Supporting Schedules

These supporting schedules are intended to provide a glimpse of the City's community profile and financial situation. Included in these schedules are as follows:

- FY 2011 FY 2014 Personnel Summary this summarizes the personnel information by position and department
- Summary of the Local Economy
- Community Profile Statistics
- Property Tax Rates All direct and overlapping governments for ten fiscal years
- Tax Revenues by Source
- Total Assessed Value of Taxable Property
- Ordinance Serial No. 12-12(AM); "An ordinance of the Wasilla City Council providing for the adoption of the annual budget for the fiscal year 2013 and appropriating funds to carry out said budget". This ordinance is adopted to implement the FY 2013 budget.
- Chart of Accounts

Fiscal Year 2013 - 2014 Personnel Staffing Table Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function

Department (Department Number)	FY 2011 Actual	FY 2012 Adopted Budget	FY 2012 Amended Budget	FY 2013 Adopted Budget	Difference Between FY 2012 Amended & FY 2013 Proposed	NOTE	FY 2014 Adopted Plan	Difference Between FY 2013 Proposed & FY 2014 Proposed
Council/Clerk						_		,
Clerk	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	_
Deputy Clerk	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	_		1.00	_
City Administrative Aide	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	а	1.00	_
,	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	1.00		3.00	
Mayor								
Mayor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
Executive Assistant	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	_		1.00	_
	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2=		2.00	-
General Administrative Services								
Deputy Administrator	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
City Administrative Aide	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	-		2.00	2
Human Resources								
HR Generalist	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			1.00	<u>.</u>
HR Assistant	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	-		2.00	-
Planning								
City Planner	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	=
Planning Clerk	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	
	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	-		2.00	_
Finance								
Finance Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	_		1.00	-
Controller	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
Purchasing/Contract Officer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
Staff Accountant	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	(1.00)	b	1.00	-
Finance Clerk I	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
Finance Clerk II	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
Finance Clerk III	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	-		3.00	
	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00	(1.00)		9.00	-
Management Information Systems (MIS)								
IT Network Support Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	
	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	=
Police								
Police Chief	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
Administrative Assistant	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	-		3.00	-
Lieutenant	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	=		1.00	
Sergeant - Patrol	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	-		4.00	=
Sergeant - General Investigation	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
Police Officer I - Patrol	-	-	2.00	2.00	=		2.00	-
Police Officer II - Patrol	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	-		12.00	-
Police Officer II - Acting Investigator	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
Police Officer II - Investigator	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	2
Police Officer II - School Resource Officer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
Code Compliance Officer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			1.00	-
Technology Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	₩/ 11
Dispatch Supervisors	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	-		4.00	
Dispatchers	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	2		13.00	Ÿ
Emergency Dispatchers in Training	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-		1.00	-
Call Takers	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00		0 0	2.00	
V-ul 0-ul	48.00	48.00	49.00	49.00	-		49.00	-
Youth Court	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50				
Probation Officer	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50			1.50	
	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	-		1.50	-3

Fiscal Year 2013 - 2014 Personnel Staffing Table Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function

Public Works Director 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1	Difference Between FY 2013 roposed & FY 2014 Proposed
Deputy Director	
Public Works Clerk 1.00	-
Finance Clerk II	-
Finance Clerk III	
Public Works Clarical Assistant 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	_
Maintenance Supervisor - Buildings & Parks 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Maintenance Supervisor - Roads & Airport 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Road Technician I 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Facilities Maintenance Technician I 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Pacilities Maintenance Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Operator in Training - Sewer Fund 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Operator in Training - Water Fund 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Water Technician I 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 2.00 2.00	
Maintenance Supervisor - Roads & Airport 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Road Technician II 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Road Technician I 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Facilities Maintenance Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Operator in Training - Sewer Fund 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Operator in Training - Water Fund 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Water Technician I 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician II 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.0	-
Road Technician II	-
Road Technician 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 2.00	-
Facilities Maintenance Technician I 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00	-
Facilities Maintenance Technician II	16
Operator in Training - Sewer Fund 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Operator in Training - Water Fund 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Water Technician I 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 1.00 - <td>-</td>	-
Operator in Training - Sewer Fund 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Operator in Training - Water Fund 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Water Technician I 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 - 1.00 - <td>-</td>	-
Operator in Training - Water Fund 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Water Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum Echnician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum Curator 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 -	3 - 2
Water Technician I 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Water Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician II 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 2.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 2.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 2.00 - - 1.00 - - 1.00 - - 2.00 - - 2.00 - - 1.00 - - 1.00 -	_
Water Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician II 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum Curator 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum Aide 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 - 0.50 - Recreation Services/CMMSC - 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Recreation & Culture Services Manager 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Events Coordinator & Facility Supervisor 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Building Support Lead 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00	-
Waste Water Technician I 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Waste Water Technician III 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum 23.00 23.00 23.00 23.00 - 23.00 - Museum Curator 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum Aide 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 - 0.50 - Museum Aide 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 - 0.50 - Recreation Services/CMMSC - 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 - 1.00 - Recreation & Culture Services Manager 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Events Coordinator & Facility Supervisor 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 -	-
Waste Water Technician II 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum 23.00 23.00 23.00 23.00 - 23.00 - Museum Curator 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum Aide 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 - 0.50 - Recreation Services/CMMSC - 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 - 1.00 - Recreation & Culture Services Manager 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Events Coordinator & Facility Supervisor 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Secretary II 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 -	-
Waste Water Technician III 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum 23.00 23.00 23.00 23.00 - 23.00 - Museum Curator 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum Aide 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 - 0.50 - Recreation Services/CMMSC 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 - 1.00 - Recreation & Culture Services Manager 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Events Coordinator & Facility Supervisor 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Secretary II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Building Support Lead 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 1.00 - Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00	
Museum 23.00 23.00 23.00 23.00 - 23.00 - 23.00 - - 23.00 -	_
Museum Curator 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum Aide 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 - 0.50 - 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 - 1.50 - Recreation Services/CMMSC Recreation & Culture Services Manager 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Events Coordinator & Facility Supervisor 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Secretary II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Building Support Lead 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	-
Museum Curator 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Museum Aide 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 - 0.50 - 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 - 1.50 - Recreation Services/CMMSC Recreation & Culture Services Manager 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Events Coordinator & Facility Supervisor 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Secretary II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Building Support Lead 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	
Museum Aide 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 - 0.50 - Recreation Services/CMMSC Recreation & Culture Services Manager 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Events Coordinator & Facility Supervisor 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Secretary II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Building Support Lead 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	_
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Recreation Services/CMMSC Recreation & Culture Services Manager 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Events Coordinator & Facility Supervisor 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Secretary II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Building Support Lead 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	
Recreation & Culture Services Manager 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - 1.00 - 1.00 - - 1.00 -	
Events Coordinator & Facility Supervisor 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Secretary II 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - Building Support Lead 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	2
Secretary II 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - 1.00 - Building Support Lead 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	_
Building Support Lead 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - 1.00 -	_
Maintenance Specialist 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	_
	_
	2
8.00 8.00 7.00 - 7.00 -	
Recreation Facilitities Maintenance	
Parks & Property Technician II 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 - 1.00 -	_
Parks & Property Technician I 2.00 2.00 2.00 - 2.00 - 2.00 -	_
3.00 3.00 3.00 - 3.00 -	
Library	
Director 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	_
Youth Services Librarian 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	
Adult Services Librarian 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	
Interlibrary Loan Coordinator 1.00 1.00 1.00 - 1.00 -	_
Library Aide 5.00 5.00 5.00 - 5.00 -	= =
Library Helper 0.50 0.50 0.50 - 0.50 - 0.50 -	_
9.50 9.50 9.50 - 9.50 -	
Total 115.50 115.50 115.50 - 115.50 -	

Justification for increase (decrease) in staff:

Note: prior year's FTE counts were published at 117. This publication reflects a 1.5 FTE decrease after review of a 1.5 FTE temporary position was incorrectly classified.

⁽a) City Administrative Aide added to assist Clerk's Office in both records management and general Clerk Office functions.

Position is created removing \$20,762 in temporary wages/benefits and removing the records management contract of \$60,000.

⁽b) Finance has had this position open for two budget cycles and has not filled it due to its low per hourly rate. With Clerk's office adding a position to General Government, it is prudent to remove any open, unfilled positions to assist the FY2013 and FY2014 budget impacts.

City of Wasilla Community Profile and Local Economy

Background

The City of Wasilla is located in the south central part of the state and is approximately 42 miles north of Anchorage. It derives its name from Chief Wasilla, a respected local Dena'ina Athabascan Indian Chief. There is some debate about the meaning of the Chief's name. One source claims it means "breath of air" in the Dena'ina Athabascan Indian dialect. Other sources assert the name descended as a variation of the Russian name "Vasili" meaning "William".

Wasilla sprung up after a government land auction at the point where the Alaska Railroad crossed the main supply route (the Carl Wagon Trail) for the mines in the Willow Creek Mining District now the intersection of the George Parks Highway and Main Street. The location provided a supply staging point for the Kantishna Gold Mining area near Mount McKinley and mines in the Talkeetna area.

The City of Wasilla is now a First Class city incorporated in 1974 under Title 29 of the Alaska State Statutes. It currently occupies a land area of approximately 13.43 square miles and serves the resident population of approximately 7,831 in addition to the approximate 81,164 adjacent Mat-Su Borough residents who patronize the Wasilla businesses.

Government and Services

The City of Wasilla is operated under a strong mayoral system with six City Council members. The mayor and council members are all elected at-large. The mayor is elected to serve a three year term and is responsible for appointing top executives and running the day to day governmental activities. The council members are elected to serve three-year, staggered terms, and are responsible for approving ordinances, municipal contracts, budgets, and certain appointments.

The City provides a full range of municipal services authorized by state statute and City code. This includes police, planning and land use control, animal control, sewer, water, road maintenance, parks and recreation, museum, library, and cultural services. Funding for the City's operations is primarily supported by a 2% sales tax, charges for services, grants, state revenue sharing and other sources. The City of Wasilla is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries, however at this time the City levies no said tax.

Economy

The City of Wasilla is located in the fastest growing area of Alaska and serves as the retail trade center for the Matanuska-Susitna Borough. As measured by increased population and sales tax receipts, the growth of the service-oriented economy of the City of Wasilla continues to remain steady. The City of Wasilla remains primarily a bedroom community of Anchorage due to a lack of large-scale primary industry. The City of Wasilla offers an attractive lifestyle in which the cost of housing is less than that in Anchorage due to an abundance of less expensive land. Many residents in our workforce commute daily to Anchorage but are still able to enjoy the quality of life in our community.

The City continues to look toward growth in the service industries to maintain our position as the trade center of the Matanuska-Susitna Valley. Resource extraction industries, particularly petroleum, continue to fuel our economy both directly and indirectly. Other proposed projects that will benefit our economy include opening of the Goose Creek Correctional Center, continued Port MacKenzie development along with the MacKenzie Rail Extension, potential State hydro development and Nordic Ski Areas at Hatchers Pass.

City of Wasilla Community Profile Statistics

Wasilla At A Glance

Government

Year of Incorporation: 1974 Status: First Class City

Form of Government: Elected Mayor

and 6-person City Council.

Type of Government: Strong Mayor **Location**: Wasilla is located 12 miles north of Knik Arm on Cook Inlet in the Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska, at about 61° North Latitude and 149° West Longitude.



Demographics

Land Area

Total Area	8,593 acres
City	700 acres
Borough	150 acres
State	
University of Alaska	40 acres
Private	7,563 acres

Population (US Census Bureau)

2000	5,469
2010	7,831

Age Distribution (2010 Census)

Younger than 5	8.8%
5-19	23.4%
20-34	21.5%
35-54	25.5%
55 and Older	20.8%
Median Age	32.2

Housing Indicators (2010 Census)

Total No. Of Housing Units	. 3,253
No. Of Occupied Units	. 2,967
No. Of Vacant Units	286
Percent of Occupied Housing	
No. of Owner-Occupied Units	. 1,668
No. Of Renter-Occupied Units	. 1,299
% of Owner-Occupied Units	43.7%

Household Income (2010 Census)

1990 Median Family Income 40,685
2000 Median Family Income 53,792
2010 Median Family Income 67,009
2010 Per Capita Income 28,449
Median earnings (dollars):
Male full-time, year round 53,009
Female full-time, year round 39,063

Climate

Average Low Temperature (°F): January	1
Average Maximum Temperature (°F):	
January 23	,
July70	
September59	
December	,

Highest Average Monthly

Precipitation:

City of Wasilla **Community Profile Statistics (Continued)**

Wasilla At A Glance

Economics

Major Employers (based primarily on the number of employees)

Wal-Mart Matanuska-Susitna Bor, School District Fred Meyer Carrs/Safeway Spenard Builders Supply Kendall Ford **Target Corporation** Job Ready, Inc. The Home Depot Lowes, Inc. City of Wasilla

Employment Statistics

(2010 Census) Percent of Population 16 and over in In Labor Force: Percent Employed 58.2% Percent-Unemployed8.0%

Education Facilities

Matanuska-Susitna Borough School District Matanuska-Susitna College/UAA Campus Wayland Baptist University Charter College

Services

Public Water System: Operated by City Of Wasilla. # of water service connections..... 1,147 Number of miles of Water Main².. 53.91 Public Sewer System: Operated by City of Wasilla. # of sewer service connections...... 730 # of Gallons treated1.................. 381,229 Number of miles of Sewer Main... 25.84

Heating: Primarily piped natural gas (Privately Operated).

Police: City Of Wasilla - 24 Officers (including Police Chief)

Fire/Rescue: Matanuska-Susitna Borough (Mat-Su) Fire Department

Ambulance: Matanuska-Susitna Borough

Medical Facilities:

Mat-Su Regional Medical Center

Public Transportation: MASCOT (Non-Profit) operates 20-passenger buses in Mat-Su Borough.

Taxes

Sales Tax City Of Wasilla......2.0%

Property Taxes FY 2010:

City of Wasilla 0.0 m	ils
Mat-Su Borough Area Wide 9.980 m	ils
Mat-Su Borough Fire Dist 1.720 m	ils
FY 2011:	
City of Wasilla 0.0 m	ils
Mat-Su Borough Area Wide 9.956 m	ils
Mat-Su Borough Fire Dist 1.830 m	ils

Accommodations (Bed) Tax

Mat-Su Borough 5.0%

- Based on average read for July 2011.
 Based on FY 2011.

PROPERTY TAX RATES-ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS FOR TEN FISCAL YEARS

		WASILLA			
		FIRE	CITY		
FISCAL	MAT-SU	SERVICE	OF		
YEAR	BOROUGH	AREA	WASILLA	TO	TAL
2013	10.381	1.970	-	1	-
2012	10.051	1.920	-	1 1	1.971
2011	9,956	1.830	-	1 1	1.786
2010	9.980	1.720	-	1 1	1.700
2009	10.326	1.560	-	1 1	1.886
2008	9.644	1.460	-	1 1	1.104
2007	9.644	1.420	•	1 1	1.064
2006	10.880	1.500	0.300	1	2.680
2005	11.800	1.500	0.400	1	3.700
2004	11.702	1.000	0.500	1	3.202

Tax Rate - Millage per \$1,000 of assessed value.

^{1.} The City's adopted mill rate set at 0.0 mils.

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCES FOR TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL	PROPERTY	SALES	TOTAL
YEAR	TAXES	TAXES	TAXES
2014	_ 1	11,854,690 2	11,854,691
2013	_ 1	11,679,498 2	11,679,499
2012	_ 1	11,503,500 2	11,503,501
2011	_ 1	11,681,721 3	11,681,722
2010	_ 1	13,999,846	13,999,847
2009	_ 1	13,847,011	13,847,012
2008	_ 1	12,984,135	12,984,136
2007	2,722	12,072,866	12,075,588
2006	194,627	11,220,355	11,414,982
2005	179,547	10,320,499	10,500,046

Note:

- 1 The Cities adopted mill rate set at 0.0 mills.
- 2 Sales Tax Projection
- 3 Sales tax reduce to 2% from 2.5% Sales Tax collection sufficient to satisfy debt service on 2002 SportsCenter General Obligation Bond.
- 4 Dramatic increase in Sales Tax in FY 03 is due to 1/2 percent increase in sales tax for Debt Service on 2002 Mult-Use Complex General Obligati Bond.

TOTAL ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY FOR TEN FISCAL YEARS

			TOTAL ASSESSED VALUE
FISCAL	REAL	Exempt	NET OF
YEAR	PROPERTY	PROPERTY (1)	EXEMPTIONS (1)
2012	966,009,946	(47,469,326)	918,540,620
2011	926,268,940	(50,821,770)	875,447,170
2010	929,324,350	(49,920,431)	879,403,919
2009	904,686,770	(50,238,446)	854,448,324
2008	883,096,000	(37,118,500)	845,977,500
2007	818,127,000	(29,370,000)	788,757,000
2006	681,562,200	(31,812,527)	649,749,673
2005	530,369,900	(29,620,227)	500,749,673
2004	445,441,100	(26,454,800)	418,986,300
2003	408,866,900	(20,905,300)	387,961,600

⁽¹⁾ This includes Disabled Vets and Senior Citizen exemptions.

Effective with Fiscal Year 1999, Personal Property was exempted from property tax.

By: Finance

Introduced: April 9, 2012

Public Hearing: April 23, 2012 Amended: April 23, 2012

Adopted: April 23, 2012

Vote: Harris, Holler, Katkus, Sullivan-Leonard, Wall and Woodruff in favor

City of Wasilla Ordinance Serial No. 12-12(AM)

An ordinance of the Wasilla City Council providing for the adoption of the Annual Budget for the Fiscal Year 2013 and appropriating funds to carry out said budget.

- **Section 1. Classification.** This is a non-code ordinance.
- **Section 2. Purpose.** In accordance with WMC 5.04.020, the Wasilla City Council hereby adopts the Annual Budget for the Fiscal Year 2013 as presented by the Mayor and introduced on April 9, 2012.
- **Section 3. Federal and state grant funds.** Authority to increase or decrease appropriations in response to changes in estimated grant revenues is adopted as follows:
- (a) If federal or state grant funds that are received during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013 exceed the estimates appropriated by this ordinance the affected appropriation is increased by the amount of the increase in receipts.
- (b) If federal or state grant funds that are received during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013 exceed the estimates appropriated by this ordinance the appropriation from city funds for the affected program may be reduced by the excess if the reduction is consistent with applicable federal and state statutes.
- (c) If federal or state grant funds that are received during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013 fall short of the estimates appropriated by this ordinance the affected appropriation is reduced by the amount of the shortfall in receipts.
- **Section 4.** Appropriation. There is hereby appropriated out of the revenues of the City of Wasilla, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2012, the sum of \$22,464,822, which includes \$1,694,488 of transfers between funds, to be raised by taxation and otherwise, which sum is deemed by Council to be necessary to defray all expenditures of the City during said budget year to be divided and appropriated in accordance with the attached budget proposal as follows:

General Fund		Capital Fund \$ 1,412,000
Legislative	67	Vehicle Fund \$ 235,000
Clerk	\$ 372,696	Right-Of-Way Fund \$ 25,000
Records Management	86,508	Roads Fund \$ 100,000
Council	150,100	Technology Replacement Fund
Mayor	.02,,00	Debt Service \$ 10,504
Administration	301,560	Capital 45,600
General Administration	292,454	\$ 56,104
Human Resources	205,662	Special Revenue Funds
Planning	290,938	Youth Court 161,649
Finance	290,930	101,048
Finance	4 D22 EE2	F-4
	1,033,553	Enterprise Funds*
MIS	266,941	Sewer
rigg gegregation and all the con-		Operations & Transfers \$ 1,049,683
Public Safety		Debt Service 20,127
Administration	615,885	Capital 500,000
Multi Task Drug Enforcement	145,116	Total Sewer Funds \$ 1,569,810
Investigation	326,398	
Police - Patrol	2,859,325	Water
COPS-SRO	152,565	Operations & Transfers \$ 769,105
Dispatch	2,318,544	Debt Service 250,657
Code Compliance	160,594	Capital 135,000
Public Works		Total Water Funds \$ 1,154,762
Administration	463,972	
Roads	1,079,957	Airport
Property Maintenance	575,095	Operations & Transfers \$ 181,537
Meta Rose	106,438	Capital \$ 700,000
		Total Ariport \$ 881,537
Cultural & Recreation	çor omo or o	rannianianianianianianianianianianianiani
Museum	205,244	Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center
Library	977,319	(CMMSC):
Parks Maintenance	693,971	Operations & Transfers \$ 1,183,838
Recreation Services	78,055	Capital 100,000
	70,000	Total CMMSC Fund \$ 1,283,838
Non-Departmental	din man man	Ψ 1,200,000
Non-Departmental	81,000	*Does not include depreciation.
Debt Service	422,744	Does not include depreciation.
Transfers	and the second second	D-140-4 F
to a control of the c	1,322,488	Debt Service Funds None for FY 2013.
otal General Fund	\$ 15,585,122	and the second of the second
		Permanent Funds Cemetary None for FY 2013.
		Total FY2013 Appropriation: \$ 22,464,822
		\$

Section 5. Tax Levy. The rate of tax levy on each dollar assessed valuation of taxable property is fixed at 0.0 mills.

Section 6. Effective date. This ordinance shall take effect July 1, 2012.

ADOPTED by the Wasilla City Council on April 23, 2012/

/ERNE E. RUPRIGHT, Mayo

ATTEST:

KRISTIE SMITHERS, MMC, City Clerk

[SEAL]

City of Wasilla

Ordinance Serial No. 12-12(AM)

Code	<u>Title</u>	<u>Description</u>
Wages 8	& Salaries 10-XX	
10-10	Regular Wages	Wages paid to budgeted staff.
10-20	Temporary Wages	Wages paid to temporary help.
10-25	ALPAR Wages	Wages paid to Summer litter patrol program help.
10-30	Overtime Wages	Wages paid to regular staff for time exceeding the number of hours in a regular scheduled shift (8 or 10) hours or that exceed 40 actual hours worked in one week.
10-31	Overtime WPD Traffic Grant	Wages paid to police officers for overtime reimbursed by the Alaska State Highway Office grants.
10-35	Honorarium	Payments made to persons serving on one of the City's four Commissions.
10-36	Appeal Officer	Payments made to persons appointed as appeal hearing officers.
10-99	Salary Allocation	Wages allocated to various Public Works projects.
Employe	ee Benefits 20-XX	
20-10	Group Insurance	Cost of health insurance for employees
20-15	Medical Reimbursement Health Expense	Reimbursement of health insurance deductibles to employees .
20-20	FICA	Federal Insurance Contributions Act. Employer's share of social security payroll taxes.
20-30	PERS	Payment to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) for employer's share.
20-40	SBS	Payment to the Supplemental Benefit System (SBS) for employer's share.
20-50	Unemployment	Payment to the Employment Security Contribution (ESC) for employer's share.
20-60	Workers' Compensation	Premium for coverage on occupational injuries or illnesses.
20-99	Benefit Allocation	Benefits allocated to various Public Works projects.
Professi	onal & Technical Services 30-XX	Services performed only by persons or firms with specialized skills and knowledge.
30-31	Accounting & Auditing	Fees paid for accounting or auditing services.

Code	<u>Title</u>	Description
30-32	Legal	Fees paid for all legal services.
30-34	Other	Fees paid for records retention, codification, water analysis, lobbying, drug testing, investment management, architect, medical, veterinarian, towing & storage, courier and sport official services.
30-37	Appeal Hearings	Fees paid for legal transcripts in appeal hearings.
Property	Services 40-XX	Services purchased to operate, repair, maintain and rent property owned or used by the government. Services are performed by persons other than government employees.
40-11	Water/Sewerage	Water and sewerage provided to city properties.
40-12	Waste Disposal	Trash removal.
40-20	Cleaning	Custodial services provided to city properties.
40-30	Repair & Maintenance	Repairs and maintenance to office equipment, heavy equipment, vehicles, properties, dispatch radios.
40-31	Computer Software Maintenance	Maintenance on all software programs and licensing.
40-35	Reserve Repair/Maintenance	Repairs and maintenance to Police reserve officer's vehicle.
40-40	Rentals	Costs for renting or leasing land, buildings, equipment, vehicles and machinery.
40-91	Contractual Services	Septic, security, snow removal and inspections.
Other Pu	urchased Services 50-XX	Services rendered by organizations or personnel not on the payroll of the government (separate from professional and technical or property services).
50-10	Elections	Ballot printing, election officials, election materials.
50-20	Insurance	Premiums paid for liability, property and vehicles.
50-30	Communications	Postage, phone services, and currier services.
50-36	AST Long Distance	Alaska State Trooper's portion of telephone bill for dispatch services that is reimbursed to City.
50-40	Advertising	Newspaper, magazine and radio advertising.

Code	<u>Title</u>	<u>Description</u>
50-50	Printing & Binding	Printing of forms: including tax bills, envelopes, business cards, flyers, posters and letterhead; Forms for A/R, utility bills, business licenses; Audit and budget books.
50-81	Travel	All transportation and subsistence, such as mileage, per diem, meals, airfare, hotels, car rental and cab fare.
50-82	Staff Development	All costs of educational, training, and developmental classes, seminars and courses. Cost of transportation to and from event should NOT be in this account.
50-85	Dues & Subscriptions	Dues for professional organizations; subscriptions to newspapers, magazines, trade journals and publications.
50-90	Other Purchased Services	Credit card fees; utility locates; floor mat cleaning; Road maintenance such as sweeping, asphalt repair, plowing and State road maintenance. Alaska Railroad crossing fees. Fire alarm and furnace maintenance.
50-93	Animal Control	All costs related to animal control.
50-97	Recreation Programs	Events sponsored by the City such as the 4th of July picnic and parade, swimming and Iditarod.
SUPPLIE	ES 60.xx	Expenditures for all supplies (consumable or less
60-10	General Supplies	than \$5,000) used in operating the City. Expenditures for all items that are consumed or deteriorated through use such as: Office, archival, beautification, personal protection, building maintenance and janitorial supplies; ammunition; flags, etc.
60-13	Arbor Day Program	Tree seedlings, contest awards and brochures.
60-15	Small Tools & Equipment	Small tools and equipment with a cost of less than \$5,000 such as: Weapons, furniture, computers, hand tools and office equipment.
60-16	Uniforms & Clothing	Uniforms, boots, overalls, rain gear, jackets.
60-21	Natural Gas	Cost to heat City buildings.
60-22 60-25	Electricity Gasoline	Costs for electric service. Gasoline and oil used for the operations of vehicles or other machinery.

Code	<u>Title</u>	<u>Description</u>
60-30	WPD Reserves	Supplies purchased for the Police reserve program.
60-40	Books & Periodicals	Books and periodicals purchased for the Wasilla Library collection.
60-41 60-42	Subscriptions Audiovisual	Subscriptions for the Wasilla Library collection. Audiovisual materials for the Wasilla Library collection.
60-43 60-45	Electronic Materials Special Programs	Electronic resources for the Wasilla Library. Library youth and adult programs and volunteer awards.
60-46	Rasmussen Foundation	Library supplies funded by Rasmussen Foundation.
60-47	Target - Summer Program	Library supplies funded by Target, Inc.
60-52	Asset Forfeiture	Items purchased with Federal asset forfeiture funds.
60-95	Computer Software	Software purchased separately from computer hardware.
60-99	Inventory Clearing	Water and sewer supplies used in maintenance or sold to customers. Food and drink purchased for resale at CMMSC.
69-10	Cash Over/Short	Used to record cash receipt shortages and overages.
Capital C	Outlay 70-XX	Expenditures over \$5,000 for acquiring capital assets, including land or existing buildings, improvements of grounds, initial equipment, additional equipment and replacement of equipment.
70-20	Buildings	Building purchases.
70-40	Machinery & Equipment	Machinery and equipment costing over \$5,000.
70-41	Machinery	Machinery and equipment costing over \$5,000.
70-42	Vehicles	Automobile, trucks, ATV, Snow machines, etc. costing over \$5,000.
70-43	Furniture & Fixtures	Capital furniture and fixtures costing over \$5,000
70-44	Software	Computer software costing over \$5,000
70-46 Debt Ser	Machine & Equipment Library Assistance Grant vices 80-(05-30)	Books and audiovisual materials purchased with Public Library Assistance (PLA) grant funds.

Code	<u>Title</u>	<u>Description</u>
80-05	Other Debt Svc Costs	Bond refunding expenditures.
80-06	Amount in Escrow	Funds held in escrow.
80-10	Debt Service - Principal	Payments made on bond principal.
80-20	Debt Service - Interest	Payments made on bond interest.
80-30	Debt Service - Penalties	Penalties incurred on bond payments.
Other Ex	penditures 80-(40-85)	
80-60	Depreciation	Depreciation expense on capital assets.
80-70	Uncollectible Accounts	Allowance for uncollectible accounts
80-85	Senior Center Grant	Grant from the City council to the Wasilla Senior Center.
80-91	Insurance Deductible/Broker Fee	The deductible portion and any broker fees associated to the Citys insurance policies.
80-92	Property Tax Payments	Property tax payments made to the Mat-Su Borough for any City owned properties.
80-94	Lawsuit Costs/Settlements	Legal settlement costs.
80-96	Other Agreements	Lowes intersection agreement.
Pass Thru to Non-profit 97-XX		
97-01	Wasilla Area Seniors	Funding support provided by the City to a nonprofit organization.
Transfers	90-XX	
90-**	Interfund Transfers	Transfer of funds from one fund to another. **denotes receiving fund.

100 to 10	Fund	Fund Description
General Fund:	001	General Fund
Capital Project Fu	unds:	
	110	Capital Projects Fund
	120	Vehicle Fund
	130	Right of Way Fund
	160	Road CIP Fund
	170	Technology Replacement Fund
Special Revenue	Funds:	
	220	Youth Court Fund
	230	Asset Forfeiture Fund
	270	State Asset Forfeiture
Enterprise Funds	::	
	310	Sewer Utility Fund
	320	Water Utility Fund
	330	Airport Fund
	340	Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center
Fiduciary Fund:		
	410	Cemetery Fund
Debt Service Funds:		
		None for FY 2013 - 2014

Total numbr of funds budgeted: 14

GLOSSARY

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM – The methods and records established to identify, assemble, analyze record, classify, and report information on the financial position and results of operations of a government or any of its funds, fund types, account groups, or organizational components.

ACCOUNT NUMBER – A system of numbering or otherwise designating accounts, in such a manner that the symbol used reveals certain information. The City of Wasilla uses a 14 digit account number (xxx-xxxx-xxx) read from left to right as illustrated below:

- (xxx) The first three digits denote the fund, i.e., 001 is General Fund.
- (xx--) The first two digits in the next four digit set denotes the department, i.e., 41 is General Government and 42 is Public Safety.
- (--xx) The last two digits in the second set of digits denotes the division, i.e., 15 is Council and 50 is Finance.
- (xx-) The first two digits in the third set of digits denotes the activity, i.e., 41 is General Government and 42 Public Safety.
- (--x) The third digit in the third set of digits denotes the sub-activity, i.e., 1 is Clerk and 5 is Finance.
- (xx) The two digits in the fourth set of digits represent the element, a more specific purpose for the account, i.e., 10 represent Personnel Services and 60 represents Supplies.
- (xx) The last two digits in the account number represent the object, which when combined with the element provides clarification as to the meaning of the account, i.e., 10 representing Regular Wages and 20 representing Temporary Wages.

ACCRUAL BASIS – The basis of accounting under which the financial effects of a transaction and other events and circumstances that have cash consequences for the governmental entity are recorded in the period in which those transactions, events and circumstances occur, rather than only in the periods in which cash is received or paid by the entity.

ADOPTED BUDGET – Refers to the budget amounts as originally approved by the City Council at the beginning of the year and also to the budget document which consolidates all beginning-of-the-year operating appropriations and new capital project appropriations.

ANNUAL BUDGET – A budget developed and enacted to apply to a single fiscal year.

APPRAISE – To estimate the value, particularly the value of property. If the property is valued for taxation, the narrower term "assess" is substituted.

APPROPRIATION – The legal authorization granted to the legislative body of a government, which permits officials to incur obligations and make expenditures of governmental resources for specific purpose. Appropriations are usually limited in amounts and time they may be expended.

APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE – The official enactment by the City of Wasilla's Council establishing the legal authority for the Cities administrative staff to obligate and expend resources.

ASSESS – To establish an official property value for taxation.

ASSESSED VALUATION - The valuation set upon all real and personal property in the City that is used as a basis for levying taxes. Tax-exempt property is excluded from the assessable base

ASSESSED VALUE – The fair market value placed on personal and real property owned by taxpayers.

ASSETS – A probable future economic benefit obtained or controlled by a particular entity as a result of past transactions or events.

ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE – A portion of fund balance where limitations result from its intended use:

- Intended use established by highest level of decision making
- Intended use established by body designated for that purpose
- Intended use established by official designated for that purpose

AUDIT – A systematic collection of the sufficient, competent evidential matter needed to attest to the fairness of management's assertions in the financial statements or to evaluate whether management has efficiently and effectively carried out its responsibilities. The auditor obtains this evidential matter through inspections, observation, inquiries and confirmations with third parties.

AVAILABLE FUND BALANCE – The difference between fund assets and fund liabilities of governmental and proprietary fund types that is not reserved for specific purposes.

BALANCE BUDGET – An annual budget in which revenue anticipated is equal to or exceeds budgeted expenditures or an annual budget in which a portion of Fund Balance is approved for use to finance a specific capital project or program.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - A term referring to when revenues, expenditures, expenses and transfers (and the related assets and liabilities) are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Specifically, it relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the nature of the measurement, on either the cash or accrual method.

BOND – Most often, a written promise to pay a specified sum of money, called the par value or principal, at a specified date or dates in the future, called the maturity date(s), together with periodic interest at a specified rate. The difference between a note and bond is that the latter is issued for a longer period and requires greater legal formality.

BOND ORDINANCE – An ordinance authorizing a bond issue.

BUDGET – A plan of financial operation embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures for a given period of time and the proposed means of financing them. Sometimes the term "budget" designates the financial plan presented to the appropriating governing body for adoption and sometimes, the plan finally approved by that body.

BUDGETARY CONTROL – The control or management of a government or enterprise in accordance with an approved budget to keep expenditures within the limitations of available appropriations and available revenues.

BUDGET DOCUMENT – The official written statement prepared by the City's administrative staff to present a comprehensive financial program to the City Council. The first part provides overview information, together with a message from the budget-making authority and a summary of the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The second consists of schedules supporting the summary. These schedules show in detail the past year's actual revenues, expenditures, and other data used in making the estimates. The third part is composed of personnel and salary schedules, the chart of accounts and a glossary.

BUDGET MESSAGE – A general discussion of the proposed budget presented in writing by the budget-making authority to the City Council. The budget message contains an explanation of the principal budget items, an outline of the City's experience during the past period and its financial status at the time of the message and recommendations regarding the financial policy for the coming period.

BUDGET PROCESS – The schedule of key dates or milestones the City follows in the preparation and adoption of the budget.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN – A plan that identifies: (a) all capital improvements which are proposed to be undertaken during a five fiscal year period; (b) the cost estimate for each improvement; (c) method of financing each improvement; and (d) the recommended time schedule for each project.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECT – Construction, renovation or physical improvement projects are termed Capital Improvements or CIP's. This could be the construction of a new structure, the reconstruction of an existing structure or the renovation of a structure that extends its useful life. The cost of land acquisition, construction, renovation, demolition, equipment and studies are all included when calculating capital expenditures.

CAPITAL OUTLAY – Expenditures that result in the acquisition of items such as tools, desks, machinery and vehicles costing more than \$500 each having a useful life of more than one year and are not consumed through use are defined as capital items.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – Funds established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than propriety and trust funds).

COLLATERAL – Assets pledged to secure deposits, investments or loans.

COMPONENT UNIT – A separate government unit, agency, or nonprofit corporation that is combined with other component units to constitute the reporting entity in conformity with GAAP.

COMMITTED FUND BALANCE – Portion of fund balance that has self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the reporting period. These limitations are imposed at the highest level of decision making that requires formal action. To remove; the same level of decision making and formal action would be required.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (CAFR) – The official annual report of a government including: (a) the five combined financial statements in the combined statement overview and their related notes, (b) combining statements by fund type and individual fund, and (c) account group financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP and organized into a financial report pyramid. It also includes support schedules necessary to demonstrate

compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions, required supplementary information, extensive introductory material and detailed statistical sections.

CONTINGENCY – Those funds included in the budget for the purpose of providing a means to cover minor unexpected costs during the budget year.

CONTRACTUAL SERVICES – Items of expenditure from services the City receives primarily from an outside company.

CREDIT RISK – The risk that a counter-party to an investment transaction will not fulfill its obligations. Credit risk can be associated with the issuer of a security, with a financial institution holding deposits or with parties holding securities or collateral. Credit risk exposure can be affected by a concentration of deposits or investments in any one-investment type or with any one counter-party.

CURRENT YEAR OBJECTIVES – Specific tasks (i.e., often measurable) to be accomplished in the current fiscal year.

DEBT – An obligation resulting from the borrowing of money or from the purchase of goods and services. Debts of governments include bonds, time warrants and notes.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS – Funds established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest that resulted from the issuance of bonds.

DEFICIT – The excess of expenditures over revenues during an accounting period, or in the case of proprietary funds, the excess of expenses over revenues during an accounting period.

DEPARTMENT – The City Administration is divided into departments. While a department may refer to a single activity, it usually indicates a grouping of related activities.

DIVISION – A major organization unit within a department. Usually divisions are responsible for carrying out a major component of the department.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS – Contributions made by the City to designated funds to meet commitments or obligations for employee fringe benefits. Included are the Cities share of costs for various pension, medical, and life insurance plans.

ENCUMBRANCES – Commitments related to unperformed contracts, in the form of purchase orders or contracts, for goods or services. Used in budgeting, encumbrances are not expenditures or liabilities, but represent the estimated amount of expenditures that will result if unperformed contracts in process are completed.

ENTERPRISE FUND — A proprietary fund established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. In this case, the intent of the governing body is that the expenses, including depreciation, of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

ENTITY – (1) The basic unit upon which accounting and/or financial reporting activities focus. The basic governmental legal and account entity is the individual fund and account group. (2)

That combination of funds and account groups that constitutes the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes.

EXPENDITURE – Decrease in net financial resources. Expenditures include current operating expenses requiring the present or future use of net current assets, debt service and capital outlays, intergovernmental grants, entitlements and shared revenues.

EXPENSES – Outflows or other using up of assets or incurrence of liabilities (or a combination of both) from delivering or producing goods, rendering services, or carrying out other government units, and/or other funds.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES – The trust and agency funds used to account for assets held by a government unit in a trustee capacity or an agent for individual, private organizations, other government units, and/or other funds.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES – Cash and other assets that, in the normal course of operations, will become cash.

FISCAL YEAR – The twelve-month period to which the annual operating budget applies and at the end of which a government determines the financial position and results of its operations. The City's fiscal year extends from July 1 to the following June 30.

FIXED ASSETS – Long-lived tangible assets obtained or controlled as a result of past transaction, events or circumstances. Fixed assets include buildings, equipment, and improvements other than building and land.

FUND – A fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts in which cash and /or other financial resources, all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein are recorded and segregated to carry on specific activities or attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

FUND BALANCE – Excess of an entity's assets over its liabilities.

FUND BALANCE APPROPRIATED – The amount of fund balance budgeted as a revenue source.

FUND CATEGORIES – Funds used in governmental accounting are classified into three broad categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

FUND TYPE – The three broad fund categories of governmental accounting are subdivided into seven fund types. The seven types are general, special revenue, debt services, capital projects, enterprises, internal service and trust and agency.

GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (GASB) – An organization whose main purpose is to improve and create accounting reporting standards or generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These standards make it easier for users to understand and use the financial records of both state and local governments.

GENERAL FUND – A type of governmental fund used to account for revenues and expenditures for regular day-to-day operations of the City, which are not accounted for in specific purpose funds. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are local taxes and federal and state revenues.

GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPALS (GAAP) – Uniform minimum standards and guidelines for financial accounting and reporting. They govern the form and content of the financial statements of an entity. GAAP encompass the conventions, rules and procedures necessary to define accepted accounting practice at a particular time. They include not only broad guidelines of general applications, but also detailed practices and procedures. GAAP provide a standard by which to measure financial presentations.

GENERAL OBJECTIVES – General activities to be accomplished or performed which have the characteristic of being able to be controlled or affected by management decisions and direction.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – Bonds that are backed by the full faith and credit of government; i.e., the government's general taxing power, to the repayment of the bonds it issues, then those bonds are general obligation (GO) bonds. Sometimes, the term is also used to refer to bonds that are to be repaid from taxes and other general revenues. A GO bond is typically used for long-term financing of capital projects and represents a written promise to pay to the bond purchaser a specified sum of money at a specified future date along with periodic interest paid at a specified interest percentage.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES – Funds used to account for the acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities, except those accounted for in the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Under current GAAP, there are four governmental fund types: general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects.

GRANTS – Contributions or gifts of cash or other assets from another government or other organization to be used for a specified purpose, activity or facility. Typically, these contributions are made to local governments from the state and federal governments.

INTERFUND TRANSFERS – Amounts transferred from one fund to another fund. This includes reimbursements, residual equity transfers and operating transfers.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES – Revenues from other governments in the form of grants, entitlements, shared revenues or payments in lieu of taxes.

INVESTMENT – Securities held for the production of income in the form of interest in compliance with the policies set out by the City's Code of Ordinances.

LAPSE – As applied to appropriations, the automatic termination of an appropriation. Except for indeterminate appropriations and continuing appropriations, an appropriation is made for a certain period of time.

LEVY – To impose taxes, special assessments, or service charges for the support of government activities. Also used to denote the total amount of taxes, special assessments, or service charges imposed by a government.

LIABILITIES – Debt or other legal obligations arising from present obligations of a particular entity, to transfer assets or provide services to other entities in the future as a result of past transactions or events.

MAJOR FUND – A governmental fund or enterprise fund reported as a separate column on the basic fund financial statements. The general fund is always a major fund. Otherwise, major fund are funds whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets or liabilities are at least 10 percent of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5 percent of the aggregate amount for all government and enterprise funds for the same item. Any other government or enterprise fund may be reported as a major fund if the government's officials believe that the fund is particularly important to financial statement users.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS – The accounting convention that determines (1) which assets and which liabilities are included on a government's balance sheet and where they are reported and (2) whether an operating statement presents information on the flow of financial resources (revenues and expenditures) or information on the flow of economic resources (revenue and expenses).

MIL - A measure of the rate of property taxation, representing one one-thousandth of a dollar of assessed value.

MILAGE RATE – The tax rate on property, based on mil(s). A rate of 1 mil applied to a taxable value of \$100,000 would yield \$100 in taxes.

MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING — A basis of accounting in which revenues and other financial resources are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, that is when they are both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period". "Available" means collectable in the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized when the fund liability is incurred except for (1) inventories of materials and supplies that may be considered expenditures either when purchased or when used and (2) prepaid insurance and similar items that may be considered expenditures either when paid for or when consumed. All governmental funds, expendable trust funds and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NON-DEPARTMENTAL – Refers to a group of governmental activities, which are not associated with and cannot be allocated to any particular department.

NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCE – A portion of fund balance that is inherently non-spendable:

- Portion of net resources cannot be spent because of their form
- Portion of net resources that cannot be spent because they must be maintained intact.

OBLIGATIONS – Amounts a government may be required legally to meet out of its resources. They include not only actual liabilities, but also unliquidated encumbrances.

OPERATING BUDGET – Plans of current expenditures and the proposed means of financing them. The annual operating budget is the primary means by which most of the financing, acquisition, spending and service delivery activities of a government are controlled. The use of annual operating budgets is usually required by law. Annual operating budgets are essential to sound financial management and should be adopted by every government.

OPERATING TRANSFERS – All inter-fund transfers other than residual equity transfers.

ORDINANCE – A formal legislative enactment by the legislative body which, if not in conflict with any highest form of law, has the full force and effect of law within the boundaries of the municipality to which it applies. The difference between an ordinance and a resolution is that the latter requires less legal formality and has a lower legal status. Revenue raising measures, such as the imposition of taxes, special assessments and service charges, universally require ordinances.

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES – Governmental funds, general long-term debt proceeds, land lease payments, land sale payments, proceeds from the sale of fixed assets, operating transfers-in, service charges and fees for governmental services.

OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITY – The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a government department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other organization in a government unit's reporting entity for general purpose financial reports. Oversight responsibility is derived from the government unit's power and includes, but is not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

PERFORMANCE MEASURES – Specific quantitative productivity measures of work performed within an activity or program. Also, a specific quantitative measure of results obtained through a program or activity.

PERSONNEL SERVICES – Items of expenditures in the operating budget for salaries and wages performed by City employees, including employee benefit costs such as the Cities contribution for retirement, health and life insurance.

PROGRAM – An organized set of related work activities, which are directed toward a common purpose or goal and represent a well-defined expenditure of City resources.

PROGRAM BUDGET – A budget which structures budget choices and information in terms of programs and their related activities (i.e. repairing roads, treating water, etc), provides information on what each program is committed to accomplish in the long run (goals) and in the short run (objectives) and measures the degree of achievement of program objectives (performance measures).

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION – A program description describes the function of the program, the various activities involved in the program and other pertinent information about the program. It answers the question, "what does this program do?"

PROGRAM GOAL – A program goal is a general statement on the intended effect or purpose of the program's activities. It includes terms such as to provide (a service), to supply (a given need), to control, reduce, or eliminate (an occurrence), to maintain (standards), or to maximize (quality). A goal is not limited to a one-year time frame and should generally not change from year to year. A goal statement describes essential reason for the program's existence.

PROGRAM OBJECTIVE – Objectives are statements of the intended beneficial and/or tangible effects of a program's activities. They are measurable and related to the proposed budget year. They are specific targets toward which a manager can plan, schedule work activities and make

staff assignments. Objectives should quantifiably be addressed in terms such as: to increase an activity, to maintain a service level, to reduce the incidence, or to eliminate a problem.

PROPERTY TAX – A tax levied on the assessed value of property.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS – A type of fund that accounts for governmental operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The only proprietary fund type used by the City is the enterprise funds.

PURCHASE ORDER – A document authorizing the delivery of specified merchandise or the rendering of certain services for a stated, estimated price. Outstanding purchase orders at the end of a fiscal year are called encumbrances.

RESERVE FOR WORKING CAPITAL – A portion of the general fund balance set aside to provide the necessary cash flow to fund the day to day operations of the City. This reserve is not available for appropriation.

RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE – A portion of fund balance that has externally enforceable limitations on use though:

- Limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulation of other governments
- Limitations imposed by law though constitutional provisions or enabling legislation

RESOLUTION – A special or temporary order of a legislative body; an order of a legislative body requiring less legal formality than an ordinance or statute.

RETAINED EARNINGS – An equity account reflecting the accumulated earnings of an enterprise or internal service fund.

REVENUE – Increases in the net current assets of a governmental type other than expenditure refunds and residual equity transfers. General long-term debt proceeds and operating transfers-in are classified as "other financing sources" rather than revenues. Increases in the net total assets of a proprietary fund type other than expense refunds, capital contributions and residual equity transfers. Operating transfers, as in governmental fund types, are classified separately from revenues.

RISK – In the context of insurance, defined variously as uncertainty of loss, change of loss or variance of actual from expected results. Also, the subject matter of an insurance contract (e.g., the insured property or liability exposure).

SALES TAX – State legislation allows local governments to levy a sales tax on retail sales, rentals and services activities in its jurisdiction. The City's current rate is 2.5%.

SINGLE AUDIT – An audit performed in accordance with the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-128, Audits of State and Local Governments. The Single Audit Act allows or requires governments (depending on the amount of federal assistance received) to have one audit performed to meet the needs of all federal grantor agencies.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – A fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

TAX LEVY – The total dollar amount of tax that optimally should be collected based on tax rates and assessed values of personal and real properties.

TAX RATE – The level at which taxes are levied. For example, a property tax rate may be proposed to be \$0.12 per \$100 of assessed value.

TAX ROLL – The official list showing the amount of taxes levied against each taxpayer or property. Frequently, the tax roll and the assessment roll are combined, but even in these cases the two can be distinguished.

ACRONYMS

A

AAMC Alaska Association of Municipal Clerks

ADA American Disability Act

ADEC Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation
AGFOA Alaska Government Finance Officers Association
AKDOT/PF Alaska Department of Transportation/Public Facilities

ALPAR Alaskans for Litter Prevention and Recycling

AML Alaska Municipal League
APC Advisory Planning Commission

AVO Absentee Voting Office

 $\overline{\mathbf{c}}$

CAFR Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CEDD Community and Economic Development Division

CIP Capital Improvement Project

CMMSC Curtis D. Menard Memorial Sports Center

E

EDD Economic Development District
EOC Emergency Operation Center
EPA Environmental Protection Agency

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

FTE Full-time Equivalent

FY Fiscal Year

G

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principals
GAAS Generally Accepted Auditing Standards
GFOA Government Finance Officers Association
GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board

GO General Obligation

ACRONYMS

I

ICS Incident Command System IMT Incident management Team

IFB Invitation for Bid

IIMC International Institute of Municipal Clerks

ITB Invitation to Bid

M

Mil Millage

MIS Management Information Systems
MSB Matanuska Susitna Borough

MSYC Mat-Su Youth Court

P

PERS Public Employees Retirement System

PW Public Works

R

RFI Request for Information RFP Request for Proposals

ROW Right-of-Way

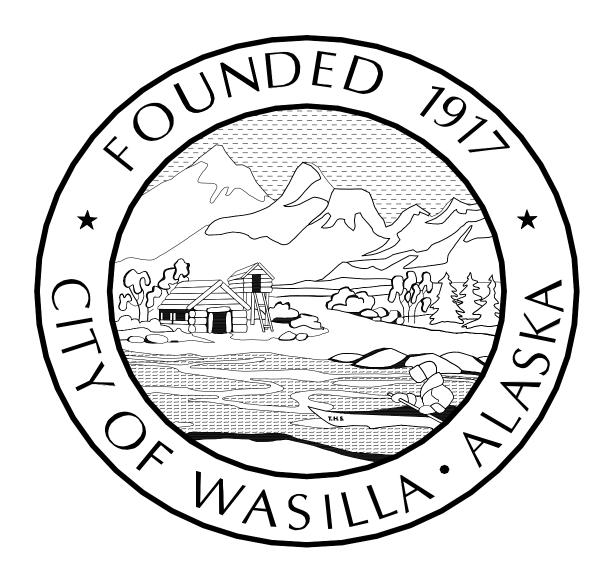
<u>S</u>

SBA Small Business Administration SBS Supplemental Benefits System

SOA State of Alaska

W

WMC Wasilla Municipal Code



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