported)	
Type of auditor's federal program	s report issued on compliance for major ms:			Jnmodified
	gs disclosed that are required to be reporte with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	_X_no	
Identification of	major federal programs:			
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Agency		
20.106	Airport Improvement Program	Departmen	t of Transpo	ortation
Dollar threshold	used to distinguish between Type A and Ty	pe B programs:	\$	750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes	X no	
State Financial	Assistance			
Internal control over major state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	X no X (none	e reported)
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major state programs:		Unmodified		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish a state major program		\$ 150,000		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, continued Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II - Financial Statement Findings Required to be Reported in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

There were no findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings and questioned costs for federal awards (as defined in 2 CFR 200.516(a)) that are required to be reported.

Section IV - State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings and questioned costs for State awards (as defined in the State of Alaska Audit Guide and Compliance Supplement for State Single Audits) that are required to be reported.